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I AM INNOCENT

Wm. Brady's Pitiful Appeal to Judge Edmunds.

Begs That He Be Given Another Chance to Clear Himself.

GIVEN TEN YEARS IN THE PENITENTIARY FOR ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.

The Charge Against Him Was Entering the Saloon at 2201 North Broadway—Identified by the Barkeeper—His Defense Was an Alibi.

"Judge, your honor, if you don't do it for my sake, give me a show for the sake of my poor baby. It is not I who will have to suffer alone, but my wife and baby. Judge, I am innocent. If I was to die the next minute I would hold up my hands before God and declare that I am innocent."

These words were uttered by William Brady to-day as he stood before the bar in the Criminal Court, where he was brought to be sentenced to ten years in the Penitentiary for attempted highway robbery. Tears rolled down Brady's cheeks as he addressed the court and his whole form worked in emotion.

CONVICTED OF ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.

Brady was convicted March 20 by a jury, of being one of two men, who attempted to rob a barkeeper in North St. Louis, on Jan. 30 last. It was on Saturday night. Two men entered a saloon at 2201 North Broadway and attempted to hold up the barkeeper, a young man named Ben Loeddeke. The barkeeper drew a gun and fired a shot at the would-be safe robbers, who returned the fire. The highwaymen left without securing any money. A few days after Brady was arrested on suspicion. He maintained from the moment of his arrest that he was innocent. At the trial of the case testimony was offered showing that he was elsewhere about the time of the attempted robbery, but the witnesses could not testify as to the exact time. The barkeeper identified Brady as one of the men who had robbed him. According to Brady's alibi story he moved on the day of the robbery. His wife and child stopped with her sister that night. There was no room for him and he went to a lodging-house. From his parting from his wife until he retired at the lodging-house he was seen by different persons under circumstances indicating that he had gone directly after leaving his wife to a restaurant and ate his supper and then went to bed in a lodging house at Eighteenth and Wash street. The witnesses, however, could not positively locate him at the time when the barkeeper said that the attempted robbery occurred.

Brady insisted on a quick trial. He was offered two years in the penitentiary if he would plead guilty, but stated, but he refused to accept it. His attorney, Louis A. McGinnis, said to-day that at the trial of the case, after the State's evidence was heard and before any evidence for the defense had been introduced that Circuit Attorney Zachritz offered Brady two years, but he refused to accept it. Brady lived when arrested in the vicinity of Twenty-third and Biddle streets.

JUDGE EDMUNDS SENTENCED HIM.

Every one in the court-room was moved by the picture presented by Brady to-day. He implored the Court to allow him to have another trial and give him another chance to prove his innocence. He claimed not to know anything about the robbery. Circuit Attorney Zachritz was not present to-day, and Assistant Circuit Attorney Bishop told the court that he did not know anything about the case. After conferring with Mr. Bishop Judge Edmunds told Brady that he did not believe his story and sentenced him according to the verdict.

"O, my poor wife and baby!" cried Brady as he was led back to the cage. "What will become of them? There is no justice here."

Turning as he reached the door of the court-room he addressed Judge Edmunds with uplifted hand and called out in a tragic tone: "But a day will come when you will be judged as you have judged me to-day!"

He was then locked up in the cage, where he could not be prevented by the deputy sheriffs from crying out. He was led downstairs to the jail handcuffed to another prisoner in a state of almost collapse, and had to be supported at times by the deputies.

Attorney McGinnis said that he was going to present the case to the Governor. The police have no record of Brady having been in trouble before, but it was rumored that he had been. Mr. McGinnis said that he thought that Brady was a tobacco worker, but was out of employment at the time that he was arrested.

AFTER KEEN.

Warrants for the Arrest of the Harlem River Bank Bookkeeper.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Bookkeeper J. J. Keen, late of Harlem River Bank, has not yet been found by the officers who have warrants for his arrest for an alleged theft of from $20,000 to $30,000 of the bank's money.

The exact amount of the shortage cannot be stated until all of the 1,100 pass-books have been examined. About 900 have so far been presented. The examiners have a theory that either depositors or one of the employes of the bank must have been in collusion with Keen in order to enable him to successfully falsify accounts.

Senator Lexow, counsel for the receiver, said that no director or stockholder was suspected as being implicated. This was taken to mean that depositors and shareholders might be implicated. Receiver Sickles refused to give the names of the depositors in whose books the errors appeared.

Later, it was said at the receiver's office that they had been informed that the missing book-keeper had been married within a month.

It was also stated authoritatively that no warrants for the officers or directors of the bank would be asked for to-day. If any farther warrants are issued they will be for employes not officers.

It has been ascertained that book-keeper Keen left town Wednesday night, telling the people with whom they boarded that they would be gone only a few days. They took no baggage, but one small hand satchel.

ACCOMPLICE OF THE TAYLORS.

Charge Against Alva Ross, on Trial at Linneus.

LINNEUS, Mo., May 19.—Alva Ross, a young man who was recently brought from Oklahoma and jailed here on a charge of being an accomplice of the Taylors in the burning of Gibson's lumber yard at Browning, was given a hearing yesterday before Judge Bowyer. The evidence was strong against him so he was bound over under bond of $1,200 and jailed again in default of bond.

LOHRUM EXPLAINS

How Three Crooks Got Out of the Work-House.

ALLOWED TO PUT IN DOUBLE TIME TO SHORTEN THEIR SENTENCE.

Chief Harrigan's Demand for an Investigation—The Law Looked Up—President McMath of the B. P. I. Gives His Views—Records of the Men.

The clerks in the office of the President of the Board of Public Improvements have been unable, after diligent search, to find the alleged order of the board upon which Supt. John C. Lohrum released three pickpockets from the Work-house. The release of these prisoners was noted by the Chief of Police, who knowing that the fines of the men, $800 each, should have kept them in confinement and at hard labor for at least six months, asked the Mayor whether he had released them, and the latter, having taken no such action, requested the Board of Public Improvement to institute an investigation. Members of the board visited the Work-house yesterday and put Supt. Lohrum through a course of questioning, without receiving any information that the men referred to had been legally released. This morning Mr. Lohrum's official report to the Mayor on this matter reached the City Hall. It is as follows:

LOHRUM'S REPORT.

WORK-HOUSE, St. Louis, May 16, 1894.

Hon. C. P. Walbridge, Mayor:

SIR—In reply to communication of the 15th inst., relative to the release of Patrick McNichols, Martin Spellman and John Hardy, fined $800 Jan. 31, 1894, and committed to this institution, I wish to inform your honor that the above-named prisoners were released May 10, 1894, on expiration of three months and eleven days actual time of servitude from Jan. 31, 1894. Each of the above named prisoners being entitled to ninety odd days' overtime (as per report of macadam foreman in charge), made breaking macadam in the quarry from Feb. 20 to May 10, 1894, allowing one day overtime for every fifty feet broken over the regular task of fifty cubic feet exacted from prisoners physically able to perform same.

Sec. 1762 of the Revised Ordinance of the city of St. Louis provides that all prisoners required to work before sunrise or after sunset shall be allowed extra pay at the rate of 15 cents per hour. On recommendation of the Superintendent of the Work-house, some years ago, the plan of breaking macadam by prisoners for overtime work was suggested to the honorable Board of Public Improvements, allowing one day for every 50 cubic feet of macadam broken over 50 cubic feet for each day's work, in accordance with sec. 1762 of the revised ordinance; and the Superintendent was ordered by the honorable board to adopt the same, which custom has been in vogue since; and the above named prisoners were released under the usual custom. Trusting that I have done my duty in releasing the above named, I have the honor to remain, very respectfully yours,

JOHN C. LOHRUM,
Superintendent Work-house,
Per John J. Denehey, Clerk.

Sec. 1,762, to which Mr. Lohrum refers, reads:

That the Superintendent shall keep all persons committed to the Work-house at such useful and profitable labor as their health and strength will permit, ten hours each day; but no prisoner shall be required to work before sunrise or after sunset, except in extraordinary cases, and then he shall be allowed extra pay at the rate of 15 cents per hour."

M'MATH'S VIEWS.

President McMath stated that his best information is that the 15 cents per hour extra time was originally allowed for the benefit of prisoners acting as teamsters, who were obliged to turn out before the regular gangs and to remain out after the others had retired; and that it was not intended to apply to those prisoners engaged in the regular tasks of the prison. Col. McMath said also that only the macadam breakers, of all the working prisoners, were allowed the opportunity to "gain time," and if a prisoner was employed in the quarry or in the grading gang he simply worked so many days of ten hours each, or so much of ten hours as could be covered by the solar day. He did not think that the provisions of section 1780 of the Revised Ordinances, which gives the board power to offer rewards for good behavior, was made for any other purpose than to enable a prisoner to shorten his term of service. As for the task of the macadam breakers, Mr. McMath averred that an ablebodied man could perform the stint of 50 cubic feet in four hours, and that if allowed to put in the full ten hours could add an extra day and a half for each period, although the men working on the roads and in the quarries could get credit for but one day in each ten hours. Therefore, Mr. McMath argued, assignment to the macadam pile could really be taken as a mark of favoritism. The fact was that a wide latitude in the assignment of prisoners was properly the subject for rigid investigation. The members of the Board of Public Improvements who visited the Work-house yesterday had asked for a copy of the alleged order under which Lohrum had released the three pickpockets, but it could not be produced.

This morning, however, the secretary of the board found that on June 21, 1881, the proposition submitted by the Superintendent of the Work-house on June 16, 1881, was approved, allowing the breaking of fifty cubic feet of macadam to constitue a day's work. But there is nothing in the order authorizing the Superintendent of the Work-house to give prsoners working on macadam contracts the right to get in two and one-half days' time in one day; and it is not believed that such was the intent of the order, in view of the fact that prisoners engaged upon no other class of work are given credit for more than one day for each ten hours' consecutive labor. But this is not the most remarkable thing connected with the release of these prisoners.

The allowance of prisoners who are serving out fines is 50 cents a day, with 30 cents deducted for board, being a net credit of $1 for every five days. According to this plan, each of the three men would have been called on for 2,500 days' service, and it would have taken each of them 1,000 days to serve out his fine if he had cracked macadam, rain or shine, at the rate of 225 cubic feet, or two and one-half days' tasks, in each working day. Therefore the plan under which they were released in three months and eleven days is still unexplained.

WHO THE MEN ARE.

In Chief of Police Harrigan's office it was stated that the persons in question are three expert pickpockets, who were convicted of robbing persons in attendance at a funeral at St. Lawrence O'Toole's church and who were also charged with "working" the crowd at the house of mourning.

"When these men were fined $800 each we certainly expected that they would be kept in confinement for six months, and were amazed when we learned that they had been released in little more than three months. The very reason they were given such heavy sentences was to keep them from preying upon the public."

Attention has been called to a remarkable condition of affairs predicated upon the commitment of persons to either of two classes at the Work-house. Persons sent from either of the State courts for specified terms, say three months, cannot be released until the full term shall have been served, and they have simply to put in so many days' labor. If they are sick, or are hindered from working by the inclemency of the weather, they are allowed their time just the same, but their board is charged to them at the rate of 30 cents a day. The prisoners who go down on fines, however, must work them out, whatever they amount to, at 50 cents a day until they have served six months; and under the order above referred to they can, if assigned to the macadam pile, get in two and one-half days in one. Now, it is pointed out, there is nothing in the world to prevent the assignment of any number of the fixed-time convicts to the macadam pile and the crediting of their aggregate work to the term of any one or more prisoners who are working out fines by tasks of 50 cubic feet of macadam for each day's work. And, no matter how the investigation of this present case shall end, the latitude allowed the Superintendent in this respect, it is in a fair way to be curtailed.

FORGED DOCUMENT.

Certificate of Inspection on Which Suit Is Brought.

Suit for $2,080 damages was brought yesterday against Chief Grain Inspector Joseph M. Shea in the Circuit Court. The plaintiff is the firm W. R. Mumford & Co. of Chicago, represented by Attorneys Hoff and Van Valkenburgh of Kansas City. The complaint is based on the following statements:

That on Feb. 17 Inspector O'Shea, through Deputy H. Abraham, in Kansas City, issued certificates of inspection for eight cars of wheat which J. D. Richland claimed to have on the Kansas City Belt Line in Rock Island cars. The Mumford company cashed a draft for $2,080 which J. D. Richland & Co. presented. They never secured the grain and charge that it was never inspected at all.

The plaintiff accordingly seeks to recover of Mr. O'Shea or his bondsmen. The bond is $50,000. The sureties are John B. O'Meara, E. S. Kenna, John O'Day, A. A. Vitt, John Mueller, Herman Wiesel, Charles Reinhard and A. H. Bolte.

SAYS IT IS A FORGERY.

Inspector O'Shea was found at the office in the Rialto Building this morning. He divined the purpose of the call and did not wait for questions. "There is nothing in it," he said smilingly. "The certificates are forgeries. But this paper will tell the whole story," and he handed the reporter the following type-written statement:

A swindling concern sailing under the name of J. D. Richland Grain Co. Kansas City, Mo., systematically robbed a number of commission houses in St. Louis, as well as in Chicago and elsewhere, last February. Their manner of procedure was for a pretext to make an actual shipment of grain to various parties in the usual manner of transacting such business. They would draw against the shipment, accompanying the draft with the bill of lading and certificate of inspection. This transaction proving regular in every respect, gained for J. D. Richland Grain Co. the confidence of their consignees, who thereupon story commenced their swindling operations by drawing on the same parties for grain purporting to have been shipped as evidenced by forged bills of lading and forged inspection certificates. Capt. Wm. M. Price, lately of St. Louis, was then and is now in full charge of the State grain inspection office at Kansas City, Mo. Certificates of inspection are simply an evidence of grade used only as a basis of settlement between the buyer and the seller, and are never issued out of any office in this department until the report of the Assistant Grain Inspector has been received and filed in his respective office. In this case there was no inspection of grain reported by the inspector, nor were there any certificates of inspection issued from that or any other office in this department. The certificate of inspection as well as the bills of lading accompanying the drafts covering the fraudulent shipments are forgeries. The firm of J. D. Richland Grain Co. suddenly disappeared after cashing their drafts on the fraudulent shipments, and the Board of Trade of Kansas City has offered a large reward for their apprehension and arrest.

Inspector O'Shea called attention to the fact that the words "Belt Line" in the certificates were stamped while no such stamp had ever been used in the Kansas City office or elsewhere. The lithographed signature of Inspector O'Shea is attested by the signature in writing of Deputy F. H. Abraham of the Kansas City office, which Mr. O'Shea claims is a forgery. He further said there is a record of every certificate issued and every inspection, and that no such records are to be found in Kansas City.

He could not account for the forgery, whether a new plate was struck by Richland & Co. or the blanks stolen.

The certificates are merely to attest the grade of grain. The prima facie evidence of the presence of the grain was the bill of lading.

OTHER HOUSES SUFFERED.

As a number of St. Louis and Chicago houses suffered from similar transactions to that complained of by Mumford & Co., Inspector O'Shea and his bondsmen would probably have their hands full should this suit be successful. However, he believes it will give him no trouble whatever.

THE BLANKS GENUINE.

Vice-President Daniel P. Byrne of the Redmond Cleary Commission Co. said they lost over $600 and would probably wait the issue of the suit brought by Mumford & Co.

Wm. Byrne said the bills of lading were undoubtedly forgeries and very clever ones, but the stamp used was not exactly correct. All grain bills of lading in Kansas City pass through the joint agent's hands and are stamped at his office.

"While the bills of lading are manifest forgeries," he added, "the certificates of inspection that strengthen them are confessedly genuine. Inspector O'Shea told Mr. Cleary the blanks were all right. He said they were kept locked up like other valuable papers, and he could not account for their use by the swindlers. What figure the forgery of Deputy Abraham's signature would cut, remains for the courts to decide. Of course it is not impossible that some clerk at Kansas City assisted the sharpers.

"All very proper subjects for legal determination."

Armstrong & Smith also lost about $500 or $600, and other parties in St. Louis to the amount of from $2,000 to $2,500. A Memphis (Tenn.) grain firm is said to have lost $5,000 and the Chicago losses were sufficient to make a grand total of, it is believed, fully $30,000.

While grain certificates are usually not attached to a bill of lading, they are generally recognized as strengthening evidence. Bills of lading blanks are accessible to everybody, but not blank certificates of inspection with the lithographed signature of Inspector O'Shea.

Unable to Agree.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 19.—The jury in the trial of M. A. Spurr, President of the defunct Commercial National Bank, which has been in progress in the Federal Court here for the past week, reported this morning that they were unable to agree. Spurr is charged with misappropriating bank funds for private speculation. The action of the jury was a surprise, in that Judge Sage's charge was supposed to instruct them to acquit. The jury has not been discharged and will be held till Monday if a verdict is not reached.

A Family Quarrel.

Julius Woeber, a pleasant-looking blonde-haired young man, was on trial before Judge Paxson this morning charged with disturbing the peace of his pretty 18-year-old sister, Rosie Woeber. The evidence showed that Julius and Rosie had quarreled Thursday morning of last week while she was at dinner. She testified that he called her vile names, and that when she went up stairs to tell her mother, who was sick in bed, about it, he struck her. He denied striking her and said she applied opprobrious epithets to him. The Judge warned Julius not to be so rough to his sister, but he discharged the defendant, deciding that it was only a family quarrel.

WAS DESPONDENT.

Carl Schiermeyer Cuts His Throat and Wrists.

HAD BLED TO DEATH WHEN HE WAS DISCOVERED.

Was Out of Work and in Debt to His Boarding Boss—Nellie Morris' Attempt to Commit Suicide Was Caused by a Quarrel She Had With Her Lover.

Carl Schiermeyer, a carpenter, 40 years of age and unmarried, was found dead in bed at 10 o'clock this morning at his boarding-house, No. 1913 North Fifteenth street. His throat and both his wrists were cut and a bloody razor found in the room told how he had inflicted the wounds. Schiermeyer had been out of work for some time and his suicide was due to despondency. Mrs. Godejoha nn with whom he boarded, and her child found the body.

Schiermeyer retired as usual last night. This morning he did not appear for breakfast and at 9 o'clock Mrs. Godejohann sent one of her boarders, Henry Sudhoff, up to his room to find out what was the matter. Sudhoff pounded on the door, which was locked, and called out the carpenter's name, but received no response. Finally he concluded that the man was still asleep, and not caring to disturb him, went away.

At 10 o'clock Schiermeyer had not yet appeared and his landlady kept wondering what could detain him so long in his room. She spoke about it so often that the children in the house decided to investigate.

Schiermeyer's room was in the rear of the house on the second floor, and the window looked out over the roof of a one-story building adjoining. By climbing on this roof one could easily see into the room. The children decided to do this. Little Emma Godejohann, the daughter of the boarding-house keeper, Lydia Drake, a young girl working at the house, and August Ostermann, a young man stopping there, got up on the roof and went to the window. The window was open, but the wooden shutters were closed.

Only by peering through the slats could anything be seen. Miss Drake put her eye to one of the openings and saw in the semi-darkness the form of the carpenter lying on the bed. There was a splash of blood on the forehead.

She screamed, and in a great state of excitement they all climbed down below and told what they had seen. Word was sent to the Fourth District Police Station, and several officers, in charge of Sergt. Pickle, went to the house.

The door was broken in and there on the bed lay Schiermeyer, dead. A ghastly hole was in his neck. He had taken his razor and literally cut a chunk out of his throat so that the back part of the neck could be seen. The hole was large enough to insert one's fist. Both the wrists had also been deeply slashed. The bloody razor lay on the bed, the clothes of which were stained and clotted with blood. The man's face was calm and he did not appear to have suffered much in dying.

The dead wagon was called and the body removed to the Morgue.

Nothing of value was found in the room, save a cheap silver watch. Schiermeyer had been out of work since last November, with the exception of a few days. He had no money. He owed his landlord $135 for board, and he had been trying to get him out of the house for some time. He had been so despondent for the past few months that none of the neighbors were surprised at his deed.

Mrs. Louis Knackstedt of 813 Howard street is a sister of Schiermeyer's. Her husband is a well-to-do wagon-maker. Mrs. Godejohann said that she had often told the dead man to go to her for help, but that he had said she would help him no more.

A QUARREL WITH HER LOVER

The Real Reason of Nellie Morris' Attempt on Her Life.

A lovers' quarrel seems to have been the prompting motive in the attempt at suicide made by Nellie Morris last Thursday night The girl's life has not been a happy one, more than the usual amount of this world's sorrow having fallen to her lot. Although she is but 20 years of age she has been married and is now securing a divorce. Her latest trouble she refuses to discuss, but she does not deny that the quarrel with her sweetheart caused her to wish for death.

She married a man named Lee Leveck in Lidgefied, Ill., in July, 1892, but left him in a few months and went to live with her brother, George Morris, in Mt. Vernon. Three months ago she left there and came to St. Louis to earn her living. She went to board at 1735 Morgan street with a Mrs. Stillman.

While here she met George Ries, a printer. The two became very much attached and according to the girl's story he wished her to engage herself to marry him but she says she declined. A week ago last Friday they quarreled and she has not seen him since.

Last Thursday afternoon she purchased a dime's worth of laudanum and went down town. She drank the drug on Broadway and returned home to die. She suffered in silence until 9 o'clock at night when, death not having come to her relief, she confessed what she had done and medical attendance saved her life.

She was well enough this morning to tell her own story, but she carefully avoided giving the cause of her deed. She told of the quarrel with Ries and when asked if this did not furnish the motive, simply, replied:

"I did not say so."

She would neither affirm or deny it.

From the way she talked to-day it looked as though she might try to take her life again and that very soon.

"It will not be by poison the next time," she said. "Water is surer. What do I care for life? Not that," and she snapped her fingers defiantly.

"And the next world?" suggested the reporter.

"It matters little to me where I go," she replied, "whether it be to hell or heaven. If I don't go to heaven I won't be the first one who hasn't. As long as I'm on earth I try to live respectably and earn an honest living. When it becomes too hard to bear I'll simply leave and trust to God."

A woman's pride showed in the girl to the end. As the reporter was leaving she asked that her husband's name be not mentioned.

"For then he'll think," she said "that I did this on his account and I would not give him that satisfaction for the world."

Rev. Martin's Visit.

Rev. Alfred W. Martin of the First Free Church of Tacoma, Wash., is in the city en route to Chicago to attend the American Congress of Liberal Societies which is to be held there during the coming week. He will occupy the pulpit of the Non-Secretarian Church to-morrow morning. Mr. Martin is a recognized leader of the Liberal movement and his church is one of the pioneers in the new departure from denominationalism.

Had a Fit.

Walter Miles, who was arrested by Officer Regan at Eighth and Carr streets yesterday for being drunk on the streets, took a fit while waiting a hearing in the Second District Police Court this morning and created considerable consternation in the "cage" by falling to the floor and rolling about in agony. He recovered after a while and the case against him was nolle prossed.

A HARD TANGLE

United States, Great Britain and Nicaragua Mixed Up.

The Situation at Bluefields Assuming a Grave Aspect.

THE ESCAPE OF ASSASSIN ARGUELLAS CAUSING AN INTERNATIONAL ROW.

The Restoration of King Clarence to the Mosquito Throne by England—Capt. Watson and Minister Baker Ordered to Investigate—State and Navy Officials Greatly Disturbed—Reprisals Threatened.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—The officials of the State and Navy Departments are greatly disturbed by the latest news from Bluefields. Official advices and press dispatches come in to show a very serious state of affairs, involving the relations of the United States, not only with Nicaragua and the Mosquito Indians, but with Great Britain. Disquieting reports have been received describing the escape of Arguellas, the murderer of the American, Wilson, and the reinstatement of the Mosquito Chief Clarence by the commander of the British man-of-war Magicienne, and the British Consul is quoted as asserting a principle with regard to Great Britain's right to interfere with the affairs of Nicaragua that the United States must vigorously oppose.

A DISPATCH FROM WATSON.

The following brief dispatch was received at the Navy Department this afternoon from Capt. Watson of the San Francisco, probably written on the 11th inst., though bearing no date, having been forwarded to New Orleans by steamer and thence by telegraph:

Arguellas escaped. I send this by steamer to New Orleans. WATSON.

This official dispatch, confirming the story of the escape of Arguellas, caused great concern in Administration circles. Arguellas, who is Governor of Rama, shot and killed William Wilson, an American citizen, under circumstances which mark the crime as peculiarly atrocious. President Cleveland promptly instructed Minister Baker to demand the arrest and confinement of Arguellas and his trial at the earliest possible date.

ARGUELLAS FAVORED.

Minister Baker laid the President's demand before the Nicaraguan authorities, but, in spite of his best efforts, he did not succeed in accomplishing anything until after the arrival of Capt. Watson in the San Francisco. Then President Zelaya reluctantly deposed Arguellas from his position, but did not confine him in prison until it was reported in Bluefields that another cruiser had been sent to enforce the President's demands.

It is now less than a week since the State Department received a dispatch from Minister Baker announcing that Arguellas had been confined, and that the Nicaraguan Government had pledged itself to see that he was promptly tried.

THE ASSASSIN'S ESCAPE.

Following upon these events, comes the story of Arguellas' escape on May 9, which shows that before the receipt of Minister Baker's re-assuring dispatch, the criminal was already at large. Owing to the peculiar circumstances surrounding the case, the officials of the Administration are unable to conceal their conviction that the escape of Arguellas has been connived at by the Nicaraguan authorities, and that in it they have attempted to find a loop-hole out of the uncomfortable position in which they were placed by the vigorous measures taken by the Navy Department to bring Arguellas to trial.

INSTRUCTIONS TO WATSON AND BAKER.

Promptly upon the receipt of Capt. Watson's dispatch to-day Acting Secretary McAdoo took a copy of it over to the State Department and had a half hour's conference with Acting Secretary Uhl. It was decided to instruct Capt. Watson and Minister Baker to investigate the circumstances under Arguellas escaped and to notify the department at once. If it is shown that the Nicaraguan authorities assisted Arguellas in his flight drastic measures will be promptly adopted to bring both the offenders and their Government to book, even to the extent of making reprisals upon Nicaragua.

BRITISH ACTION.

The complication which disturbs the Administration even more than the Arguellas affair is the action reported to have been taken by Capt. Clark of the British man-of-war Magicienne, who is said to have landed from his ship with Robert Henry Clarence, the Mosquito King, who was put in possession of his property in Bluefields in such a manner as to indicate that the English intended it as a formal restoration to his full rights as ruler of the reservation. This report is accompanied by an assertion of the British Consul that the treaty of Managua would be upheld by Great Britain at any cost. These occurrences appear to have taken place just before Capt. Watson sailed for Greytown, where he went on the 11th to convey United States Consul Braida to his post. The reservation was in fact left without protection for several days, for upon the morning of the 14th inst. the cruiser New York had not arrived at Bluefields nor had the San Francisco returned to that point.

M'ADOO PUZZLED.

Acting Secretary McAdoo is somewhat puzzled at the failure of Capt. Watson to notify the department of the action of the British commander, and but for the circumstantial character of the various press reports which agree in all material points, he would be inclined to doubt their accuracy. Under the circumstances, however, they appear to be reliable, and their effect is very disquieting.

Acting Secretary Uhl stated to the correspondent to-day that the action of the British in restoring Clarence had not been anticipated by the State Department, and that it was no part of the policy adopted by the Administration. He did not care to say whether the action would be questioned by the United States, but there is every reason to believe that as soon as the press reports are verified by official dispatches, Ambassador Bayard will be directed to demand an explanation from the British Foreign Office.

THE MANAGUA TREATY.

The course said to have been pursued by the British commander is in direct line with the declaration of H. B. M. Consul Hatch, that the treaty of Managua is still in force, although the British Government has on numerous occasions declared that Great Britain did not desire to maintain a protectorate over the Mosquito Indians, either in substance or form. The convention of Managua was described by Secretary Bayard, in a dispatch to Minister Phelps, under date of Nov. 29, 1888, as follows:

"On Jan. 28, 1860, a convention, sometimes known as the Zeledon-Wyke treaty, was signed at Managua by the representatives of Great Britain and Nicaragua. By the terms of this treaty her Britannic majesty, subject to the conditions and engagements specified therein, agreed to recognize as belonging to and under the sovereignty of the Republic of Nicaragua, the country theretofore occupied or claimed by the Mosquito Indians within the frontier of that republic. The British protectorate was to cease three months after the exchange of ratifications, in order to enable her majesty's Government to give the necessary instructions for carrying out the stipulations of the treaty. A district, now commonly known as the Mosquito Reservation, was to be assigned to the Indians, within which they were to enjoy certain rights of local autonomy. The Republic of Nicaragua was to pay the Indians $5,000 a year for ten years.

"The Government of the United States had not, however, anticipated that under cover of this treaty the Government of Great Britain would continue to attempt any interference with the affairs of the Mosquito Indians. It is superfluous to say that if it had been supposed by the United States that the treaty of Managua was understood by the Government of Great Britain to give that country a right of influence, direction or control over the destinies of the Mosquito Territory as against the State of Nicaragua, that convention, far from being hailed by this English protectorate over the Mosquito Indians, would have been regarded as a serious obstacle to any such settlement. Under article 7 of the treaty of Managua her Britannic majesty was bound to use her good offices with the chief of the Mosquito Indians, so that he should accept the stipulations of that convention, and it might have been naturally assumed that upon such acceptance by the Mosquito Chief, her majesty's right to further interference is at an end.

"That this Government was justified in so assuming, may amply be demonstrated not only by the considerations of the supposed design of the convention, but also by its particular provisions. Among these may be designated as of unequivocal significance the fourth article of the treaty, by which it is provided that nothing in the treaty shall be construed to prevent the Mosquito Indians at any future time from agreeing to absolute incorporation into the Republic of Nicaragua on the same footing as other citizens of the Republic, and from subjecting themselves to be governed by the general laws and regulations of the Republic, instead of by their customs and regulations. This provision merely emphasizes the fact of the actual, substantial incorporation of the Mosquito Indians into the Republic of Nicaragua, and clearly contemplates the ultimate and absolute extinguishment of their semi-segregated existence."

BRITISH INTERFERENCE.

In spite of this construction of the treaty of Managua, Great Britain for many years steadfastly maintained her right to interfere between the Nicaraguan Government and the Mosquito Indians whenever the interests of the latter appeared to be in danger. Subsequently the treaty of Managua was practically superseded by a decision of the Emperor of Austria, to whom had been referred the disputes between Great Britain, Nicaragua and the Mosquito Indians. This decision was explicit as to the rights of the Nicaraguans and the Mosquito Indians, but was silent on the point of the right of Great Britain to compel Nicaragua to respect the autonomy of the Indians.

NO PROTECTORATE.

That the present Government of Great Britain does not assert a protectorate over the Mosquito Reservation, Consul Hatch's declaration to the contrary notwithstanding, is shown by the following extract from a recent report to Congress made by Secretary Gresham on the landing of British marines from the Cleopatra:

"A dispatch just received from Mr. Bayard reports an interview held by him yesterday day with her majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Lord Kimberly, from whom it was learned that her majesty's Government had given no instructions in the premises, and was awaiting information, which, when received, would be fully and instantly communicated to the Government of the United States. His lordship stated that by a telegram of March 4 the British Consul at Greytown had informed the British Minister at Guatemala City, that Nicaraguan forces had suddenly taken possession of Bluefields, displaying the flag of the Mosquito Indians and resisting tranquillity pending an understanding as to question involved." His lordship most positively reaffirmed the declaration heretofore made on repeated occasions by her majesty's Government, and particularly in a note of the Marquis of Salisbury, Mr. Edwards, British charge d'Affaires at Washington, dated March 1, 1888, and printed on page 468 of the volume of foreign relations of the United States for that year, and averred that no protectorate over the Mosquito Indians in substance or form, nor anything in the nature of a protectorate, is desired or intended by the British Government."

CIPHER DISPATCHES.

Acting Secretaries Uhl and McAdoo will today prepare cipher dispatches to be sent to Minister Baker and Capt. Watson respectively, and which will be forwarded by steamer leaving New Orleans Sunday morning. It is expected that by the time reports are received from these officers the President and Secretary Gresham will have returned, and the matter will be turned over to them for action. It is certain that if the reports are fully confirmed the action of the Administration will be prompt and vigorous.

W. L. CROUNSE.

Pullman's Corner-Stone.

ALBION, N. Y., May 19.—The corner-stone of the Pullman Memorial Church was laid today with imposing ceremonies by the officers of the Masonic Grand Lodge by Grand Master Frederick K. Burnham of New York. The principal address was given by the Rev. Dr. R. H. Pullman of Baltimore, who was followed by the Rev. Dr. Saxe of Rochester. This church edifice is the gift of George M. Pullman, the Chicago millionaire, to the Universalist Society of Albion, and is erected in memory of his father and mother, who are both buried here. Its estimated cost is $75,000, and the only requirement made of the local society was that it should raise $5,000, which is now invested and the income of which is forever pledged for the maintenance and repair of the building.

THE WEATHER.

Fair and Warmer in Missouri, With Variable Winds.

[INDICATIONS OF FLAGS: Triangular—Temperature, at the top, warmer; at bottom, cooler. Blue—Precipitation. White—Fair weather. Three: Blue, white and triangular—Snow, rain or sleet, followed by fair and cooler weather.]

For Missouri and Southern Illinois—Fair Saturday; warmer Sunday.

A wave of cool weather covers the central valleys and the Southeast, except Southern Georgia and Florida. A fall of 10 to 30 deg. has occurred in the Central and Lower Mississippi Valleys, the Ohio Valleys, the Lower Lake Region and Northern Georgia. The greatest change in the past twenty-four hours occurred in Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and Northern Georgia.

Killing frost is reported from North Platte, Neb., and light frosts generally from Iowa, eastern portion of South Dakota, Northern Kansas, Central Illinois, Eastern Missouri, and in the Ozark Mountain Region. The frost in Eastern Missouri was very light.

Rains of .25 inch or over have occurred in the Ohio Valley and in the Southeastern States.

A RAGING SEA.

Vessels Breaking Up in the Waves of Lake Michigan.

Several Schooners Going to Pieces Off Chicago's Piers.

THE ENTIRE WEST SHORE LINED WITH WRECKAGE.

Bodies of Drowned Sailors Washed Ashore—Men Still in the Rigging of Waterlogged Schooners—The Crew of the Cumings Perished Off Milwaukee—Six Met Death—Details of the Worst Storm in Many Years.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 19.—Thousands of spectators watched from the lake shore to-day the destruction of a craft that had been beached during the storm of yesterday and last night. At Twenty-seventh street the McLaren was being pounded to pieces fifty yards from the shore and her destruction will be complete before the surf quiets.

The body of Joseph Stelan, mate, was still on the wreck. He was killed yesterday on the vessel by falling spars.

Three wrecks were rolling in the breakers at Twenty-fifth street. The Thompson has stood the strain fairly well and will not be broken to pieces by the waves. Nothing but the bow of the Evening Star remained after the heavy sea of the night. A few feet away the shattered hulk of the Mercury was rapidly going to pieces and will be a total loss.

Half a mile from shore off Twenty-second street two vessels were laboring in the sea. One was thought to be the D. S. Austin, commanded by Capt. Cassidy and manned by a crew of six. Four men could be seen in the rigging. The vessel was apparently in little danger of destruction. About 200 yards farther another and smaller schooner was riding out the storm. Her condition appeared worse and the indications were that she was waterlogged.

The twenty-seven men on the north crib who were unable to reach land last night, hauled down their distress signal to-day and signaled that they were all right. The men at the other cribs telephoned that they were safe.

The schooner Goodwin, which was reported to have gone ashore at Thirteenth street early to-day, succeeded in clearing the beach, and is riding safely at anchor. She was reached by the life-savers the crew refused to go ashore, asserting that all danger was past. The vessel off Twenty-second street, thought to be waterlogged, was identified as the Morning Star.

Two bodies were recovered from the lake this afternoon near Fifty-fifth street. Both were evidently those of sailors and one was identified by papers as B. Thompson.

One result of the storm was the destruction of the old cottonwood tree which stood on Eighteenth street and in the shade of which the terrible Fort Dearborn massacre was perpetrated by the Indians August 15, 1812.

The locating of the life-saving crew at Jackson Park was severely criticised by vessel men to-day, and it was asserted that had the crew been at the mouth of the river the loss of life yesterday would have been avoided. The crew was sent to Jackson Park during the World's Fair and since then has never been returned to its old quarters near the center of the harbor, but yesterday's fatalities will probably result in an immediate change.

From Michigan City to Two Rivers, the entire western shore of Lake Michigan is strewn with wrecks of the worst storm within the memory of living navigators. It began on Thursday night, after a fall in temperature from 80 to 50 deg. Fahrenheit, and in six hours, fifteen or twenty lives are known to have been lost. Eleven fishermen were caught on the Government pier, and one of them, Thomas Bedloe, became benumbed, and was washed off and drowned. Four men were drowned from a sailing vessel just south of the Government pier. Three men were swept away from the schooner Meadow, off Van Buren street. Four others on the same vessel were rescued by the tug Monitor Spencer. Twenty thousand people watched the desperate but almost unavailing efforts of the life-saving crews and the firemen to succor the crews of the disabled vessels that lined the shore. The known fatalities are as follows:

Anton Gianceron of Manistee, seaman, schooner Dall, drowned while attempting to reach shore; Charles Cautiers, cook on schooner Jack Thompson, resided in Chicago, washed from a rope while attempting to reach shore; Joseph Spolan of Sturgeon Bay, mate of the J. Coomis, beaten, crushed and killed by the towpost, torn out when the vessel broke away from a tug; entire crew of the schooner Myrtle, six men; Thomas Bedloe, fisherman, washed off the Government pier and drowned.

The wrecks are as follows: Schooner Lincoln Dall, 196 tons, driven ashore at Glencoe, eighteen miles north of Chicago; schooner Myrtle, 197 tons, wrecked at foot of Harr

UNDER ADVISEMENT

Kralemann's Injunction Against Democratic Delegates Argued To-Day.

JUDGE DILLON RESERVES HIS DECISION IN THE CASE.

Last Day of Filing Suits for the June Term—Fireman Thomas Dolan and the Widow of Fireman William Gannon Sue for Damages—Actions Growing Out of Real Estate Deals.

The case of Kralemann against certain Democratic members of the House of Delegates for an injunction came up for hearing before Judge Dillon in Court Room No. 4 today.

Leverett Bell and Jesse A. McDonald appeared for the delegates and made answer very fully. Mr. Bell said that the mode of relief was not the proper one in the first place and that the House of Delegates was the sole judge of who its members shall be. He held that the injunction would not lie inasmuch as the plaintiff, Kralemann, had never been a member of the House or recognized as such and could not, therefore, be interfered with in the discharge of his duties as such member.

Mr. Bell quoted a great many authorities upon the subject to show that the injunction peoceedings were not the proper method of going at the case.

Attorney Appel for Kralemann argued that inasmuch as Kralemann had been declared a member of the House by the courts he was a member and any plea that he was not a member was therefore rather illogical.

Only a few members of the House were present, and after the arguments had all been made Judge Dillon took the case under consideration.

SCORES OF SUITS.

Last Day of Filing for the June Term—Civil Court News.

To-day being the last day for filing suits to the June term of the Circuit Court, the Clerk's office was very busy taking care of the new cases.

Julius Liebig sued for a divorce from his wife, Rosa Liebig, charging her with being untrue to him in that she received and encouraged the attentions of strange men. They were marrried in February, 1883, and lived together until Dec. 29, 1889.

Lewis F. Campbell filed an application against James H. McLean, curator for Lewis F. Campbell, a minor, to get the court to allow the curator to borrow money on real estate.

Florence R. Kirby applied for an injunction against John H. Vette. The plaintiff claims that she borrowed $100 five years ago from Vette, and has paid $400 on the loan and is still required by Vette to pay $150, which he claims is still due on the original loan.

Wm. Bredemeyer filed a suit for $10,000 damages against the Missouri Railway Co., stating that on Nov. 1, 1893, he was thrown down by a car at Ninth and Olive streets and seriously injured.

August Homan filed a suit for $10,000 damages against the St. Louis Brewing Association. He says that just as he got off a street car at Ninth and Lucas streets he was run over by a beer wagon belonging to the Brewing Association.

The P. P. Manion Blacksmithing and Wrecking Co. entered suit against the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway Co. for $1,000, as the result of a controversy over a stone wall.

Henry Bunse entered suit for $5,000 damages against the Benton-Bellefontaine Railway Co., claiming that he was seriously injured by the premature starting of the car as he was getting off at Tenth and Lebeaume streets.

Chas. H. Brown entered suit against L. A. Engleman and the Municipal Trust Co. for $287 on a builder's bond.

A. J. Curtis filed a suit for divorce from Clara Curtis, to whom he was married in June, 1886, and with whom he lived until October, 1891.

The American Brewing Co. sued Gregor Engel for $771.50, which the company claimed was still owing on an account.

Walter Radke sued for a divorce from Ellen Radke, to whom he was married in April, 1892. He charges general indignities.

Bertha Lingham asked for a divorce from Guy Forest Lingham for failure on his part to support her. She married him in Brooklyn in August, 1892, and lived with him until November, 1892.

Wm. O'Keefe filed a damage suit for $10,000 against the Fagin Building Co. O'Keefe says that he was riding in the elevator in the Fagin Building in November, 1893, when the fastenings of the elevator broke, dropping the car into the basement and injuring him so that he is now a cripple for life.

Julia Thomas sued Samuel Thomas for a divorce, charging him with cruel and barbarous treatment. They were married in February, 1886, and lived together until May 15, 1894.

Althea B. Kayser asked to be divorced from Wm. A. Kayser because he refused to live with her any longer. She says that William would not live with her unless she sent her mother away, which she could not do.

Agnes Brady asked for a divorce from Thomas Brady, to whom she was married in 1881, and who deserted her in 1891.

F. C. Thompson filed a suit against M. B. O'Reilly and others to set aside a deed of trust. The plaintiff asks for a decree returning him the property upon the payment of the notes secured by the deed under which the sale was made.

Mary B. Mastbook filed a $2,500 damage suit against the Lindell Railway Co. for personal injuries. She says that while getting off a Lindell car at Grand and Finney avenues she fell off and broke her nose.

J. C. Monroe sued S. H. Hoffman for $962, which he claims he paid and expended in behalf of the defendant.

John F. Weber, trustee for Anna C. Weber and Matilda Zimmermann, asking that the defendant be restrained from maintaining a cornice on her house which projects over the plaintiff's property at Grand and Cook avenues.

The Sunday Mirror Co. filed a suit against Publishers Geo. Knapp & Co., the Globe Printing Co. and the Pulitzer Publishing Co. for damages for refusing to allow their agents to handle that publication.

Three Real Estate Transactions.

James B. Johnson entered suit against Wm. Preston Hill and the Collier Real Estate and Building Association. Johnson claims that he paid Hill $250 earnest money to bind the purchase of a house and lot on the corner of Grand avenue and Olive street for $35,000. The house, he claims, was afterwards sold to the Building Association, and he asks that the contract he had be enforced.

The Collier estate filed a suit against the Lammert Furniture Co., stating that there was an agreement whereby the Lammert company was to lease for ten years the premises Nos. 500 to 506 North Fourth street and then backed out of the bargain. The plaintiff wants the bargain enforced by the court.

Alfred M. Baker entered suit to-day against John O'Neill for $1,700, which he claims is due him for services as architect on a building at Eighteenth and Market streets.

Civil Suit Against Schulte.

J. H. Rothmann Distilling Co. filed a suit against Clemens Schulte to recover $5,-92.81, which the company claims Schulte collected and has failed to turn over to them. Schulte was a salesman and collector for the firm in St. Louis and neighboring towns, and he is now under arrest on a charge of embezzlement preferred by Rothmann.

Change of Name Granted.

Judge Valliant to-day granted Christian Ochs and his brother Adolph Ochs permission to change their name to Walton, which was the maiden name of their mother. In their application for a change of name they say that their German friends made fun of them and told them that in English their name meant "ox."

Court Notes.

The will of Jacob Sebastian was admitted to probate to-day in the Probate Court. He leaves his property to his various children.

SEVERAL SMALL DEALS.

Real Estate Market Improving—To-Day's Transactions.

A number of interesting small deals in real estate were made to-day, which show the condition of the realty market to be improving somewhat. The sales made are in small investment property and residence property.

Harry J. Miller, General Superintendent of the Vandalia Line, has purchased through the agency of Storm & Farish, the large ten-room residence, No. 4419 Washington avenue, for $15,000. The house has 50x150 feet of ground and was owned by George S. McGrew. Mr. Miller bought the place for a home.

R. Park von Wedelstaedt reports the sale of 50x150 feet of ground on the north side of Washington avenue between Spring and Vandeventer avenues for $11,000, to Mrs. Millie McMillen Allen.

Neeld, Shoults & Delano report the following sales: Easton avenue—North side, between Grand and Spring avenues, 71 feet of ground, from C. W. McFarland to a client, for $6,000.

Lucky street—Between Spring and Prairie avenues, fifty feet of ground for $11,800, from A. F. Davis to C. W. McFarland. The property rents for $1,180 per annum.

Grand avenue, east of Eleventh street, between Carr and Biddle streets, forty feet of ground with a three-story building arranged in flats and rooms and renting for $1,200 per annum, for $10,000, from G. Fred Benner to C. W. McFarland.

Lingenfelder & Bokern report the following sales: No. 2725 St. Vincent avenue, a two-story, six-room brick dwelling with 20x135 feet of ground, for $2,400 from Edward Scown to Charles P. Pracht.

Burd avenue, west side, south of North Market street, 25x200 feet of ground at $15 a foot, from Annie J. Sydnor to Kate Moss.

Gruchy & Allen report the following sales: Magazine street—No. 3284, a five-room brick dwelling with 26x68 feet of ground, for $2,500, from Wm. Scown to Martin Steltz.

Delmar avenue—South side, between Pendleton and Newstead avenues, 35x142 feet of ground for $3,500, from L. F. Abbott to E. McNeil.

Frueth & Brueggeman report the follwing sales: Lot 5 in block 3, Mentor place, 140x300 feet for $11 a foot, from D. W. Clifton to Frank Moore.

Mentor place—Lot No. 8 in block 2, 140x300 feet for $9.50 a foot from D. W. Clifton to John Whitmore.

North Tenth street—No. 1723, a three-story brick, lot 40x150 feet and 70 feet on Mound in same block by 72 feet deep for $8,500 from H. Nolte to Wm. Bushmeyer.

Samuel Bowman & Co. report the sale of the two story brick stores and flats with lot 30x113 feet of ground on the west side of Vandeventer avenue, north of Finney avenue, for $11,000, from Patrick Haggerty to A. Piessner, for investment.

The property rents for $1,080 per annum.

BRIBERY INVESTIGATION.

The Special Senate Committee Will Begin Work on Monday.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—The special committee to investigate the charges of bribery in the Senate held a meeting to-day for the purpose of preliminary organization and to take steps as to the summoning of witnesses, the employment of stenographer and clerks.

At the close of the meeting Mr. Gray stated that the committee had decided to hold its first meeting next Monday, beginning at 10 o'clock. The first work was upon the alleged attempted to bribe Senators Hunton and Kyle. The Senators named, Senator Hunton's son, Senator Kyle's private secretary, and C. W. Buttz, who has been represented as the man who undertook to bribe the Senators, will be summoned. The committee did not care to go into the question of dealing with reference to the alleged operations of the Sugar Trust, leaving the details of that branch of the inquiry to be taken up when the first part of it shall have been concluded. The investigation will be conducted behind closed doors.

The chairman is to be authorized from day to day to give out for publication the purport of the testimony.

SOUTHERN PRESBYTERIANS.

Report of the Committee on Negro Evangelization.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 19.—The General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church to-day received the report of the committee on the Birmingham conference which recently reached an agreement to practically turn over the work of negro evangelization to the Freedman's Board. The committee, after stating that it had considered so much of the report of the Executive Committee on colored evangelization as relates to co-operation of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America with the Presbyterian Church in the United States, and also overtures from the Presbyteries of Louisiana, Ebenezer, Choctaw and Eastern Texas touching the matter, persuaded that the church does favor the plan, but that it meets with large and influential opposition and cannot be put into effective operation, they, therefore, recommended that the assembly decline to endorse that the diligence of the committee and its desire to acquiesce in the will of the church be commended. After some discussion the report was adopted and the agreement reached by the joint committee at Birmingham was rejected.

The General Assembly received two overtures from the Presbytery of North Alabama; one asked appointment of a committee on Presbyterian unity, and the other requested that a standing committee be appointed on co-operation in home mission work, to confer with a like committee of the Northern Presbyterian Church at Saratoga, the powers of the committee to be simply advisory.

The Bryant & Stratton Business and Shorthand School.

This old and successful school is open during the entire year without vacation, and students can enter at any time. Thorough and practical instructions are given in

Bookkeeping,
Business writing,
Business correspondence,
Business arithmetic,
Officework and banking,
Reading and spelling,
English grammar,
Shorthand,
Typewriting and
Telegraphy.

Every student receives special instructions in the several departments and has the individual care and attention of his teachers from the time he enters the school until he leaves it, nothing being omitted that will tend to his advancement.

Graduates of this school are successful in obtaining employment. Business men are constantly applying at our office for clerks, book-keepers and shorthand reporters, and students who fit themselves for positions will soon secure them.

For circulars apply at the college office, corner Broadway and Market street, or address DR. W. M. CARPENTER, Principal.

Marriage Licenses.

Anton Maeky tka ..... 1700 S. 11th st
Josefine Miksova ..... 1857 S. 17th st
John A. Kipper ..... 2108 Gratiot st
Mary Ellerslck ..... 2108 Gratiot st

Deaths.

BARRETT—On the 18th inst., at 11:30 a. m., ELIZABETH A. BARRETT, aged 23 years, daughter of John Barrett and sister of Thomas E. Barrett.

Funeral from the family residence, No. 1807 Carr street, on Sunday, the 20th inst., at 2 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

Burial Permits.

Katherine Laughlin, 64 yrs., 4612 N. 22d st.; bronchitis.
Bessie F. Pittman, 1 mo., 1001 Biddle st.; marasmus.
Elmira Davis, 1 yr. 5 mos., 519 Manchester rd.; whooping cough.

EIGHT KILLED.

Freight and Work Trains Collide in a Tunnel.

PRINCETON, Ky., May 19.—A west-bound freight collided with a work train in Standing Rock tunnel, twelve miles east of here, at 10 a. m. The conductor, Nick Hill, of the work train, and seven occupants of a boarding-car attached to this train, were killed and others injured. The trains fill the tunnel from end to end, and it is impossible to get further particulars. Wrecking crews are at work and will get the ruins cleared away to-night.

FOUR DROWNED.

Fatal Attempt to Rescue the Crew of the Schooner Shupe.

PORT HURON, Mich., May 19.—The tug C. D. Thompson left here at 9 o'clock with a rescuing party and attempted to reach the schooner Shupe. They found the Shupe on a sand reef six miles north of here and about a quarter of a mile from shore. The yawl left the tug and finally reached the wreck. The painter from the yawl was taken by the crew aboard the Shupe when the yawl capsized, throwing the whole party into the water. There were five of them, and all were drowned except Dan Lynn, who swam ashore and was taken out of the water nearly exhausted. The drowned men are:

WILLIAM LEWIS, single.
CAPT. HENRY LITTLE, married, a nephew of Capt. Nelson Little of the Shupe.
CAPT. BARNEY MILLS.
ANGUS KING, married.
All leave families.

The plan was to go to the wreck and take a line back to the tug or to the shore, as might seem more feasible. The crew of the Shupe are all alive on board. The schooner lies easy.

A CONFERENCE CALLED.

Passenger Agents to Meet to Adjust Rates for Texas Excursions.

General Passenger Agent Barker of the Katy has invited the representatives of the passenger departments of the Wabash, Missouri Pacific, Iron Mountain, Cotton Belt, Burlington and 'Frisco railroads to meet in conference on next Tuesday in Chicago for the purpose of coming to some agreement with reference to Texas passenger rates. The M., K. & T., decided to run harvest excursions to Texas in June and made some very low rates which would have brought hundreds of home seekers to Texas. The Katy in making the proposed rate did so it is said, to put Texas on the same footing and give them the same advantages as other states where harvest excursions will be run. The Katy has extended its Texas connection and should it carry out its plan with reference to the rates it will precipitate a rate war in which all the Southwestern lines will participate. When it became known that the Katy would run these excursions the Southwestern Passenger Association notified them of its desire. As the M., K. & T. has no connection with the association, however, they paid no attention to the notice. Since then General Manager Doddridge of the Missouri Pacific has written to General Manager Purdy of the Katy asking him to consider before precipitating a rate war in this territory.

This morning General Passenger Agent Townsend of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain announced that should the Katy cut the rate to Texas the cut would be met by the Missouri Pacific. The Frisco have also announced their intention of meeting any cut made. The decision of the Katy in the matter is anxiously awaited by the southwestern lines, but as yet Purdy and Mr. Barker have not signified their intention of maintaining rates, although the General Passenger Agents of the other lines fully expect them to do so.

SASSE SENTENCED.

Judge Shiras Gives Him Five Years—Other Sentences.

In the United States District Court to-day Judge Shiras overruled the motion for a new trial made in behalf of Martin Sasse, convicted of the burglary of the Post-office at De Soto, Mo. The Judge then summoned Sasse for sentence and after stating that the term for each of the two counts upon which he was convicted was five years he fixed the defendant's period of imprisonment at five years in the penitentiary at Jefferson City. Alphonso Howe of McDonald & Howe, counsel for Sasse, gave notice of an appeal and was allowed thirty days to file a bill of exceptions.

Robert sasse, the youngest brother of Martin, who pleaded guilty to the charge of having the stolen stamps in his possession, was called for sentence. When the Judge asked him what he had to say before sentence was pronounced, Mr. Howe stated that Mr. McDonald was out of the city, but that before his departure he told him, Mr. Howe, that the defendant pleaded guilty on the understanding had with Mr. Clopton, the District Attorney, that the punishment would be twelve months in jail. Mr. Clopton said that Mr. McDonald had proposed such a compromise, but he had not accepted it, insisting that the sentence must be left to the discretion of the Court. Mr. Howe wanted the court to defer sentence until Mr. McDonald returned in order to settle the issue raised, but Judge Shiras said that he was obliged to leave the city tonight, and thereupon he sentenced Robert Sasse to eighteen months in the penitentiary.

Mr. Howe undertook to say that he believed that a great hardship had been done Robert Sasse. He had been prevailed upon to plead guilty after much labor by the promise of a twelve months' jail sentence. Judge Shiras answered with some warmth that no agreement as to the term of a sentence was binding upon him. He said also that Mr. McDonald had not given any intimation that a twelve months' sentence was expected. The Judge told Mr. Howe that even as it was the defendant had been saved from a term of several years by his plea of guilty, and he demanded to know if Mr. McDonald would have an innocent man plead guilty. Mr. Howe answered "no."

"Then what complaint have you?" asked the Judge.

"I complain of a breach of faith."

"Your statement is second-hand, and is therefore incompetent." Mr. Howe subsided, much crestfallen.

John Rhoades was sentenced to three years and a half in the penitentiary for having in his possession 38s worth of stamps stolen from the Post-office at Valle's Mills, Mo. The Government nolle prossed the charge that he robbed the post-office, and prosecuted him for having the stolen property in his possession.

Demetrius Durr was fined $100 and sentenced to thirty days in jail in Stoddard County for selling liquor without having paid a special tax and for making a false return to the Collector of Internal Revenue.

Samuel B. Hieronimus of Crawford County, Mo., was fined $100 for selling liquor without having paid a Government tax.

The case of William T. Yow, Robert Dunaway, Alfred Jones, alias Yow, Herman B. Ewer and A. J. Cheatham, charged with counterfeiting, went to the jury at noon.

At 2 o'clock the jury returned a verdict of guilty against Arthur Yow, alias Arthur Jones, Cheatham and Emer, and acquitted Dunaway. Wm. T. Yow, who turned State's evidence, was discharged.

A New Fish Warden.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 19.—Gov. Altgeld to-day appointed A. C. Reuss of Belleville, Fish Warden for St. Clair County.

SEIZED TWO TRAINS.

Industrials Riding Free Over the Northern Pacific Railway.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 19.—A bulletin from Helena, Mont., says that Coxeyites have captured two Northern Pacific trains, one in Montana and one in the Cœur d'Alene region.

A special from Spokane says: "Jumbo" Cantwell, commander of the Coxeyites has ordered his contingent to rendezvous at Great Falls, Mont. The men are leaving today in small squads and are stealing rides.

Meeting at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 19.—There was a large but orderly meeting of the unemployed on the Haymarket this morning. It is estimated that at least 2,000 were present, most of them claiming to be out of work. The object of the gathering was to awaken public sympathy in practical measures for furnishing work to the unemployed. It was resolved to ask the Mayor or Council to furnish as much work as possible on public improvements and for the purpose of directly influencing the Aldermen it was determined to organize the unemployed into ward clubs which should apply to the Aldermen individually. "Gen." Holm expects to take 400 men out of town this afternoon as a Coxey contingent.

Kelly's Flotilla.

KEOKUK, Io., May 19.—Kelly's army landed three miles below the city on the Missouri shore to-day, where provisions were delivered. The next objective point is Quincy. The boats will be rafted together there.

INSULTED HIS DAUGHTER.

Andrew Kilrain's Charge Against John Barry Causes Trouble.

Andrew Kilrain, a private watchman at the Jefferson avenue car stable at Jefferson avenue and Montgomery street, applied for a warrant to-day against John Barry, aged 18 years, a teamster living in the vicinity of Jefferson avenue and University street. Kilrain said that Barry insulted his (Kilrain's) daughter. Last night about 8 o'clock Barry came to the stables and struck Kilrain with a rock and then attempted to otherwise assault him, Kilrain alleged, when the watchman shot him in the arm, inflicting a slight wound. Barry was then arrested by a police officer. Kilrain wanted a warrant for assault and battery against Barry, but Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estep refused it and said to prosecute him in the police court.

REMOVED TO THE JAIL.

Dr. Edward St. George Courtenay From a Patient Becomes a Prisoner.

Dr. Edward St. George Courtenay, the veterinary surgeon, who on the morning of March 20, last shot Minnie Schilling, a young lady of whom he was enamored, at 3120 Eads avenue, and then fired three shots into his own body, with suicidal intent, was discharged by Supt. Marx of the City Hospital this morning. Officer Morgan of the Fifth District afterward conveyed the patient to the Four Courts where he was locked up on a warrant charging him with assault to kill, which had been sworn out by Miss Schilling. The doctor will probably bear the evidence of his attempted tragedy the remainder of his years, for one of the two balls which he fired into his head has affected the bearing of his right ear and the sight of his right eye. This bullet is still lodged in the head some place, while the other missiles, which entered the head and the one fired into the left breast, have been extracted. An operation, which may result in his death will have to be performed in order to extract the ball still in Dr. Courtenay's head, and restore the sight and hearing of his right eye and ear.

Minnie Schilling was at one time a domestic in the Courtenay household on Page near Vandeventer avenue. The doctor became infatuated with her, but she left his employ and went to live with the family of Mr. Bewig at 3120 Eads avenue. Dr. Courtenay and his wife had trouble in the meantime and a separation was the result. On the morning of March 20 about 10 o'clock Dr. Courtenay sought Minnie Schilling at her Eads avenue home and, when she shun his advances and propositions to marry him, he drew his revolver and fired on her, the ball taking effect in the right side of the head, and ranging downward, lodged beneath the skin on the side of the neck, inflicting only a slight wound. Then he turned the weapon on himself. Since the attempted suicide and murder, Dr. Courtenay and his wife have effected a reconciliation.

When brought to the Four Courts Dr. Courtenay was firm in his reticence, simply stating that he would get out of his trouble without much difficulty. Now that he is under lock and key an effort will very likely be made at once to secure the prisoner a bondsman and there is some talk of Marshal F. McDonald being retained to defend him. It is also rumored that Miss Schilling, who had such a narrow escape, will not prosecute her would-be slayer.

HELD FOR PETIT LARCENY.

Wm. Sanders Re-arrested After Being Fined in the Police Court.

William Sanders, a young colored man, was fined $15 for carrying concealed weapons by Judge Paxson this morning, and after the sentence had been passed the prisoner instead of being led back to the cage by the deputy marshals was escorted to the Third District Station by Special Officers Burke and Dewar and a charge of petit larceny placed against him. Sanders was first arrested by these officers on Thursday night. They corralled him as he was passing the corner of Ninth street and Lucas avenue carrying a tan-colored valise. As they found a razor in his pocket he was locked up on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. The satchel was opened and from a memorandum book found therein the police concluded that it belonged to Forest E. Lemon of 707 Plumb street, Springfield, O. The valise, however, is still unclaimed. When Officers Dewar and Burke arrested Sanders, they thought he might be the man who stole eight buckets of jelley from the grocery store of Edward Kammon, 1628 Market street, last December. They hunted up Kammon and brought him to the Second District Police Court this morning. When Sanders came out to answer the charge of carrying concealed weapons, Kammon identified him as the sweet-toothed thief, and after he had been fined he was re-arrested. A warrant for petit larceny was applied for.

Injured Fruit in North Missouri.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 19.—A light frost fell in this vicinity last night, but no damage resulted. Reports received at the railroad offices and by commission houses are to the effect that in the counties north of here and in Kansas and Nebraska the fall was sufficiently large to injure growing vegetation and fruit. Small fruits sustained the greatest injury. Towns in Kansas along the Grand Island road report the heaviest frost. The weather is cool today, but it is not thought there will be frost to-night.

Two Games To-Morrow.

At new Sportsman's Park to-morrow afternoon Comiskey's Cincinnati's will play the St. Louis Browns two games for one admission. The first game will start at 1:45 o'clock and the second game will commence immediately after the first. Bill Brown is here and will play first for the Browns. Dwyer and Chamberlain will pitch for Cincinnati and Gleason and Clarkson for St. Louis.

Gayed the Army.

Tom Sullivan, a young man, was fined $10 or disturbing the peace of P. C. Howland and other members of the Salvation Army at 1419 Franklin avenue about 9 o'clock last night.

Estate Evans Casselberry.

EXECUTOR'S SALE BY ORDER CIRCUIT COURT.

AUCTION **TUESDAY, MAY 29th,** 12 O'Cl'k M., Court-house Steps.

N. E. Corner Ninth and Locust Sts.—27½ by 104 feet, improved.
Seventh street, near Olive—29 feet 9 in. by 127½ feet, improved.
Broadway, near Franklin av.—35 by 146 feet, improved.
Main, near Franklin, between railroad freight depots—83½x120 feet, improved.

Get Catalogues at Our Office. **PAPIN & TONTRUP,** S. E. Cor. 7th and Chestnut sts.

DO NOT FRET!

McNichol Is Still Doing Good!

Do not fret that fortune fails
To knock upon your door,
Or that grim poverty assails
Your family more and more.
There's help at hand for everyone,
Each honest homeless man—
A spot for rest when work is done,
Made on the installment plan.

Don't shrink or feel ashamed to try
This method—many do—
They've learned how easy 'tis to buy
And own things. So may you!
Not cheap or trashy furniture,
No carpets ugly—mean—
But lovely goods that will endure—
The prettiest ever seen.

'Tis true, not every man could give
Such wares for weekly pay;
McNichol teaches how to live
In just this pleasant way.
He asks not: "Are you rich or great?"
Or "Have you prosperous friends?"
He simply softens cruel fate
By generous aims and ends.

No fear that any tongue will ask:
"How came you thus supplied?"
In all your splendors folks will bask,
Not question you aside.
Enough that you no longer roam,
Your company they'll seek,
And not one need know that Pretty Home
Was paid for by the week!

Thousands of people follow this wise and convenient plan and go to
[Trade Mark] THE ONLY McNICHOL,
1015, 1022, 1024 Market st.

P. S.—He has made more Happy Homes than any man in America. His goods are the finest as well as the lowest priced to be found in any collection of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, Clocks, Pictures, Dishes, Lamps, Baby Carriages, Bedding, Refrigerators, Stoves, Gas Stoves, Ranges, etc. You just look around and you will see this is so. And you will want a Home "right away."

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE Under Deed of Trust—Whereas, R. H. Newberry, by his deed of trust, dated the 24th day of November, 1891, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 1,038, page 558, conveyed to F. G. Flanagan, in trust to secure the payment of the notes in said deed of trust described, the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lots twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29), in City block 3,606 west, in Rose Hill subdivision, having an aggregate frontage of one hundred and five (105) feet on the east line of Clara avenue by a depth eastwardly of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet; bounded west by Clara avenue, south by Ridge avenue, east by lots twenty-seven (27) and twenty-eight (28), and north by lot thirty (30) of said block (of which the south thirty-five feet of said lot twenty-eight were subsequently released on the payment of the principal note due in one year after date). And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the principal note due two years after date and interest notes, together with interest thereon, and the same remains due and unpaid. And whereas, said F. G. Flanagan, said trustee, has refused to act as such trustee, without having performed the duties imposed upon him by said deed of trust, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will proceed to sell the above-described real estate, and conts. thirty-five feet of said lot twenty-eight, released as aforesaid), at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, on TUESDAY, MAY 22, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of satisfying said deed of trust, together with the costs and expenses of executing this trust.
PATRICK M. STAKD, Sheriff and Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1894. 971

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894, Wednesday, March 21, 1894. Louise Maurer vs. John Adam Maurer, (No. 7, June term, 1894.)

Now, this day comes plaintiff by attorney, and files a petition duly verified by affidavit from which it appears that the defendant has absconded from his former place of abode in the State of Missouri and is not now a resident of the State of Missouri; that his whereabouts outside of the State of Missouri cannot be ascertained by plaintiff. Wherefore on motion of plaintiff it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground that defendant in violation of his vows as plaintiff's husband has offered her such indignities as to render her condition intolerable and that on the 6th day of August, 1891, defendant did abandon and absent himself from plaintiff without any cause and has since said time remained absent from plaintiff without just cause or any cause, and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 22d day of March, 1894.
[SEAL] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
LUBKE & MUENCH, Plaintiff's Attorneys. 867

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—By virtue and authority of an order of sale made by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 23d day of March, 1894, I, the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of Catharine I. Biermann, deceased, will, on

MONDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF MAY, 1894, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house of said city, at St. Louis, State of Missouri, expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, to the highest bidder, the real estate of said deceased, by order of sale described as follows, to-wit: The following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), and the west three (3) of block twenty-three hundred and eighteen (3318) of "Barlow's subdivision to the Mullanphy tract," in said city of St. Louis, containing a front of seventy-five (75) feet on the southern line of Howard street by a depth southwardly of one hundred and thirty (130) feet to an alley twenty feet wide; bounded eastwardly by lot number twenty-four (24) and westwardly by lot number twenty (20), according to the plat of said subdivision filed in the Recorder's office of the county (now city) of St. Louis, which said real land having been acquired by the deceased under the last will and testament of John F. Bergmann, deceased.

Terms of sale: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash and the balance in two equal installments payable in one and two years respectively from the day of sale, deferred payments to bear interest at six per cent per annum and to be secured by deed of trust on the property sold, or, at the option of the purchaser the entire purchase money or more than one-third thereof may be paid in cash.
GOTTLIEB BIERMANN, Executor.
St. Louis, April 27, 1894. 845

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Minnie Hannemann, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.
JACOB LIPPE,
Administrator of Minnie Hannemann, deceased.
MONTAGUE TUNCH, Attorney for Administrator.
St. Louis, April 28, 1894. 854

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—All creditors and others interested in the estate of Samuel C. Cochran, deceased, are hereby notified that the undersigned, Administrator, with will annexed, of said estate, intends to make a final settlement of said estate, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June, 1894.
MELVIN L. GRAY,
Administrator with will annexed.
St. Louis, May 5, 1894. 976

ESTATE of Ann Bergin, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Ann Bergin, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 17th day of May, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred. Dated this 17th day of May, 1894.
ANDREW J. BERGIN,
1046 Administrator.

ESTATE of Elizabeth M. Garvey, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth M. Garvey, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 15th day of February, 1894. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
Dated this 15th day of February, 1894.
THOMAS J. GARVEY,
1015 Executor.

AUCTION Sale by Assignee for the Benefit of Creditors—Take notice, that pursuant to order of the Circuit Court the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, all the property and effects, consisting of a general stock of high-class upholstery goods, manufactured, etc., including a five-year lease, of Robert Henry Kyle, as his store, No. 3122 Olive street, on
THUR-DAY, MAY 24, 1894,
beginning promptly at 10:30 o'clock a. m.
A. B. GARVIN,
Assignee for the Benefit of Creditors.
A. A. SELKIRK, Auctioneer. 1050

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, George Hechtel, a single man during his lifetime, by his certain deed of trust, dated the 16th day of October, 1889, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 880, page 162, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Being a lot of ground and improvements, a two-story brick house, No. 2838 Dayton street, likewise situated in city block No. 1,000 (one thousand) of the said City of St. Louis, and being lot No. 30 (thirty), in block No. 35 (thirty-five) of Goodfellow's 3rd addition; said lot having a front on the south line of Dayton street of twenty-five (25) feet by a depth southwardly of one hundred and eighteen feet (118) three (3) inches to the alley of said block. Being bounded on the east by lot No. thirty-one (31) and on the west by lot No. twenty-nine (29) of said block, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, and whereas two principal notes have become due and remain unpaid and no more than nine months have elapsed since the death of the said George Hechtel, the grantor. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the said deed of trust and laws of Missouri, the undersigned will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 23D DAY OF MAY, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, and make good title, satisfying said notes and cost of executing this trust.
MARCUS BERNHEIMER, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., May 1, 1894. 889

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Thomas Graham is plaintiff and J. H. Kearney, Katherine Price, Milo T. Bogard, Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 1, Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 2, Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 3, Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 4, Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 5, are defendants; I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded and in said execution described as follows, to-wit: Lots 12, 13, 14 and 15 of block 14, White place, and in city block 3,611, said lots being continuous and having an aggregate front of 200 feet on the south side of Margaretta avenue, with a depth of 127 feet 10 inches, bounded north by Margaretta avenue, east by Price, south by Washington and west by Price, together with five two-story frame dwellings erected thereon, and I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JUNE, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.
PATRICK M. STAKD,
Sheriff of the city of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., April 30, 1894. 971

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Charles Peale, deceased, that I, the undersigned, Administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement of said estate, to the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.
FRANCES PEALE,
Administratrix of Charles Peale, Deceased.
St. Louis, May 4, 1894. 972

WHEREAS, Benjamin C. Hogan and Lillie Hogan, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 22d day of May, 1893, recorded in book 1091, page 247, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situ

WRONG HUSBANDS.

Elopement of Twin Daughters With Unexpected Lovers.

RUBY CAPTURED BESSIE'S INTENDED AND BESSIE RETALIATED.

On the Eve of the Day Set for Bessie's Wedding—The Predicament of Her Lovers—One Had to Obtain a Divorce First—Two Unique Messages—The Sensation of Flatlands.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The village of Flatlands, L. I., is excited over the discovery that Bessie and Ruby, the handsome twin daughters of Farmer Daudsworth, have eloped, and with the wrong men. Popular excitement rose even to a higher pitch when the villagers learned that Ruby had run off with Bessie's intended husband on the very eve of the day set for the wedding, and that Bessie, in a moment of pique, had eloped with a former flame a few days after her sister's disappearance.

The sisters are just 20 years old, their joint birthday having been celebrated three weeks ago with one of the most brilliant evening parties Flatbeads has ever enjoyed.

BESSIE'S LOVERS.

Four years ago Johnson West loved Bessie Daudsworth and after a courtship of over twelve months Bessie finally accepted him. All of Bessie's other lovers accepted the situation as gracefully as possible, except Harry Cartwright, a young law clerk. Gossips said he had transferred his affections to Ruby. His attentions were never pronounced, however. Bessie's marriage to West was postponed from time to time on various grounds. The last postponement was made at West's request. He announced that a wealthy aunt was dying in Dakota. He went to Dakota. His aunt's "last moments" extended over six months. It has since been learned that Mr. West went to Dakota in order to obtain a divorce from a variety actress whom he had wedded six years before in a moment of youthful folly. West hastened back to Brooklyn two months ago and it was arranged that he and Bessie should be wedded last Sunday. Ruby Daudsworth and John Henderson were disappointed between noon and midnight a week ago to-day.

TWO UNIQUE MESSAGES.

Nothing was heard of them until yesterday, when Mr. Daudsworth received a telegram, dated Syracuse, which read:

Johnson and I are married and stopping here. Both send love to all. Please forgive us.

BESSIE.

Bessie, in the meantime, who had taken her disappointment to heart, soldier father on Monday that she and Harry Cartwright were going to be married. Wednesday evening Farmer Daudsworth saw the last of his remaining daughter and her "old friend." Thursday morning he found that the front door had been locked from the outside and the key dropped through the window. Three hours later a dispatch was received reading:

Harry and I are in the Adams House. We were married here yesterday. We are well and happy. Love. Both ask forgiveness. BESSIE.

This message had been sent from Boston. The old farmer's rage was terrible to witness. He made a bonfire of his daughters' belongings and declared that they should never more cross the threshold of his house.

ALL PRIESTS MUST JOIN.

Archbishop Kain in Favor of a Mutual Aid Society.

Enough is known of the attitude of Archbishop Kain toward the Clerical Mutual Aid Association or the archdiocese of St. Louis to warrant the statement that the association will soon embrace all the priests of this archiepiscopal jurisdiction, or else a new organization that will be thus comprehensive will be created by the Archbishop's order. The St. Louis association was formed about six years ago, largely through the effort of the late Very Rev. Philip P. Brady, V. G., and now includes about one-third of the priests in the archdiocese. The chief object of existence of the association is the care of priests who become disqualified for active clerical duty through either sickness, accident or old age. In spite of adverse criticism and influence by priests outside the association, it is said to be in a flourishing condition; but the fact that only one-third the priests of the Archdiocese are members, whereas similar associations in other dioceses include the entire body of clergy, has attracted the attention of his grace, Archbishop Kain, and he is said to have expressed the hope that all the priests coming under his authority ishall be members; and to have intimated his intention, if the association shall not soon be made this comprehensive, to take such measures as will give it the character he desires for it. In this connection rumors of dissension within the association have been rife for some time, and it has been even reported that the organization was upon the verge of dissolution. This report, however, is not countenanced by the officers. Rev. Fr. J. A. Connolly of St. Teresa's, who is president of the association, said:

"I do not know what people outside the association may be saying, but I think I do know what is going on within it, and can say that it is a flourishing condition."

"Has there been any dispute in any case where relief has been applied for?"

"As to that, I can only say that whenever relief has been applied for in proper form it has invariably been granted. Indeed, the Board of Directors has no authority to refuse it. They can say whether relief shall or shall not be extended if the application is drawn conformably to the laws of the association—it is mandatory upon them to grant it."

"Do you, then, desire it to be inferred that the board have declined to afford relief because of informality in the application?"

"I do not want anything to be inferred, and simply state the fact as to the board's policy."

"Do you know what Archbishop Kain's policy is with reference to membership in the association?"

"I do not. But I understand that he will attend the next quarterly meeting of the board, to be held in July, and that if he has any wish to express concerning the association he will then make it known. I understand that the laws of the association are not satisfactory to some who are not members, and they have been told that if they will join they may have the privilege of offering amendments thereto, but as long as they are not members they can have nothing to say."

Rev. Fr. O. J. McDonald of the Board of Directors said: "There is no friction whatever between the members of the Association and the Archbishop. On the contrary, there is the best of feeling because the purposes of the association and that of such an association as the Archbishop would have are the same. It is the wish of the Archbishop that such a society as this association shall include all the clergy in the archdiocese. The next meeting of the board will be held in July at the residence of Rev. Fr. Shea of St. Kevin's, and the Archbishop has promised to be present. If his grace has any wish to express regarding the Association, he will doubtless make it known."

It is understood that the manner and form of extending relief to members is the cause of so large a proportion of the clergy of the Archdiocese remaining outside the Association; and that the effort of the Archbishop will be to bring all the priests into it or, in the event of failure to do that, to create a new organization, having the same objects in view, and membership in which will not be discretionary but obligatory upon the priests.

Etoeher Must Answer.

John Stoeher, a saloonkeeper on Broadway, near Laml street, was arrested last night on a bench warrant issued by Judge Edmunds at the request of the May Grand-jury. Stoeher is charged with killing John Priesow. On the night of Jan. 7 last a crowd of men refused to pay for drinks in Stoeher's saloon. Several of them attempted to go behind the counter and assault the saloonkeeper, who drew a revolver and fired, the bullet killing Prielow almost instantly. Stoeher was discharged at the preliminary hearing in the Court of Criminal Correction. The relatives of Prielow brought the matter to the attention of the Grand-jury.

Bircher Street Bridge.

At the meeting of the City Council last night Mayor Walbridge submitted the correspondence which had passed between himself and Maj. C. C. Rainwater, President of the Merchants' Bridge Terminal Co., relative to the Bircher street bridge. The company wished the Mayor to stay his order of removal until an amendatory ordinance was passed. This the Mayor refused. The documents were referred to the Committee on Public Improvements.

The Board of Public Improvements acted yesterday upon the same communications and ordered the bridge removed at once.

Legion of Honor Anniversary.

The Legion of Honor will celebrate its fifteenth anniversary with a reunion of all the members at the Armory Hall, Nineteeth and Pine streets, this evening. The Entertainment Committee have prepared an extensive programme, including joint initiation by all the Councils. A jolly evening is anticipated.

The Valkyrie Not Lost.

LONDON, May 19.—Commandatore Ignazio Florio, who purchased the British cutter Valkyrie I from Lord Dunraven, which vessel was reported to have foundered with the loss of all hands, has telegraphed from Palermo to a friend in this city declaring that there is no truth in the report that the yacht has been wrecked. The commandatore adds that the Valkyrie I is safely afloat.

MATTERS OF MUCH INTEREST.

Some of the Features Which Will Mark the Next Sunday Post-Dispatch.

MARTHA DEAN.—There is one factor in life in St. Louis which is a great danger to the moral welfare of men and women of all ages and social conditions. Martha Dean has investigated it and will tell and picture what she saw during a trip through certain districts.

WHAT GORILLAS SAY.—Prof. Garner is now ready to publish under his own signature the result of his investigation into the language of gorillas, and he will do this in a very interesting article in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

AMERICAN WOMEN.—Mr. Edward Atkinson, the noted social economist, has very clear views on the progress of the movement in behalf of women. In an article in the next SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH he will tell what rights women have won, which are benefits and which injuries to the race. The subject of woman in the positions men ought to fill is very ably treated.

STUDY YOUR HEAD.—Nearly every head is shaped like a potato, and a hatter gives diagrams to prove it. Among them are diagrams of the heads of some of the most distinguished men of the age.

THE DESERT BLOOMS.—An arid waste in a Western State has been turned into a garden spot by irrigation and a very interesting description of the work and the results will be given in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

SCHOOLBOY SOLDIERS.—One of the picturesque sights on the streets nowadays is the uniform of the military companies organized in two of the large universities. The SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will give a description of these organizations with pictures of the officers.

BILL NYE.—The entertaining humorist gives an account of his visit to a Western jail and tells some stories about the fight at Coffeyville, Kan., when the Daltons robbed a bank there.

TEACHING ERRORS.—It is demonstrable that one of the text books foisted on the children of the public schools contains numerous errors and positive misinformation, and this will be shown in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

THE WORLD OF FASHION.—Exact and late information concerning new styles is what women want and it will be given them in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH with handsome illustrations.

CORRESPONDENTS.—With its own and THE NEW YORK WORLD'S correspondents in the service of the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH it can readily promise all the news from pole to pole.

Struck by a Train.

IRONDALE, Mo., May 19.—Phillip McCarron, a young man of this place, sat down too near the track and was struck by an express train, receiving an ugly scalp wound and many bruises.

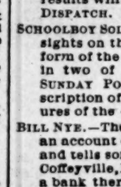
There Are Some People

Who believe in "the longest way around." The average traveler doesn't. That's why so many people take the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern Railway (O. & M. Ry.) for Cincinnati and Louisville. They know that with Pullman Dining Cars, Elegant New Parlor Cars and Drawing-room Sleeping Cars, their demands as to comfort will be met. Better accommodations and faster time than any competitor. Ticket Office, No. 105 North Broadway, St. Louis.

STOLEN WATCH RECOVERED.—A gold watch, stolen from the residence of Edward Giles at Ferguson, on May 6, was recovered yesterday by Detectives Frese and Vienie in Nathan Gayler's second-hand store, 106 North Leves. Gayler was arrested on a charge of secreting stolen property because he had denied having the watch. He then said that he gave an unknown negro $5 for the watch last Tuesday.

BABY'S BAD ECZEMA

Head one Solid Sore. Itching Awful. Had to Tie His Hands to Cradle. Speedily Cured by Cuticura.



Our little boy broke out on his head with a bad form of eczema, when he was four months old. We tried three doctors, but they did not help him. We then used your three CUTICURA REMEDIES, and after using them eleven weeks exactly according to directions, he began to steadily improve, and after the use of them for seven months his head was entirely well. When we began using it his head was a solid sore from the crown to his eyebrows. It was also all over his ears, most of his face, and small places on different parts of his body. There were sixteen weeks that we had to keep his hands tied to the cradle and hold them when he was taken up; and had to keep mittens tied on his hands to prevent scratching. Terrible sores, as he would scratch if he could in any way get his hands loose. We know your CUTICURA REMEDIES cured him. We feel safe in recommending them to others.

GEO. B. & JANETTA HARRIS, Webster, Ind.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS

Parents to know that a single application of the CUTICURA REMEDIES will afford instant relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure in the most torturing and disfiguring of skin and scalp diseases, and not to use them is to fail in your duty. CUTICURA REMEDIES are the purest, sweetest and most effective skin cures, blood purifiers and humor remedies ever compounded. They appeal with irrisistible force to mothers, nurses and all having the care of children. Parents should remember that cures made in childhood are speedy, economical and permanent.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Proprietors, Boston.

"How to Cure Skin Diseases," mailed free.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by CUTICURA SOAP. Absolutely pure.

PAINS AND WEAKNESSES

Of females instantly relieved by that new, elegant, and infallible Antidote to Pain, Inflammation, and Weakness, the **Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster.**

That Tired Feeling

Means danger. It is a serious condition and will lead to disastrous results if it is not overcome at once. It is a sure sign that the blood is impoverished and impure. The best remedy is found in

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which makes rich, healthy blood and thus gives strength and elasticity to the muscles, vigor to the brain, and health and vitality to every part of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes the Weak Strong

Be sure to get HOOD'S and only HOOD'S.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Benjamin C. Horan and Lillie Horan, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 23d day of May, 1892, recorded in book 1,097, page 11, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot in city block thirty-eight hundred and seventy-nine south (3879 S.), containing a front of thirty-two (32) feet eleven (11) inches in the north line of Westminster place (as established by ordinance 16,139) by a depth northwarding between parallel lines of one hundred and ninety-five (195) feet, more or less, to the south line of an alley fifteen feet wide; bounded north by said alley, south by said Westminster Place, west by property of Edwin A. Sheble, now or formerly, and east by a line parallel with and two hundred feet west of the west line of Euclid Avenue, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas, in and by said deed of trust, the said Benjamin C. Horan and Lillie Horan, for further securing the payment of said notes, among other things, covenanted and agreed to cause all taxes and assessments, general and special, then existing against said property to be paid and discharged on demand; and further that during the pendency of the trust the taxes of record would promptly pay and discharge as and when due and payable, respectively, all and singular such taxes, levies or assessments as may or shall be by any lawful authority, whether general or special, or imposed on said property or against any part thereof; and whereas it is in and by said deed provided in the event that default be made in the performance of the covenants and agreements of said deed, or any one of them, that the undersigned may proceed to sell the property conveyed, or any part thereof; and whereas default has been made in said deed, and Hogan have made default in the payment of taxes assessed against said property for 1892 and 1893. both general and special, and such taxes are yet due and unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will on Monday, the 4th day of June, 1894, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN C. ORRICK, Trustee.
SAMUEL P. CHILD, Sheriff, City St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., May 11, 1894. 1008

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Peter Carlson and Annie Carlson, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 16th day of April, 1892, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, in book 1,187, page 28, conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots forty-two (42) and the west half of lot forty-three (43) of Bell Avenue Addition, in city block 2641, containing together a front of thirty-seven feet six inches (37 ft. 6 in.) on the north line of Bell avenue by a depth northwardly of one hundred and forty (140) feet to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide; in trust to secure the payment of certain promisory notes in said deed specified; and whereas one of said notes is now past due and remains unpaid, and the holder thereof has requested me to sell the property conveyed in said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will on Monday, the 28th day of May, 1894, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. of SATURDAY, THE 2D DAY OF JUNE, 1894, for the purposes of said trust.

JAS. A. HENDERSON, Trustee.
May 12, 1894. 1016

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, ANTON Meglitsch, a single and unmarried man of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, by his deed of trust dated the 19th day of September, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the said city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 1,116, page 179, conveyed to the undersigned, trustee, the following described real estate to wit: The eastern half (½) of lot numbered forty-five (45) of Green and Berry's third subdivision, and in city block numbered forty-four hundred and eighty-three (4483) of the said city of St. Louis, containing a frontage of twenty-eight (28) feet and three (3) inches on the south line of Lucas avenue, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and fifty-five (155) feet, to a public alley fifteen (15) feet wide; bounded on the north by Greer avenue, on the south by said alley, on the east by the eastern line of said subdivision in said city block, and on the west by the remaining portion, (twenty-eight (28) feet and three (3) inches) of the said numbered forty-five (45) of said subdivision; in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed specified and whereas one of said notes is now past due and remains unpaid, and under provisions of the legal holder of said note, and under provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said property for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. of Wednesday, the 30th day of May, A. D. 1894, for the purpose of said trust.

OTTO L. MEISMAN, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., May 5, 1894. 974

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1894, of said Court, to me directed, wherein John Kearney is plaintiff and Katherine Price, Milo T. Bogard, the Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 2, the Western Union Building and Loan Association, No 3, the Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 4, the Western Union Building and Loan Association, No. 5, the Fidelity Realty Co. and J. H. Maddock, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estated, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded and in said execution described as follows, to-wit: First: The eastern 16 feet of lot No. 9 and the western 24 feet of lot No. 10 in Block No. 4 of White place, city block 2611 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, containing an aggregate frontage of 40 feet on the south line of Margaretta avenue by a depth southwardly of 120 feet 2½ inches, by equal width between parallel lines to the proposed alley, bounded on the north by Margaretta avenue, on the east by the remaining portion of lot No. 10, and on the south by proposed alley, and on the west by the remaining portion of lot No. 9. Second: The eastern 26 feet of lot No. 10 and the western 14 feet of lot No. 11 in block 14 of White place, and in city block No. 2611 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, containing an aggregate frontage of 40 feet on the south line of Margaretta avenue by a depth southwardly between parallel lines of 120 feet 2½ inches, bounded on the north by Margaretta avenue, on the east by remaining portion of said lot No. 11, on the south by alley and on the west by portion of said lot No. 10, and the two certain detached two-story frame dwelling-houses with sheds and fences erected thereon; and I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JUNE, 1894,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK JOYCE, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., May 14, 1894. 1020

LEGAL.

ESTATE of Hermann Baerman, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Hermann Baerman, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 4th day of May, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1894.

EMILIE BAERMAN, Administratrix.
HENRY KORTJOHN & SON, Attorneys, Laclede Building. 969

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Catharine Finigan, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor in charge of said estate, will make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

JAMES P. FINIGAN,
Executor of the last will of Catharine Finigan, Deceased.
St. Louis, May 5, 1894. 975

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Mary D. Patchin, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

LINDELL GORDON, Executor.
St. Louis, April 25, 1894. 855

STOCKHOLDERS' NOTICE—In pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors notice is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders in the Northwestern National Bank will be held on Tuesday, the 22d day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of said bank, in the city of St. Louis, at the southeast corner of Fourth and Market streets, for the purpose being to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital of said bank from $100,000 to $200,000.

ARNOLD BECK, President.
P. OBERNIER, Cashier. 501

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Physicians' Supply Co. will be held at the office of the company, at 2301 Olive st., in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, the 26th day of June, 1894, at 9 a. m., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition then and there to be submitted to increase the capital stock of said company from $10,000, its present authorized capital, to $25,000, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

C. M. RILEY, President.
C. E. HAZZARD, Secretary.
A majority of the Board of Directors.
Dated April 21, 1894. 751

NOTICE of Administrator, De Bonis Non—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration de bonis non upon the estate of D. A. Dixon, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, bearing date the 2d day of March, 1894.

The authority of Walter T. Dixon, the former Administrator of said estate, ceased on the 15th day of February, 1894, by reason of his decease.

CHAS. H. DIXON,
Administrator De Bonis Non of D. A. Dixon, Deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., May 5, 1894. 978

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF DISCHARGE—Notice is hereby given that the creditors of Henry J. Sieving that on Tuesday, the 12th day of June, 1894, at the opening of court, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, I shall apply to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, Missouri, for a discharge from my trust as such assignee of said Henry J. C. Sieving. WM. P. DORAN, Assignee.
St. Louis, Mo., April 27th, 1894. 840

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Helena Wahoff, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

FREDERICK WAHOFF,
Executor of Helena Wahoff, Deceased.
HERM. J. KREMBS, Agent for Executor.
St. Louis, May 5, 1894. 981

IN THE MATTER of the voluntary assignment of August W. Sinz—Notice is hereby given to the creditors and others interested in the estate of August W. Sinz that I will on Monday the 28th day of June, 1894, apply to the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in room 5 thereof, for a discharge from my trust as assignee of said August W. Sinz.

JULIUS WEIL, Assignee.
SALE & SALE, Attorneys. 753

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Herman Sonnenfeld, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof, at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June next.

CATHARINE KEHRT, Administratrix of said estate.
St. Louis, April 28, 1894. 858

LEGAL.

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis, March term, 1894. Wednesday, March 21, A. D. 1894. Estate of William H. Hillery—Order of publication and personal service.

Now, at this day, comes William C. Richardson, Public Administrator, in charge of the estate of William H. Hillery, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaing debts due by said estate and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof, it is ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application, as aforesaid, has been made, and that unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole, or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 28th day of April, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
859

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—By authority and virtue of an order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, made at its March term, 1894, in the matter of the estate of Wm. Kogelschatz, deceased, the undersigned, St. Louis Trust Company, administrator de bonis non, will, in pursuance of said order, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

at the east front door of the Court-house of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, and during the session of the Circuit Court of said city, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of that day, expose to sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of the estate of said deceased in the following described real estate in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:

1. A lot of ground in city block 3556, described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of said block, being a point where the north line of Warren street intersects the east line of Eleventh street and running northwardly along the east line of Eleventh street, 40 feet to a point; thence eastwardly and parallel with Warren street 75 feet, more or less, to the western line of a private alley; thence southwardly with the western line of said private alley 40 feet to the north line of Warren street; thence westwardly with the north line of Warren street 75 feet to the place of beginning.

Also all the right, title and interest in and to said private alley acquired by said William Kogelschatz from Mary E. Boyd, by a trustee's deed dated April 25, 1878, and recorded in book 956, page 50, in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis. Together with the following improvements thereon, consisting of a double two-story brick dwelling.

2. Lot 78 and the western part of lot 72 of block 16 of Labadie & Lynch's addition to the City of St. Louis, and in city block 1453, having an aggregate front of 38 feet on the south line of Shamrock street, with a depth southwardly of 155 feet 4 inches, more or less, acquired by said William Kogelschatz from Caroline Maier by deed dated April 29, 1879, and recorded in book 1533, page 549, of said Recorder's office.

Terms of sale: One-third of the purchase money in cash and the balance in two equal installments, payable in one and two years respectively from the date of sale, the deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, and to be secured by a deed of trust on the property sold, or at the option of the purchaser the entire purchase money, or more than one-third thereof, may be paid in cash.

ST. LOUIS TRUST CO.
Administrator de bonis non of the estate of William Kogelschatz, deceased.
JOHN D. LEE, Attorney. 850

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, April term, 1894, Friday, April 27, 1894. The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Henry Ziegenhein, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, vs. (4,974) Nathan D. Allen et al.

Now at this day comes the relator by attorney and shows to the court the petition filed herein this day, duly verified by his affidavit, and stating that there are persons interested in the lot or tract of land described in said petition, as personal representative, distributees, heirs at law or assignees of Frank P. Blair, whose names he cannot insert in the petition because they are unknown to him, and that their interest is that of owner in fee simple of the aforesaid property created by a certain deed of trust executed by Isaac Seamell to Trustee of Frank P. Blair, said deed being recorded in book 979, page 394, &c., of Recorder's office, and that the interest of such persons is derived from said Frank P. Blair, as his personal representatives, distributees, heirs at law, or his assignees, and stating also, that there are certain other persons interested in the lot or tract of land described in said petition, as heirs at law of Mary A. K. Seamell, who was the owner of the record fee simple title to said property at her death, and that the interest of such persons is derived from said Mary A. K. Seamell as her heirs at law; and the court being satisfied that the necessary requisites of law cannot be served upon the said unknown personal representatives, distributees, heirs at law or assignees of Frank P. Blair and the unknown heirs of Mary A. K. Scamell, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the State of Missouri for the delinquent taxes of the year 1892, amounting to the sum of four dollars and seventy-seven cents, together with interest and cost, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being within the city of St. Louis, to-wit: "A lot of ground in city block No. 1428, commencing at a point twenty feet (more or less) on south line of Magnolia avenue (formerly Ranahannock street), by a depth of 140 feet 6¾ inches, being lot 53 of Block 16 of Labadie & Lynch's addition." And unless they appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of June next, and, on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 28th day of April, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
849

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, April term, 1894, Friday, April 27, 1894. Irene I. Pangburn vs. (152, June term, 1894.) William E. Pangburn.

Now at this day comes plaintiff by attorney, and files a petition duly verified by affidavit, from which it appears that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of plaintiff, has absented himself from the plaintiff without a reasonable cause for the space of more than one whole year, to-wit: From January, 1893, and that defendant has offered to plaintiff such indignities as to render her condition intolerable, and that defendant has failed, neglected and refused to provide any support for plaintiff, and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 28th day of April, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
848

STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, April term, 1894, Friday, April 27, 1894. M. O. Nelson Manufacturing Co. vs. Cervecaria Cuauhtemoc, 92,776. Attachment.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the court from the affidavit filed in this cause that defendant is a non-residents of the State of Missouri. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered, that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against it for the sum of one thousand and ninety-one and ninety-eight one-hundredths dollars, interest and costs, on account of goods, wares and merchandise sold and delivered to defendants by plaintiff at its special instance and request, and that its property has been attached; and unless it appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against it and its property sold to satisfy the same. And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness, my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 28th day of April, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
859

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—By authority and virtue of an order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, made at its March term, 1894, in the matter of the estate of Mary Buschatz, deceased, the undersigned, St. Louis Trust Company, administrator de bonis non, will, in pursuance of said order, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF MAY, 1894,

at the east front door of the Court-house of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, and during the session of the Circuit Court of said city, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 5 p. m. of that day, expose to sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of the estate of said deceased in the following described real estate in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwest corner of said block, being a point where the north line of Warren street intersects the east line of Eleventh street and running northwardly along the east line of Eleventh street, 40 feet to a point; thence eastwardly and parallel with Warren street 75 feet, more or less, to the western line of a private alley; thence southwardly with the western line of said private alley 40 feet to the north line of Warren street; thence westwardly with the north line of Warren street 75 feet to the place of beginning.

Also all the right, title and interest in and to said private alley acquired by said William Kogelschatz from Mary E. Boyd, by a trustee's deed dated April 25, 1878, and recorded in book 956, page 50, in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis. Together with the following improvements thereon, consisting of a double two-story brick dwelling.

2. Lot 78 and the western part of lot 72 of block 16 of Labadie & Lynch's addition to the City of St. Louis, and in city block 1453, having an aggregate front of 38 feet on the south line of Shamrock street, with a depth southwardly of 155 feet 4 inches, more or less, acquired by said William Kogelschatz from Caroline Maier by deed dated April 29, 1879, and recorded in book 1533, page 549, of said Recorder's office.

Terms of sale: One-third of the purchase money in cash and the balance in two equal installments, payable in one and two years respectively from the date of sale, the deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, and to be secured by a deed of trust on the property sold, or at the option of the purchaser the entire purchase money, or more than one-third thereof, may be paid in cash.

ST. LOUIS TRUST CO.
Administrator de bonis non of the estate of William Kogelschatz, deceased.
JOHN D. LEE, Attorney. 850

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, April term, 1894, Friday, April 27, 1894. The State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Henry Ziegenhein, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, vs. (4,974) Nathan D. Allen et al.

Now at this day comes the relator by attorney and shows to the court the petition filed herein this day, duly verified by his affidavit, and stating that there are persons interested in the lot or tract of land described in said petition, as personal representatives, distributees, heirs at law or assignees of Frank P. Blair, whose names he cannot insert in the petition because they are unknown to him, and that their interest is that of owner in fee simple of the aforesaid property created by a certain deed of trust executed by Isaac Seamell to Trustee of Frank P. Blair, said deed being recorded in book 979, page 394, &c., of Recorder's office, and that the interest of such persons is derived from said Frank P. Blair, as his personal representatives, distributees, heirs at law, or his assignees, and stating also, that there are certain other persons interested in the lot or tract of land described in said petition, as heirs at law of Mary A. K. Seamell, who was the owner of the record fee simple title to said property at her death, and that the interest of such persons is derived from said Mary A. K. Seamell as her heirs at law; and the court being satisfied that the necessary requisites of law cannot be served upon the said unknown personal representatives, distributees, heirs at law or assignees of Frank P. Blair and the unknown heirs of Mary A. K. Scamell, it is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and others, the object and general nature of which is to enforce the lien of the State of Missouri for the delinquent taxes of the year 1892, amounting to the sum of four dollars and seventy-seven cents, together with interest and cost, against the following described real estate, situate, lying and being within the city of St. Louis, to-wit: "A lot of ground in city block No. 1428, commencing at a point twenty feet (more or less) on south line of Magnolia avenue (formerly Ranahannock street), by a depth of 140 feet 6¾ inches, being lot 53 of Block 16 of Labadie & Lynch's addition." And unless they appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of June next, and, on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against them as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 28th day of April, 1894.

[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPP, Clerk.
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STATE of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, April term, 1894, Wednesday, April 11, 1894, William J. Schrader vs. Badie Schrader (21 June Jr., 1894).

It appearing from the affidavit filed with the petition herein that said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that the defendant, wholly disregarding

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JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1894.

WILL the gate of the Republican party of Missouri be left open for A. P. A. allies?

THE old phrase, "Honor among thieves," has a new form—"Senatorial courtesy."

THE more the monopolies are fed the hungrier they get. They are Gormandizing always.

THE Ashland District need not ask Breckinridge to withdraw. It can easily withdraw Breckinridge.

THE spring poets were all in bed late this morning, under extra blankets and warming their feet on hot bottles.

GROVER CLEVELAND should read his letter of acceptance and inaugural address, and make Olney listen. There is instruction in them which both seem to need.

The price of the Daily Post-Dispatch is 2 cents. Don't give more—all newsboys are provided with pennies, new and bright, for change. All the news for 2 cents—why spend 5 cents?

WHITNEY "had business relations with Havemeyer, Searles and Benedict" during the year 1892. And back of Whitney stand several shadowy figures whose identity the people would like to have disclosed.

THE fact that Adlai does not show anger when he is mentioned in a presidential way may not be positive evidence of his willingness, but a Vice-President may have a boomlet as well as any other statesman.

WHEN the Republicans are in power they make high tariffs and when they are out they filibuster and obstruct the public business. Do they suppose that this sort of work entitles the party to popular confidence?

COL. LAPHAM of Rhode Island says that American-made steel wire nails are selling in England for a cent a pound, which is less than the wholesale price in this country. How much longer is the American consumer to be bled for the benefit of the blarsted Britisher?

SENATOR MILLS says that he did not receive Mr. Havemeyer when he came with that letter of introduction from Secretary Carlisle because "prudence dictated that that he should not." In the light of recent revelations the Texas Senator is to be congratulated on his prudence.

IT is one of the humors of the political situation that the Republicans expect to get back into power, not because of their own virtues, but on account of the blunders and crimes of Democrats. It is a great point gained when the other fellow is proved as bad or worse than one's self.

THE rural Republicans of Missouri may not know so much about finance as those who dwell in the cities, but there are more of them and that's what puts the mottoes on the party banners. They will have a Bland silver motto on their campaign banner in spite of all the cities in Missouri.

SUGAR TRUST stock of $75,000,000 sells for more than par. The plant owned by the combine is not worth $25,000,000. In other words, dividends are paid on 200 per cent in excess of the actual investment, and yet Senators are willing to give the gang still higher profit out of a close monopoly. But, perhaps, these favors are not given away.

THE strong-minded woman who declares that there are still some women who chew gum and believe all that men tell them, speaks the truth. Did not some innocent young New England women go to Washington to tell Congress that some of the "smartest men in Meriden" had told them the Wilson bill would deprive all poor girls of employment?

"BLAND is the G. O. M. of the silver section of the Democracy, and that is the biggest end of the party, too," says the *Globe-Democrat*. This is true, and with equal truth the *Globe-Democrat* might add: "Van Horn, editor of the Kansas City *Journal*, is the G. O. M. of the silver section of the Western Republicans, and that is the biggest end of the party, too, in every State west of the Mississippi."

THE Democratic Senators who have McKinleyized the Wilson bill in committee are under suspicion, and every Democrat who votes for the proposed amendments will help to confirm the charges of bribery and corruption which are so freely made. Apparently the only way for them to save their reputation is to go back to the Wilson bill and put it through. Any other course will look like a dicker with the devil.

AN alarmed Eastern journal declares that the income tax will naturally lead to legal limitations of income and legal limitations of wealth. It would indeed create widespread misery were a man's wealth to be limited to $20,000,000, compelling him, as it were, to make over to his brother-in-law every million he made after he had reached those figures. At its present rate of law-making, however, Congress will scarcely arrive at the multi-millionaire cut-off for a century or two.

THE Kansas City *Journal*, supported by the entire Republican press of the State outside of St. Louis, will stand up for the West and put bimetallic free coinage on a parity basis in their State platform in spite of all the St. Louis delegation can do to prevent it. But it is hardly possible that they will be as frank as the Democrats were in putting in a plank condemning the spirit and mission of the A. P. A. in politics. The Republicans have elected too many local candidates by secretly working the A. P. A. for all it is worth.

NO SURRENDER.

It becomes clearer every day that in accepting that patch-work of treachery, corruption and cowardice—the Gorman compromise—the Senate Finance Committee has committed a stupendous blunder. It has sacrificed Democratic principles and purposes without apparent gain. The end in view, which was the adoption of some kind of a tariff bill by appeasing Republican opposition and satisfying Democratic conservatives, is as far from realization as ever.

The truth is it was a hopeless and foolish task to attempt to appease the one and satisfy the other. It could not be done, because the only object of the Republicans is to destroy the Democratic party, and the only object of the Democratic traitors was to make use of the party for their own selfish ends. The Democratic majority in the Senate could not satisfy either without proving false to every principle and pledge for which it stands before the people.

But even if the end in view could be accomplished by this compromise it would still be a monstrous blunder. The adoption of the compromise amendments would be fatal to the Democratic party. It would plunge it in dishonor and bring it into the contempt of all honest men. It would force the party into a campaign of explanation and apology. It would deprive it of every ground of merit upon which to ask the support of the people.

There is only one honorable course for honest Democrats in Congress, and that is to fight this McKinleyized bill. If it cannot be killed in the Senate it should be killed in conference. Every member of the Senate should be made to go on record in a vote for the Wilson bill or something better. If tariff reform is to be defeated the responsibility should be placed where it belongs. It would be better for the Democratic party to fight for a genuine tariff bill and lose than to earn the dishonor of passing a sham bill, plastered with dishonorable dickers and corrupt bargains.

But it is highly probable that courage would win. It is doubtful if any of the Senators who have been trying under cover to knife tariff reform has the courage of his treachery.

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SUGAR IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

The New York correspondent of the Chicago *Times* tells a story of the Sugar Trust conspiracy which leads directly to the doors of the White House.

In 1892, it is alleged, negotiations were opened with the Cleveland managers. An agreement was reached "as to the disposition of the administration if Cleveland were elected toward the sugar refining industry of the United States."

The President's Hawaiian policy, it is charged, was dictated by the trust:

Because Havemeyer, Searles and Benedict had thrown a fortune in his way by tipping off to him the movements of the sugar market. Not only was he personally beholden to the trust for large additions to his private fortune, but he owed to the trust not a little of his political success.

A large sum was paid over to the campaign managers and still more was distributed among Senators. This was given upon the distinct pledge that the Senate should sit heavily upon all legislation inimical to the trust that might originate in the House.

When the Wilson bill appeared in the House the trust was not disturbed. "We don't care what the House does," said an agent of the trust, whose words are quoted by the *Times* correspondent, "we own the Senate and we control the people at the other end of the avenue. No bill will become a law which will threaten our business."

But when the bill went to the Senate, Havemeyer, Searles and Benedict informed Lamont that it was time to bring that pressure to bear. Carlisle was sent direct from the President to the Democratic members of the Senate Finance Committee in informal meeting and made a remarkable speech, "substantially this:"

Gentlemen, there is one thing that I am bound to say to you as earnestly and impressively as I can do it. No party or the representatives of no party can afford to ignore honorable obligations. I want to say to you that there seems to be danger that this is going to be done. Gentlemen associated with the sugar-refining interests (I may tell you what perhaps you do not know) have in the last two years made certain gifts in certain quarters which were of material assistance in insuring the success of certain party leaders. They contributed several hundred thousand dollars and at a time when money was urgently needed. I tell you that it would be wrong, it would be infamous, after having accepted that important contribution, given at a time when it was imperatively needed, now to turn around and strike down the men who gave it. It must not be done. I trust that you will prepare an amendment to the bill which will be reasonable and in some measure satisfactory to these interests.

If Secretary Carlisle made any such speech he has earned immortal infamy. It is too shocking to be believed. It is incredible that any man so honored by the people would prove such a wolf when trusted to guard the lambs. But unfortunately it seems to be true that Secretary Carlisle did send Havemeyer to Senator Mills with a letter of introduction under such circumstances that Mills refused to see the Sugar Trust magnate. Unless such stories as these are silenced by disproof and by the legislative destruction of the Sugar Trust we shall have another national scandal as deplorable as that of the Credit Mobilier.

NOT OVER-PRODUCTION.

The extreme plutocratic organs can find no cause for the slump in the price of wheat except over-production. We have more wheat than we can use, they say, and the outside world does not want the surplus.

Do we use all the wheat we ought to use, and are our farmers unable to dispose of their wheat in outside markets profitably because the people do not need or want it?

During the past winter there was scarcely a city of any size that did not have a special relief fund to supply the unemployed with enough bread to keep life in them. The country is racked with strikes and labor troubles. Several hundred thousand miners are protesting that they are compelled to work for wages which force them and their families into slow starvation.

In Europe the situation is worse. Millions of people barely exist on short rations. Many of them do not know the taste of wheaten bread and to many others it is a rare luxury. Reduced as the price of wheat has been, millions of civilized people cannot get enough, and although the cost of production has been greatly cut down, the wheat-growers cannot make a profit.

Yet with these conditions existing among the bread producers and the bread eaters millions of dollars are made out of the profits of monopoly and out of legislative privileges in restraint of trade. The money standard of the commercial world is appreciating so rapidly that every school of intelligent financiers recognizes and protests against it as an oppressive outrage.

We shall have to look elsewhere than to over-production for the cause of the misfortunes under which the producers of this country are suffering. The fact that they are producing at a loss, although the needs of the world are not supplied, shows that something else is wrong and that somebody is getting more fat than he is entitled to. Doubtless this accounts for the eagerness of plutocratic organs to prove that there is over-production.

WHEN the city authorities determined to use Washington Square for the new City Hall site the question of the right of the city to do so was supposed to be settled. The best legal opinion was secured to the effect that this use of the square was not a diversion of it in a legal sense from the original purpose for which it was obtained. It was decided that the Smith family had not a shadow of title to the land. But now a bill is introduced to pay the Smith heirs $30,000 and City Counselor Marshall says the city will save money by the adoption of the bill. Against City Counselor Marshall's opinion there is the original decision of the city authorities and the present opinion of ex-City Counselor Bell, whose legal attainments and good judgment are known, and who says the city had just as well throw the money into the river as pass this proposed appropriation. There is something queer about this. Somebody has blundered or a nice little job lurks in the bill. If there is anything in law there is nothing in reason to induce the city to make this gift and the legal opinion against is certainly as good as that for it. The treasury is not in condition to warrant making gifts of $30,000.

THE Lodge resolution providing for a committee to investigate the charges made against certain Senators is, in terms, broad enough, and if its purpose is accomplished nobody need complain. But this is easier said than done. The resolution contemplates an inquiry not only into flat bribery, but into speculation in sugar stocks and by inference into the doings of retained Senators. It also proposes to find out about campaign contributions made by corporations to either or both parties. This is comprehensive enough, but will not Mr. Lodge's zeal cool when the clews begin to lead to Republican Senators. It is notorious that there have been "retained" legislators of that persuasion in both Houses for years. Will the Senator from Massachusetts lead his committee along these clews? It is to be hoped that he will, but his public career justifies the belief that he will meet with paralyzing discouragement, for there is no fun, for men like Lodge, in smirching the other fellow if one's own party friends are to be tarred with the same stick.

THERE is a renewal of the apprehensions that Queen Victoria is becoming, or has become, a Roman Catholic. It is charged "that in Florence on Palm Sunday she sent Princess Beatrice to request the rector of the church nearest her villa to let her have a consecrated palm and also some holy water; that she manifested the utmost reverence and veneration each time that she met either the sacrament or any religious procession when out driving; that the object of her daily excursion was generally some sacred site considered as holy by Catholic pilgrims, and, finally, that she showed infinitely greater consideration and graciousness toward the Catholic Episcopal dignitaries at Florence than toward the Archbishop of Canterbury, who was staying at the time in the same city as his sovereign." It would not be surprising if the Prince of Wales had artfully sought to bring about the conversion of the old lady, because the British constitution would give him the throne in case of her turning Roman Catholic, but it is most likely that the Queen is merely disposed to be liberal in her religious views, as becomes a sovereign.

A COLLEGE-BRED young man who is employed at the bargain counter in a New York store bewails the fact that several of his friends, who left school at 10, 12 and 14, all have better jobs than his in the same store. One is superintendent and another is assistant superintendent, and the assistant superintendent keeps saying ironically, "I never went to college." Evidently the dry goods business is not the path to wealth or fame for a young man from college. He does better to hurl his Greek and Latin at the obstreperous steer in the far West.

EMPEROR WILLIAM has refused to publish some poems that he has written. Perhaps he supposes that the papers would publish them merely because he is Emperor, and that such a publication would reflect no honor on the author. He could, however, have them published over the signature of Johann Schulze and the public could applaud their merit free from the glamor that royalty casts over original poetry.

ENGLISHMEN will probably not rebel because Emperor William of Germany has been made honorary Colonel of the First Dragoon Guards of the British Army. With a costly German royal family over them they are not likely to protest against German Colonels who draw no pay but honor.

O WHAT a lark!
Our own Champ Clark
Upon the rock Tarpeian,
A-droppin' traitors in the drink
With Uncle Sam's approvin' wink,
And all the folks a-seein'!

BY the decison of the Iowa Supreme Court persons who have paid for liquors purchased by dealers outside the State can recover what has been paid and are not responsible for the return of empty cases and kegs. Is Iowa endeavoring to build up home industries?

HOW DOES "de ole man" expect his party to win in Missouri when he tells other orators to hire a hall for a joint debate and then flunks when the hour for discussion arrives? What can all his schemes avail in the face of this damning fact?

AS THE tariff beneficiary sees it:
Oh, I'm no jay and I'm no yap,
I look to Uncle Sam for pap.
If he can help me in my biz,
I'd like to know whose biz it is.

THE editor of the De Soto *Facts* testifies he has seen an English sparrow devour two locusts. It is possible that the sparrow is looking for locusts when he sits around so much on the cornices.

COREA'S largest export is beans. The Coreans can never be a great people. If the New Englanders had exported their beans, who would have ever heard of New England or Boston?

"VICE rarely lingers around the washtub," writes an Illinois sage. But it does, frequently. Even the sewing machine has been known to support a man with a bad habit.

"THOUGHT shortens a long journey," says the Chicago *Herald*. Unhappily it often takes a man five or ten blocks beyond the place at which he intended to get off.

PADEREWSKI is said to be a bundle of nerves. What is the matter with his appearance as a bundle of hair?

Ask for It.

From THE NEW YORK WORLD.

Having satisfied the Sugar Trust, the Lead Trust and the monopolists in 400 other departments of production, the Senate "compromisers" on the tariff bill have now equitably permitted the Standard Oil Co. to grab what it wanted.

At the request of that criminal conspiracy they have restored to the bill the reciprocity clause which gives to the company so absolute a monopoly of the American market that it can and does sell oil to the people of this country at a price much higher than that which it charges European consumers for the same kind and quality. In other words, the Senate has graciously granted the Standard Oil people a continuance of their statutory privilege of practicing open extortion upon every consumer of oil in the country, thus robbing the people of millions every year.

If there are any others of the trusts and monopolies that have not yet got all they want in the tariff bill it is desirable that they shall come forward with their demands at once, so that whatever they want may be granted and the work of passing the bill go forward. There is a tenderness for trusts in the Senate Chamber which will not permit the denial of any demand from that quarter, particularly while the stock market offers to Senators the opportunities incident to early "inside" information.

Schedule your wants, gentlemen of the trusts, and let the bill be passed.

He Won't, Though.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The country will welcome Senator Aldrich to his task of exposing jobbery in tariff legislation. Let him begin by telling the exact truth and the whole truth about his own special efforts to serve the Sugar Trust in amending the McKinley tariff, and then let him show, to whatever extent truth will warrant, like efforts on the part of Democratic Senators to serve the Sugar Trust in amending the Wilson bill. The country wants the truth, and there are none who can so forcefully present the truth as those who, like Senator Aldrich, have been up to their eyes in serving the jobbers who sought monopoly profits in tariff legislation. We welcome the Rhode Island Senator to his task. Let him perform it without fear, favor or affection.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[No matter written on both sides of the sheet can appear under this head.—ED.]

[Bear in mind that it is against our rule to print any letter sent to this office unaccompanied by name and residence of writer.]

Land Tax and Merchants' Tax.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

It would be amusing, if it were not so serious, to see our big merchants squirming and chafing under excessive taxation as they are now doing under the "merchants and manufacturers' tax" on sales, stock and manufactured goods. When it is reflected that it is owing to the enterprise, business sagacity and industry of our merchants and manufacturers that our city grows and attracts attention of the commercial world and makes this city a desirable one in which to live and do more business, it seems, to a student of the new political economy, as foolish as it unfair and unjust to tax them for it. Paraphrased just a little, "What fools we mortals be!"

It's a good thing to have a flourishing, prosperous city and busy merchants and manufacturers. It's a good thing (that is, I believe it is) to have plenty of houses, plenty of hats, shoes, clothing—plenty to eat and all other good things that make life more enjoyable—plenty of schools, police and fire protection and all this. But why in the name of common sense shall we fine these men who do these things for us by a tax on business? The higher this tax on production the fewer the goods bought. Let's do away with all such nonsense. Let the merchant and manufacturer be free and unhampered. Stop increasing our bonded indebtedness—stop doing everything but the right things. The men who make things and do things should have the best right to get the benefit of their work. But, says some "smart Alec," if you abolish all these taxes on business, on the merchants and manufacturers, how are we going to get revenue?

Take it from a fund produced and being produced by the community as a whole. Every man, woman and child, pauper or millionaire in the city of St. Louis is silently by their very presence here giving value to land. This value is made by all, and should of right belong to all. In St. Louis this value now is more than sufficient for all its needs, but we are allowing it to go into private pockets—of those generally who are doing little to make the city what it is.

If St. Louis were to advertise that hereafter no merchant or manufacturer would be taxed on their sales or stock—that no licenses would be required for men to do business, there would be such a scrambling of men to get here that would be amazing. This fact would give greater value to land, but if this value went into the City Treasury the city would be gainer and would not have to issue bonds or impose any other tax, except the economic rent or land value tax. Taking rental, then, for public uses, would lower rent, relieve business of various taxes it now has and set labor of all kinds to work and raise wages and salaries. What a sad spectacle it is to hear some of our largest merchants, if they are quoted rightly in one of the morning papers, talk about going out of business on account of this "merchants' tax!" And yet one of these firms refused to sign a petition, the object of which was to enable men to discuss in public print any better methods of taxation. Land values in the city of St. Louis are now yielding to the landlords of the city about $20,000,000 annually. They pay back to the city about $5,000,000; the difference they pocket. In this estimate only land value is taken into consideration, not houses.

It is amazing to me in the face of this that our city fathers are at a loss as to how to raise revenue. Land values belong to the community that makes them and not to private individuals. Take these values by a tax upon them and the city will have all it wants. S. L. MOSER.

St. Louis and Her Democratic Vote.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your reference yesterday to my remarks in seconding the nomination of Capt. Dan Able for Railroad Commissioner in the Democratic State Convention the impression is left, I fear, on the minds of readers that my argument for the recognition of St. Louis was based mainly on the fact that she pays two-thirds of all the taxes. In justice to the St. Louis Democracy I will please permit me to briefly present through your columns the points I endeavored to impress upon the convention. They were in substance as follows: That but for the 32,839 votes rolled up by the St. Louis Democracy in the last election, Gov. Wm. J. Stone would have been defeated by 3,000 votes and our fair commonwealth would to-day be under the domination of the Republican party; that the Democratic party being no stronger now, numerically, than in 1892, but weakened by internal dissensions, the success of the ticket this election would depend upon the St. Louis Democracy polling their full party vote.

No amount of eloquence or sophistry, I held, could change this. The inexorable logic of facts makes St. Louis the all important point in the approaching contest, and on our success or failure to hold her full Democratic vote rests our triumph or defeat next November. This being so, I contended that political wisdom dictated and the party welfare demanded that every possible encouragement should be given by the State Convention to the St. Louis Democracy. I reminded the convention that in the distribution of State and national patronage the collectorship of our port had been awarded to a citizen of Ralls County, the insurance commissionership to a citizen of Kansas City, the United States Marshalship to a citizen of Randolph County, the Coal Oil Inspectorship to a citizen of Cooper County and that among all the State officers, not strictly local, there is to be found but one St. Louis appointee, and yet the Democrats of St. Louis saved the day in the last election. I further contended that the recognition St. Louis sought was not based alone on what she has done or can do for the party, but on the eternal fitness of things. St. Louis asks for representation on the Board of Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners because she is the great railway and commercial center of the State; because she has within her borders one-fifth of the population of the State, and because she pays two-thirds of all the taxes.

These were the main points in my contention, and I hold that they are answerable and conclusive as to the justice of our claim for Capt. Able. CORTEZ A. KITCHEN.

A Standing Army of Coxeyites.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

"Necessity," it is said, "is the mother of invention," and something must be done to satisfy the hungry appetites of the commonwealers for something to do. I therefore suggest that the Government open recruiting stations all over the country, giving the Coxeyites the preference in enlistment. When mustered into the service, all should be provided with good uniforms and arms, which they should be required to keep scrupulously clean. As to the service, they may have three "drills" and four "roll-calls" per day. Rigid discipline should be maintained, with the usual supply of "hard-tack and sowbelly" as rations. Spare time may be employed on coast defenses and harbor and river improvements. Tramps and camp followers should be "drafted." The term of service should be three years or during the "panic." S. L. ISBELL.

A Disgrace to St. Louis.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Old Manchester road from Chouteau avenue to Tower Grove avenue. The sidewalks are dangerous and would not be tolerated in a first-class village—yesterday the water was four to six inches deep and the planks that serve as a sidewalk were afloat, street car tracks out of sight, in fact, this is the condition of the street after every storm. This is the principal route to Shaw's Garden and Tower Grove Park and gives visitors a very poor opinion of our City Fathers. The POST-DISPATCH is all powerful in good works—cannot you help us out of this mud and water, and thereby receive the prayers of hundreds of ladies and children?

J. P. WOSTENBERY.

Right in His Line.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

"Oh," said the lady lecturer, "I have had such a delightful conversation with the gentleman you saw bow to me as we left the train. He told me that the emancipation of woman had been his life-work for over so many years."

"Yes," said the woman who had come to meet her, "that is so. He has been a divorce lawyer ever since I could remember."

What Grover Cleveland Might Say.

From an Address by M. Casmir-Perier, Minister of the French Republic.

We must reform our morals at the same time as our laws. Those who enjoy a superfluity must form a larger idea of their social obligations and resign themselves to assuming a somewhat heavier portion of the public charges in order to relieve those who buy bread for their families with a daily wage.

GLAD DEMOCRATS.

Senators Gratified With the Tariff Bill's Progress.

THE REPUBLICANS HAVE NOT ABANDONED THEIR FIGHT.

A Sudden Change in Their Tactics—A Test Question—The Metal and Wool Schedules—Discussion on the Lead and Ore Duties—General Washington News.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The Democratic Senators are gratified with the progress they have been making with the tariff bill during the past day or two, but they fear that the situation may not continue to be so pleasing to them and some of them are inclined to suspect that the Republican opponents of the bill are merely trying to lull them into a sense of security.

A CHANGE IN TACTICS.

The Republican Senators who in the beginning manifested a disposition to antagonize every item in the bill and who suddenly changed their tactics yesterday, have not abandoned their fight on the bill as their course yesterday in letting so many paragraphs go without challenge has led some to believe, but the change in method was made for two purposes. They felt that they had gone a little too far in pressing their objections by declining to let any of the amendments go in without debate and had aroused the antagonism of the Democrats to a greater extent than they had intended and they concluded that nothing could be gained by provoking friends of the bill to extreme measures. They have not, however, changed their purpose of opposing many of the more radical changes which the bill makes in the existing law, and it is probable that they will consume enough time on these to compensate for the time they might put in on all the amendments. It is also probable that they are willing that a test question should be reached, and it is believed that the sugar schedule is expected to furnish this test. Only a part of the metal schedule and the wool schedule stand between the paragraphs already disposed of and the sugar question.

THE METAL SCHEDULE.

The metal schedule, as arranged by the compromise, provides for a reduction of only about one-fifth from existing rates, and it is not probable that many of the paragraphs in this schedule will be debated at great length. There is sure to be more or less discussion of the lead and lead ore duties. The wood schedule may also develop a debate over the question of free lumber. All the indications are, however, that the sugar schedule will be reached next week. The debate on this schedule promises to be sensational, and some of the Republican Senators have expressed the opinion that this schedule will prove to be the weakest link in the tariff chain.

NAVAL REORGANIZATION.

The Activity of Representative Meyer in That Direction.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—The activity of Representative Meyer of Louisiana in urging a reorganization of the personnel of the Navy is earning for him the title of "the sailor's friend." Mr. Meyer was instrumental in securing the creation of a joint committee of the Senate and House to secure a reorganization of the Navy, and he has since become an energetic member of that committee. At first he turned his attention to reorganizing the lower grades of the Navy. He has drafted a bill for this purpose, which will be considered by the joint committee at a meeting to-day. One of the main features of Mr. Meyer's bill is in providing a means of steady advancement from the enlisted ranks up to a commission as officer. Mr. Meyer says the old world navies provide for such advancement, but it is a singular feature of the American system that an enlisted sailor can never hope to gain a commission. The proposed bill creates a number of grades through which sailors may pass in a gradual advance toward commission. These include classes in ordnance, torpedoes, electricity, signals and helmsmen to be known as the military classes of the navy. Other classes are grouped as a civil staff and include classes of pay and commission, steam engineering, mechanics, apothecaries and other civil branches. A method is provided by which a sailor may pass through one or the other of these classes, and then, if under 35 years of age, be sent to a school of instruction, where he is prepared for examination for a commission in the navy. Five commissions as ensign are to be given annually in case there are vacancies over and above those filled from the Naval Academy. Three other commissions are to be granted annually to the civil corps of the navy.

Another interesting feature of Mr. Meyer's plan of reorganization is that it divides all naval ships into divisions, the naval forces into battalions, and then apportions the ships and forces among six districts, into which the coasts of the United States are divided. The purpose of this is to give each vessel and each officer and sailor a permanent home port.

The Sugar Bribes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—The Senate Committee, appointed to investigate the charges of attempted bribery of Senators Hunton and Kyle, will begin its work as soon as permission is obtained to sit while the Senate is in session and sufficient money is allowed to pay the expenses of the inquiry. The early part of next week will probably find them at work.

The story going the rounds here that Senator Mills was very angry with Secretary Carlisle for having given Sugar Baron Havemeyer a letter of introduction to him was denied by the Texas statesman to-day. The latter stated that such a letter was given Havemeyer by the Secretary of the Treasury, but not for a moment did he impute improper motives to him, nor was he angry about it in any way. He did not see Havemeyer because he did not deem it prudent.

The tariff managers in the House have decided to tack on no more sugar tariff riders to the appropriation bill. It was contemplated for a time, but the conclusion was reached that it would be unwise to take such a step as it would embarrass the tariff bill as a whole in the Senate.

Industrials Warned.

SPOKANE, Wash., May 19.—Judge Hanford has issued an important writ to United States Deputy Marshals here. They are directed to bring each east-bound freight train between Sprague and the Idaho line and warn industrials not to climb aboard. Those who disregard the warning will be arrested and conveyed to Seattle. Under this order Deputy Marshal Hannon has sent numbers of deputies along the line, and numerous arrests are expected to-day.

Weslers in the Barracks.

SPOKANE, Wash., May 19.—Advices do not corroborate the sensational stories of the situation in the Coeur d'Alene as sent out from Boise, Idaho. At Wallace sixty weslers are in the barracks. At Wardner a few come and go daily. They are peaceable.

Warrant for a Bank Bookkeeper.

NEW YORK, May 19.—A warrant was issued yesterday by Justice Ryan of the Jefferson Market Police Court for J. J. Kean, bookkeeper of the closed Harlem Bank, charging him with having misappropriated $30,000.

This bank was closed April 26 by order of State Bank Examiner Judson and the receiver in examining the pass-books discovered the defalcation. President Gill said last night that he did not believe Kean had taken the money, because he never had the chance.

To Create a Cabinet Crisis.

ROME, May 19.—The opposition groups have arranged to vote against the war estimates, their object being to create a cabinet crisis.

GORDON GETS TWO YEARS.

Convicted of Bartering His Step-Daughter's Virtue.

The sealed verdict returned last night by the jury in the case of William Gordon, who was tried in the Criminal Court yesterday on a charge of consenting to the taking of a girl under 18 years for immoral purposes, was opened this morning and it was found that he had been declared guilty and given two years in the Penitentiary. Gordon lived near Ellendale and was arrested near the Union Depot where he was attempting to sell the virtue of his 17-year-old step-daughter, Rose Ackley, who was with him. She was sent to the House of the Good Shepherd.

BELIEVED HER FALSE.

Tom Walker Gives His Mistress a Horrible Beating.

This morning about 4:30 o'clock, while Sergt. Christ Gilliaspi and Officer Dan Steele were standing on the corner of Seventh and Locust streets, they heard the cries of a woman in distress. They traced the screams to the Harper Hotel, at 410 North Seventh street, and saw a woman's form in an alley window on the third floor. Standing over her was a burly individual, who, after the woman had screamed a couple of times, snatched her by the arm, and even while the police were watching the couple, they heard him upbraid her for screaming, and then there came a shower of blows, accompanied by oaths and threats of murder. The officers fearing that a murder would result, hastily entered the hotel and rushed upstairs to the third floor. They groped their way, guided by the woman's cries for assistance, to the room in which the couple were, and tapped lightly on the door. Without any hesitation the man turned the key in the lock, and an awful sight fell upon the eyes of the officers. The man who had opened the door stood like a butcher in the midst of his slaughter. Blood covered his hands, his shirt bosom and sleeves and his face was dabbled with gore. The bed in one corner of the room was almost disrobed and fresh blood stains were to be seen on the blankets and sheets, the walls and the floor.

In one corner of the room crouched the cowering form of a woman. Her hair was spread over her face in disorder, and it was also matted with blood. There were cuts and bruises on nearly every spot on her countenance where a blow could be landed. Her clothing likewise was blood-stained and torn. As soon as she saw the uniformed officers she rushed to their side for protection.

The officers took the man into custody and at the Four Courts he gave the name of Tom Walker. A charge of disturbing the peace was lodged against him.

The woman proved to be Hannah Lewis, and from the talk and actions of the pair it was evident that Walker had some claim to being her lover. Hannah was removed to the City Dispensary, where it was found that she had been quite severely beaten. Her nose and mouth were both bleeding profusely. After she had been cleaned and her face painted and bandaged, the police took her into custody and held her as a witness so that she would appear to prosecute her assailant. Hannah stated that the only cause she could assign for the assault was the fact that some one had told Walker that she was keeping company with other men.

Walker claims to be an employe of a Government boat on the Mississippi River, and states that he has been out of work for several days owing to the boat being laid up here. The police state that the woman, Hannah Lewis, must have stood the beating at Walker's hands for fully half an hour. Some time previous to their arrival on the scene the clerk of the hotel heard the assault and the screams of the victim and called upon Walker to desist.

When the case was called for trial in the Police Court a continuance until June 2 was taken by Walker.

RELIGIOUS NEWS.

Anniversary of the Consecration of Archbishop Kain as Bishop.

The nineteenth anniversary of the consecration of Archbishop Kain as Bishop of Wheeling, W. Va., will be observed by the young ladies of the Visitation Academy at Cabanne by the presentation of the operetta "The Feast of Belshazzar" next Wednesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock and next Thursday evening at 6:30 o'clock. The operetta will be given in the hall of the academy.

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

Mr. H. F. Williams is giving an interesting series of addresses to young men on the Saturday evenings of this month at the Central Branch Y. M. C. A., Twenty-ninth and Pine streets. His subject this evening will be "A Noble Purpose." To-morrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock an address on "The Dark Continent" will be delivered by Kohloovomah, a native African Prince of the Mendi Tribe, who has been in this country for several years acquiring an education. All young men are invited.

The "Original Tennessee Warblers" of Nashville, a colored quartette, will sing at the young men's meetings this evening at 8 o'clock and Sunday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

Religious Notes.

The convention of the Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Missouri will commence next Tuesday at 10 a. m. in Christ Church Cathedral. The convention sermon will be preached by Rev. Charles G. Davis, rector of Grace Church, Kansas City.

Rev. Dr. J. H. Brookes will preach his last sermon at his church to-morrow before his departure.

Rev. Dr. W. S. Knight of Lindenwood College will officiate at Second Presbyterian Church to-morrow in the absence of Dr. Niccolls, who is at Saratoga.

Rev. J. S. Kirtley will preach at the Delmar avenue Baptist Church to-morrow morning on "Sealed and Anointed," and in the evening he will deliver a sermon to the Boys' Brigade on "Four Boys."

Rev. J. R. A. Vaughan of the Missouri Conference will preach at Cook Avenue Methodist Church in the absence of Dr. Messick, the pastor.

Rev. John Weston, pastor of North Presbyterian Church, preaches to-morrow morning on "Saved by Grace Alone," and in the evening on "The Box of Ointment."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

DRUMMER.—Ruth Cleveland is not deaf and dumb.

G. V. M.—Half dollar of 1830 is worth 55 cents.

SUBSCRIBER.—You are not allowed to seine the Meramec River.

MRS. J. S.—We have no list to show the value of Confederate stamps.

CONSTANT READER.—Grover Cleveland was born in 1837 and married in 1886.

READER.—Half dollar of 1810 is worth 65 cents; 1825 and 1833, 55 cents each.

HATS.—St. Louis got Tip O'Neill from the New York Club. He was then a pitcher.

SUBSCRIBER.—The stamp flirtation was published in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH Feb. 25, 1894.

A. B. C.—Grilled means gridironed, and may refer to the peculiar appearance of the canceled stamps.

CONSTANT READER.—1. The goods must be kept a reasonable time and the owner notified to call for them. 2. It depends upon how they are to be furnished.

CONSTANT READER.—When an alien renounces his allegiance to his native government and becomes a citizen of the United States he does not cease to be a citizen of this country because he returns to his native land.

YOUNG POLITICIAN.—The Tenth Congressional District contains Franklin and St. Louis Counties and in St. Louis all of wards 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 19 and precincts 134, 135 and 136 in Twenty-third Ward; Eleventh District contains wards 1, 2, 3, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 24 and 26, also precincts 81, 82 in Fifteenth Ward; precinct 111 in Twentieth Ward; precincts 13, 127 and 128 in Twenty-second Ward, and 102, 103, 106 and 107 in Twenty-eighth Ward. The Twelfth District takes in the wards and precincts not named above. 2. Richard Bartholdi, John J. O'Neil and Seth W. Cobb.

HART'S PET PLAN.

Suggests a Later Opening of the Base Ball Season.

CHILLY AND RAINY WEATHER MAKE EARLY GAMES UNPROFITABLE.

Preparatory Practice Will Be Made a Feature of the Browns' Games—Pitchers Breitenstein and Killen are Kings of the South-Paws—Career of Jockey Frank Goodale—Track and Stable Gossip.

The beastly weather which has prevailed in many of the League cities has seriously affected the attendance at the spring games. Comiskey said yesterday that the Cincinnatis had been especially unfortunate in having to play before small crowds on account of inclement weather. The Cincinnati manager says that the pet plan of President Hart of the Chicago club not to begin the championship season until the first of May is gaining supporters every day, and by the time the next meeting has rolled around there will likely be enough magnates of his way of thinking to change the date of the League opening until the last Saturday in April or the first in May. The Western clubs have lost at least $25,000 this spring by beginning the season too early. Instead of having good weather for the opening games, they were played in the rain and cold, while the schedule is dotted with open dates that are of no service. The argument is advanced that by beginning the season May 1 a 132-game schedule can easily be worked in by Oct. 1. Everybody agrees with President Hart that the best drawing games of the season for all the clubs are those at the opening of the season, when everybody is on equal footing and there are no tail-enders. He contends that, if some of the games must be played at a time when bad weather is the rule, not the exception, let it be at the tag end of the season, when the championship has been virtually settled, and the interest is not so great as it is at the outset of the race. Let the season be started May 1, and then, if it is necessary, prolong it until Oct. 15.

* * *

Of the dozen or more left-handed pitchers in the National League, Breitenstein and Killen are easily the best. In the opinion of many these south-paws are the greatest box artists now on the diamond. Which is the greater is an open question. Breitenstein stood third in the list of the league pitchers last season and had his support been as good as Killen's the St. Louis boy's record would have been a point or two better. Last season he performed the remarkable feat of shutting out the Louisvilles without a hit, and would have done the same for the Brooklyns had it not been for a scratch single on a ball which dropped in front of the plate. His work this year indicates that as soon as the weather becomes warmer and more settled he will strike his gait. He has been hit hard in only one or two games. Breitenstein is a hard man to handle, and when reprimanded or fined is liable to sulk and do indifferent work. Killen is also erratic. The Pittsburg pitcher is considered a quitter when his curves are being batted hard and is subject to the "creeps." Breitenstein takes his punishment with equanimity and works all the harder when opposing batsmen are touching him up lively.

* * *

The preliminary practice of the old Browns was a great inducement for the cranks to get out to the park early. President Von der Ahe in speaking of the matter yesterday, said that he would insist upon Capt. Miller's making the practice of the clubs a feature. Many patrons enjoy it as much as they do watching a game. It is a move in the right direction and will meet with popular favor. There is generally an utter absence of life in the practice before a game, and the injection of circus catches, sensational stops and quick throwing will enliven what is now looked on as routine work. Shorty Fuller, Latham and Robinson were artists in pretty infield work, Tommie McCarthy, Curt Welch and Duffee excelling in brilliant outfield displays. The earnestness and success with which the players would go through "make-believe" plays were often rewarded by outbursts of applause.

* * *

There'll be an old-time crowd out to-morrow to see Comiskey's Cincinnatis tackle the St. Louis Browns. It will be the last appearance of Comiskey's team till June 18. The Cincinnatis have always proven the star Sunday attraction in St. Louis, and to-morrow this fact, weather permitting, will be strongly exemplified. It may be that two games for one admission will be played. This has been under consideration, but President Von der Ahe said he would not decide until he had consulted Comiskey this afternoon.

Yesterday's Games.

Rain caused a postponement of all the League games except two. Philadelphia succeeded in defeating Boston in an exciting ten-inning game by a score of 5 to 4. The New Yorks were easily beaten by Brooklyn by a score of 16 to 7.

The Championship Race.

The standing of the League clubs at noon to-day was as follows:

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	16	5	.800	New York	11	12	.478
Pittsburg	15	6	.714	Brooklyn	11	12	.478
Baltimore	15	7	.682	St. Louis	8	13	.381
Phila	14	8	.667	Louisville	7	12	.350
Boston	13	9	.591	Chicago	6	13	.316
Cincinnati	10	8	.529	Washingt'n	3	21	.125

To-Day's Games.

Cincinnati at St. Louis.
New York at Brooklyn.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Washington at Baltimore.
Cleveland at Chicago.
Louisville at Pittsburg.

Base Ball Notes.

Frank Shugart has been covering himself with glory on the trip just ended. He has not only been fielding brilliantly, but he has been hitting the ball hard. Shugart is playing the outfield as well as anybody this season.

The Louisvilles, who have about concluded to let Tim O'Rourke go, have recalled his release. He will cover first base for the Colonels.

Herr Metz, Comiskey's first baseman, is a little shy on hitting the ball just now. Capt. Comiskey has a good deal of faith in him.

Biddy McPhee is playing better ball this year than he has in years. He is one of the quietest and most gentlemanly ball players in the profession.

Emslie will umpire to-day's game at Sportsman's Park.

Capt. Miller is confident that Big Bill Brown will prove a good man at first base.

Kid Gleason says he will give him a chance to get in its work when the weather is warm, and he'll show whether or not he's all right.

Purchasers of score cards at to-day's game should not overlook the fact that the newsboys at the park will give them a POST-DISPATCH in exchange for a nickel.

DR. RICE AND CLIFFORD

Should Be Brought Together in a Match Race at the Fair Grounds.

It was suggested to General Manager Burke yesterday, by the POST-DISPATCH turf representative, that a special match between Dr. Rice and Clifford for a $10,000 purse should be arranged to take place at the Fair Grounds some time during the present meeting. Mr. Burke thought the idea a good one, but he says Clifford will hardly be brought West until he fulfills his engagements at Sheepshead Bay, and while Dr. Rice has been entered in several Fair Grounds handicaps, Mr. Burke is afraid that he will remain in the East until the Washington Park meeting. A match race between the pair, weight for age, at one mile or one and one-half miles, to take place some time next June, would provide that each colt should carry 122 pounds. This would prove a great card for the Fair Grounds and no one doubts but that the $10,000 offered, and a great deal more would surely be taken in at the gate. If Fred Foster makes up his mind to come here with Dr. Rice, Leigh and Rose should be sounded as to how they stand regarding a match race. If the race could be arranged the Fair Association management should not hesitate to hang up the $10,000 purse. One well-known turfman suggested last night that it would be a good idea to have Ray S. start in the race, but the weight scale handicaps him too heavily.

* * *

Frank Goodale, who met an untimely death at Louisville yesterday while riding Judge Payne in the second race, was one of the leading jockeys on the Western circuit. His best achievement this season was the piloting of Leigh Rose's colt Chant to victory in the Kentucky Derby last Tuesday, over the same course on which he met with the fatal accident. The unfortunate knight of the pigskin was about 25 years of age, and leaves a widow comfortably situated. Goodale came from the East, his home being in Brooklyn, N. Y. His father is a New York business man. As a jockey he first attracted attention while riding for "Snip" Donovan, who trained the great Tenny for Pulsifer, and it was Goodale who rode the famous swayback when he won his first race. He afterwards rode in the West for the late J. M. Brown and Orville West. Last spring he returned East to ride for Walcott & Campbell and in the fall he came West again to enter the employ of Chinn & Morgan. His success on their horses at Hawthorne caused Leigh & Rose to sign him for this season. The deceased did some of his best riding at Latonia two years ago, and ever since then he was immensely popular with Cincinnati turfites.

* * *

Gateway was played for a "good thing" in the first race at the Fair Grounds yesterday, but the winner turned up in Chris Smith's 3-year-old bay gelding Gallopin, who went to the post at 6 to 1. The easterners backed Little Jim in great shape for the 2-year-old scramble at 3 to 1 and 3 to 2. Frank James' handy 3-year-old, Jim Lee, was the only winning favorite. The East Side contingent to a man almost were down on Service, who defeated Pekin, First Chance, Wekota and Falero. The latter made the running in the early part of the race, but quit like a "dog" around the stable turn and finished last, fifty lengths behind Wekota.

* * *

P. B. Young, the East Side track timer and horse owner, relates a remarkable story of his experience at L. S. Hatch's defunct St. Joseph (Mo.) meeting. Mr. Young won the St. Joe Derby, supposed to be worth $800 to the winner, with his 4-year Ballardine, but not only did he fail to receive first money, as he claims, but his entrance money, $20, was confiscated by the track management. Such a proceeding is unheard of in turf circles, and when the story was spread among horsemen at the Fair Grounds yesterday it caused much amusement. Pete Young, the victim of the joke, takes a more serious view of his unpleasant experience. He is a brother of the well-know Kentucky breeder, Col. Milton Young. The most distinguished feature of Peter's personal appearance is his whiskers which rival those possessed by the Arkansas turfman, Capt. R. K. Rice. The disastrous windup of Hatch's St. Joe meeting was received with general regret in local turf circles. Presiding Judge Joe Guilery and Scales Clerk Carlin are St. Louisans and for their sake as well as the horseowners that went up from here, it was hoped that the venture would prove successful. It will be remembered that promoter Hatch intended to give a series of meetings at St. Joe, Council Bluffs and Sioux City, Io., and Omaha, Neb.

* * *

Jack White bet $200 straight on Fort Worth yesterday and the chestnut colt's poor showing thoroughly disgusted the game plunger. "I intend to give him one more chance on the flat," said White, "and then if he doesn't realize my expectations, I will turn him over to some good steeplechase rider and have him schooled for the jumping events. After his first bad race last week I gave my trainer instructions to allow him but half his usual rations. He's a knowing 'duffer,' however, and refused to stand such treatment, but it wasn't until after he had kicked nearly half his stall down that my trainer concluded to increase his allowance. Our cook, who by the way, is a Chinaman, has his headquarters adjoining Fort Worth's box. During the melee the celestial was greatly excited and his jabbering only served to increase the horse's anger. While kicking for more oats Fort Worth upset the Chinaman's cupboard, and the mooneyed cook has been threatening to use a hatchet on him ever since. Perhaps I may decide to let him do so if the erratic animal runs anymore of his abominably bad races. Fort Worth is one of the very best bred horses in America, being by Luke Blackburn out of Tullahoma, the dam of such great performers as Tammany and Tulla Blackburn.

South Side Results and Entries.

First race, selling, five and a half furlongs—E. A. Ray first, imp. Riband second, Butcher Boy third. Time, 1:25.

Second race, selling, five and a half furlongs—Mamie R. first, Sunbeam second, Harry Askew third. Time, 1:20¾.

Third race, selling, six furlongs—La Cigale first, Miss Mayma second, Jennie Schwartz third. Time, 1:27.

Fourth race, seven furlongs—Crab Cider first; Walla Walla second, Prospect third. Time, 1:41¼.

TO-NIGHT'S ENTRIES.

First race, selling, four furlongs:

Deer Lodge	100	Cepulin	100
Mollie Mexico	100	Eagle	100
Progression	100	Tucson	100
Bourbon D	100	Quail	100
Sir Jim	100	Dixie D	100

Second race, purse, four and a half furlongs:

Bangum	115	Big Enough	100
John R. (Walton)	115	Barney Aaron, Jr	100
Harry M. (Woodbury)	115	Honest Dollar	120
Cactus Blossom	115	Lady Blackburn	115
Catoosa	115	John Oliver	115

Third race, selling, four furlongs:

Jim B	100	Fairy	100
Morrissey	100	Matt Foster	100
Arizona	100	Lex	100
Black Charley	100	Little Minnie	100
Craftsman	100	Cetta	100
Morak	100		

Fourth race, purse, four and a half furlongs:

Young Lottery	115	Joe Highley	115
Republic	115	Green Bay	115
Herndon	115	Fred Taral	115
Starlight	115	Western Star	108
Little Kit	115	Morton	115

Fifth race, selling, four furlongs:

Mamie B. B	110	Courtney	100
Silence	110	Bennett Young	110
Tommy Tucker	110	Paddy Flynn	110
Lizzie	110	Jimmie R.	107
Mandy Brooks	110	Ike S	107

SELECTIONS.

First race—Deer Lodge, Sir Jim.
Second race—Bangum, Harry M.
Third race—Matt Foster, Arizona.
Fourth race—Herndon, Western Star.
Fifth race—Ike S., Paddy Flynn.

At Hawthorne.

First race, four and a half furlongs—Toby first, Linseed second, Katrina C. third. Time, 1:01.

Second race, one and one-quarter miles—Despot first, Patrick second, Pat Malloy, Jr. third. Time 2:18.

Third race, six furlongs—Harry Smith first, Indigo second, Bismarck third. Time, 1:22¾.

Fourth race, six furlongs—Kirkover first, Meddler second, Prince Henry third. Time, 1:22.

Fifth race, five and one-half furlongs—Gazette first, Pan Handle second, Bell Ringer third. Time, 2:16½.

At Gravesend.

First race, sweepstakes, $1,000 added, for 2-year-olds, four and a half furlongs—Sly Dance colt first, Herkimer second, Barnes third. Time, :56¼.

Second race, sweepstakes, $1,000 added, maidens, 2-year-olds, one mile—Leoville, first; Walter Rigor, second; Star Actress, third. Time, 1:45.

Third race, heavy handicap sweepstakes $1,000 added, six furlongs—Appomattox first, Torchbearer second, Miss Bird. Time, 1:14¾.

Fourth race, the Parkway handicap, with $1,000 added, one mile and a sixteenth—Dr. Rice first, Banquet second, Herald third. Time, 1:48¾.

Fifth race, sweepstakes, $1,000, for 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Tamerlane, first; Nanki Pooh, second; Second Attempt, third. Time, 1:02.

Sixth race, selling, five and one-half furlongs—George Beck first, Connors second, Captain T., third. Time, 1:50.

At Louisville.

First race, maiden 2-year-old fillies, four furlongs—Tough Timber, first; La Grace, second; Gargle third. Time, :51.

Second race, selling, seven furlongs—Tremona, first; Crevasse, second; Contribution, third. Time, 1:30½.

Third race, Alexander stakes, for 2-year-old colts, $1,000 added, five furlongs—Laureate, first; Buck Fly, second; Blaseo, third. Time, 1:03½.

Fourth race declared off.

Fifth race, for 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Free Advice, first; La Fiesta, second; Lady McCann, third. Time, 1:03.

Sixth race, selling, seven furlongs—Helen N., first; Ragnes, second; Llewellyn, third. Time, 1:31.

Championship at Racquets.

A series of match games at racquets for the championship of the Pastime Club will be played at its court beginning Tuesday night at 8:30 between Messrs. Clas. W. Scudder and Harvey Begg vs Jos. Ackerman and Jos. A. Deffry. Five games of 15 points each will be played each Tuesday night for the next three weeks, the team winning the most games to be the champion team of the club. As the players are very skillful a close contest will no doubt result.

Last Day at Austin.

The consolation race at the Austin Regatta for defeated professionals was won by Durman of Toronto. Hosmer of Boston was second and Parker of this city third. The other events were contested by local amateurs. The great four oared race between crews captained by Gaudaur and Peterson will take place this afternoon.

General Sporting.

Billy McMillan of Chicago and George La Blanche have been matched for a finish fight for $250 a side. It will come off near Chicago. Dempsey's conqueror is a sheap man now.

Joe Choynski, Peter Jackson's side partner, is in Cincinnati.

Parson Davies has put up a certified check for $5,000 with W. J. Davis, the stakeholder, completing Jackson's side bet of $10,000, as provided in the articles of agreement signed by him and Jim Corbett.

Young Griffo and Johnny Griffin are arranging a sparring tour.

Creve Coeur Lake Attractions.

Capt. George Whistler, "the wizard of the water," has been secured by Mr. J. K. Donaghy of Upper Creve Coeur Lake for Sunday, May 20. Numerous other attractions will be offered. The Missouri Pacific Railway will sell tickets for the round trip, including admission to the grounds, for 50 cents.

A Calamitous Frost.

LEMARS, Io., May 19.—A hard frost here has cut corn and all tender plants to the ground.

ABOUT TOWN.

STOLE $185.—Bernett Edwards was arrested at the Union Depot last night on a charge of having stolen $185 from Tillie Sexton's resort at Eighth and Market streets yesterday afternoon.

WORTHY OF CHARITY.—Mrs. Becky Luftich, who was deserted by her husband six months ago, is now living in poverty with two small children at 908 Carr street. They are worthy of charity.

FOR STEALING TAN SHOES.—John Hoffman, late of Chicago, is locked up at the Four Courts charged with stealing a pair of tan shoes from Henry Bolte's shoe store, 1932 South Broadway. The shoes were found in his possession when arrested yesterday afternoon.

MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL ALUMNI.—The Alumni Association of the Manual Training School will hold its annual reunion and banquet on June 15, at the Mercantile club. The Entertainment and Banquet Committees are hard at work arranging for the affair.

SOUTH SIDE DAY NURSERY MEETING.—The annual meeting of the South Side Day Nursery Association will be held at the nursery, 1621 South Tenth street, on Monday, May 21, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing thirteen directors to serve for the ensuing year.

SHAW'S GARDEN TRUSTEES BANQUET.—The fifth annual banquet of the trustees of the Missouri Botanical Garden was held last night at the Mercantile Club. Speeches were made by H. M. Jesse, President of the State University, and Dr. Orin Roos of Hamilton College, New York, among others.

STEALING BY THE WAGON LOAD.—John Howard, William Bauer and George Wilkinson were arrested yesterday on a charge of stealing two wagon loads of sheet lead from the old chemical factory on Chippewa street between Gravois avenue and Meramec street. It is alleged that H. Hildebrand, a coal dealer, observed Wilkinson removing a load of lead and he reported the matter to the police when Wilkinson could not give a satisfactory explanation of his right to remove the lead. Two loads of metal, it is stated, were sold to A. Klauber, a second-hand dealer at 1911 South Broadway.

SUES HER HUSBAND FOR $14,000.—J. W. Brannen, a saloon-keeper of Webster Groves, was sued yesterday in the St. Louis County Court by Mrs. Annabella Brannen, his wife, to recover $14,000 which, she alleged, he collected as her agent and misappropriated to his own use. The petition sets that Brannen had charge of a three-story brick building belonging to the plaintiff from 1884 to 1892 and that he refused to turn over any of the profits from this property. The couple are quite aged and have not been on good terms for some years. For the last year they have not lived together.

YOUNG SPIRITS,

a vigorous body and robust strength, follow good health. But all fail when the vital powers are weakened. Nervous debility and loss of manly power result from bad habits, contracted by the young through ignorance of their ruinous consequences. Low spirits, melancholia, impaired memory, morose, or irritable temper, fear of impending calamity and a thousand and one derangements of body and mind, result from such pernicious practices. All these are permanently cured by improved methods of treatment without the patient leaving home.

A medical treatise written in plain but chaste language, treating of the nature, symptoms and curability of such diseases, sent securely sealed in a plain envelope, on receipt of this notice, with 10 cents in stamps, for postage. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

POISONS IN AIR AND WATER.

The Very Fact That They Are Unseen and Unsuspected Makes Them the More Dangerous.

"Nearly everybody is in great danger just at this time."

The speaker was one of the leading physicians in New York.

"With the malaria in the air and the danger in the water," he continued, "people need to exercise the greatest caution and care. The trouble with these things is that they come unawares and are often unsuspected. The germs of malaria are drawn in by every breath, the seeds of disease are spread by each swallow of water."

The doctor looked thoughtful for a moment, and then continued. "There is but one way to prevent these dangers and that is to be watchful. Instead of drinking iced water and other things all the while, and in place of permitting hot and foul air to spread malaria in the system, people should be watchful and check these things on the start.

"There is but one way that this can be done and that is by the use of some pure stimulant constantly or when the slightest feeling of sickness appears. The only preparation which has ever been known to certainly counteract these troubles in time, is that great, that popular whiskey, Duffy's Pure Malt. It has been used by the public of America for over twenty years, and has proven its surpassing merits only by what it has accomplished.

"If men and women would counteract the deadly germs in the water at this season of the year by mixing Duffy's Pure Malt with it, they need have little fear of low fevers or malaria. It should be borne in mind, however, that it is only Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey that will accomplish this, and that however much druggists or grocers may say to the contrary, it alone can be depended upon.

Nervous

Are you, can't sleep, can't eat, tired, thirsty? Blood poor?
It's a tonic you want—

Hires' Rootbeer.

This sparkling, exhilarating, and refreshing drink, while being far more agreeable in bouquet and flavor than the finest wine or champagne, is at the same time unlike them, being free from alcohol.

A temperance drink for temperance people, delicious and wholesome as well. Purifies the blood, tickles the palate.

Package makes five gallons.
Ask your storekeeper for it.

Take no substitutes.

Send 2-cent stamp to Chas. E. Hires Co., Philadelphia, for beautiful picture cards.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—To whom it may concern take notice that the firm of Bray & Brennan, who have heretofore conducted a grocery and saloon at the corner of Coleman and North Market streets in city of St. Louis is this day dissolved. R. W. Bray will continue the business and collect the accounts and pay all bills.

May 16, 1894. R. W. BRENNAN, R. W. BRAY.

What MIDGET Is—

The Children's Supplement to the Big Sunday Post-Dispatch.

The Most Complete Juvenile Newspaper Published in the United States.

The Equal to Any Weekly Story Paper.

A Weekly Budget of News of All the World.

A Bulletin of all the Latest Tricks, Games, Puzzles and Inventions.

A Magazine of Information, Instruction and Amusement.

What "Midget" Will Contain To-Morrow:

The Brown Dwarfs; In a Shipwreck; Child Story Tellers; A Page for Wee Tots; Children's May Carnival; Performance of Aladdin; Pictures of Child Artists; All the World Over; Letters from "Midget" Readers; In the Base Ball Field: Society; Exchange; Puzzles; Games.

"Midget" . . .

Will Be Found in Every Big

Sunday Post-Dispatch.

Give It the Children.

WHEN YOU WANT TO LOOK ON THE BRIGHT SIDE OF THINGS, USE

SAPOLIO

SEEDS

POPPING CORN.

CHAS. E. PRUNTY,
18 MAIN ST., COR. MARKET. SAINT LOUIS.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

DR. OLIN D. WHITTIER

514 Washington Av., St. Louis, Mo. (Established 1860) Specialist in
(Office Hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 8. Sunday, 10 to 12.)

Chronic, Nervous, Blood, Skin and Urinary Diseases.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, Organic Weakness, Lost Manhood, Physical Decay, Unfitness to Marry, etc., cured. Blood No. 31 (free) fully explains.
Blood and Skin Diseases—Blank No. 32 (free) fully explains.
Bladder and Urinary Ailments—Blank No. 33 (free).
Catarrh—Blank No. 34 fully explains (free).
Consultation and advice free and invited. Call or write.

PRIESTS VS. MAYOR.

Dispute Over the Elaborate Display of the St. Dennis Clericals.

PARIS, May 19.—For some time past a dispute has existed and caused much bad feeling between the priests of St. Dennis and the Mayor of that town. St. Dennis is situated about five miles from Paris and is chiefly celebrated for the fact that it was the principal burial place of the Kings of France. The Church of St. Dennis is a most attractive structure, and its priests have for ages been held in high esteem and have been the object of much veneration upon the part of the populace. The Mayor recently took objection to the elaborate display made by the priests of St. Dennis in the funeral processions which accompanied the remains of distinguished persons to the tomb. The Mayor was particularly opposed to the great display of religious emblems, such as statues of the saints, banners and relic-holders, which were features of the largest processions. The Mayor warned the priests that this display must cease. The priests in reply claimed that they were not violating any law or municipal regulation and the display of emblems was continued. The Mayor appealed to the Government and the Council of State was called upon to decide the dispute. Decision was rendered to-day, the Council of State holding that funeral processions in which religious emblems are displayed may be prohibited by the Mayor if the latter is of the opinion that such a display is likely to cause public disturbance.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething produces natural quiet sleep.

Dr. Elder Dead.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 19.—Dr. Elijah S. Elder, one of the most prominent physicians of the State, is dead of peritonitis. He was President of the Indiana Medical Society and was 53 years of age.

A GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME.

New Departure of Pennsylvania Railroad Lines.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 19.—A general change of time will go into effect on the Pennsylvania railroad lines on May 27. The principal change is in the Pennsylvania limited, the schedule of which is greatly quickened between the East and the West. The improvements recently made in the roadbed of the Pennsylvania, the elimination of curves, the laying of additional tracks and the perfected block signal system enable the company to make the schedule twenty-four hours between New York and Chicago, the old schedule requiring twenty-six hours for the trip. On the new schedule the limited will leave New York at 10 a. m., Philadelphia at 12:20 p. m., Washington at 10:30 a. m., Baltimore at 11:40 a. m., arrive at Pittsburg at 9:15 p. m., and at Chicago at 9 o'clock the next morning. The east-bound train will leave Chicago at 5:30 p. m., Pittsburg at 7:15 a. m., arrive at Baltimore at 4:20 p. m.; Washington, 5:45 p. m.; Philadelphia, 4:17, and New York, 6:30 p. m.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Investigating the Release of Prisoners.

An investigation is to be held into the methods of releasing prisoners from the Work-house. It is the result of the release of three prisoners sent there about three months ago under $400 fines. Chief Harrigan, on hearing that they were at liberty, inquired of Mayor Walbridge whether he had released them. The Mayor replied that he had not and instituted an inquiry.

Lobrum informed the Mayor that the men worked over-time. Ten hours' work constitutes a day's work and so does the breaking of fifty feet of macadam. These men, it is said, accomplished the second feat after having performed the first. It remains to be seen whether it was done by means of a "pull."

Burlington Route

BEST LINE
—TO—
ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

AHA! THE ONLY M'NICHOL!

IT'S ALWAYS SO!

Mrs. Jones, she made no bones
Of saying in the loudest tones
That life had proved too full of stones
Before she saw McNichol.
But now she knew just what to do,
Of worries she had very few;
Her household goods were all brand new;
Ain't this enough to tickle?

And Mrs. Look when she could speak
Said: "Friends, you only have to seek
The proper way—pay by the week
Unto McNichol.
However poor, go to his store,
You never saw such goods before;
His customers still cry for more;
They are not fickle!

His pretty goods, his polished woods,
His furniture for any moods,
His lamps done up in lacy hoods,
And that McNichol!
You buy of him as any can,
A timid woman or a man,
And pay on the installment plan
Without a stickle.

Now listen, wisdom says don't roam,
Stop everything and make a home,
For boarding is a grisly gnome;
Makes tears to trickle.
Pay by the week just what you can
On this installment generous plan;
Buy of McNichol!

Great Scott! how many folks have blessed the day they ever went to

(Trade Mark.) **The Only McNichol,**
1015-1022-1024 Market street.

P. S.—Finest furniture, carpets, mattings, curtains, clocks, pictures, lamps, baby carriages, bedding, gas stoves, stoves, refrigerators, ranges, etc. All cheaper than anywhere else, and on terms to suit the smallest purse.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ORDNANCE SUPPLIES.—St. Louis Powder Depot, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., April 21, 1894.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this depot until 11 o'clock a. m. on Monday, May 21, 1894, for furnishing rope, forage, iron, leather, lumber, fuel, tools, etc., during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895. Printed lists of supplies needed, with full instructions, stipulations, etc., can be had on application to Maj. John A. Kress, Ordnance Department, U. S. A., Commanding.

CITY PRINTING.

OFFICE OF THE CITY REGISTER, CITY HALL, May 14, 1894.

Pursuant to the requirements of the charter and ordinances of the City of St. Louis, sealed proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned until 12 o'clock noon

FRIDAY, MAY 25TH, 1894,

From publishers of newspapers in the City of St. Louis, having a uniform daily circulation of over three thousand (3,000) copies, for the city printing for one year, one published in the English language and one in the German language. Said bids must propose to do the printing and advertising required by law and ordinances to be done in the newspapers, including Mullanphy Relief Fund and Collector's office, at an uniform price per line. The printing must conform to the following, viz.:

Size, character and name of type, nonpareil; minimum length of the line, twenty-six (26) ems; minimum width of column, thirteen (13) ems; character of the measurement to be employed, nonpareil.

The papers published in the English language bidding shall also state in their bid at what cost and price per page they will print two hundred (200) copies of the proceedings of the Municipal Assembly, as may be published in such paper, in pamphlet form (no blank pages to be counted), and deliver same within two days after each meeting to each house of the Municipal Assembly; also at what price per page they will print and deliver one hundred (100) copies of the proceedings of the Board of Public Improvements as may be published in the newspapers in pamphlet form (no blank pages to be counted), and what price per page they will print and deliver fifteen hundred (1,500) copies of the ordinances as may be published in the newspaper, of a uniform size, suitable for binding in the customary form (no blank pages to be counted), the foregoing pamphlets work to conform in all respects to sample on file, and to be seen by bidders in his office.

Bidders will be required to accompany each bid with a cash deposit of five hundred ($500) dollars; also an affidavit that the daily circulation of the paper is three thousand (3,000) copies or more.

No bid shall be considered in which there shall be an erasure or interlineation.

All bids must be indorsed "Proposals for City Printing."

Bids will be opened at the office of the City Register.

A bond of ten thousand (10,000) dollars will be required for the faithful performance of the contract.

The English paper receiving the contract will be required to furnish fifty (50) copies of the daily paper free of charge to the Register; also twenty-four (24) slips of each advertisement made by the Commissioner of Supplies free of charge to said Commissioner.

H. J. POCOCK, Register.

DRINK THE BEST. IT COSTS NO MORE

THE BEST SUMMER DRINKS ARE

ARO-MEL.
ECLIPSE ORANGE PHOSPHATE
ECLIPSE IRON TONIC BEER

TO QUENCH THE THIRST. TONE THE NERVES AND REFRESH ONE GENERALLY.

KEEP SOME ON ICE AT HOME

FOR SALE BY GROCERS & CONFECTIONERS

ECLIPSE CARBONATING CO.

828 S. 7th STREET. TELEPHONE 2426

F. C. BONSACK, ARCHITECT!
ROOM 616,
UNION TRUST BUILDING, St. Louis.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Western Bath Tub and Manufacturing Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company, number 2801 South Third street, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on Saturday, the 26th day of May, 1894, at the hour of 9 o'clock a. m.

WILLIAM BRANT, President.
GEORGE P. DEIBEL, Secretary.
St. Louis, May 11, 1894. 1009

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Gilbert Elliott Collection Co. for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before it will be held at the office of the company, rooms 624-26-29 Blaike Building, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, on saturday, the 26th day of May, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m.

STEPHEN C. BRAGAW,
J. B. CARROLL,
1000 Stockholders.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 14, 1894.—To the hardware trade: By order of the Circuit Court of city of St. Louis, Mo., the undersigned, assignee, is directed to receive sealed bids or proposals for the purchase of the assigned stock (exclusive of accounts and bills receivable) of the American Knife and Razor Co., and which consists mainly of pocket knives, razors, strops, scissors and miscellaneous table cutlery.

All bids to be sealed and delivered to Davis Berg, assignee, 516 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo., by or before May 23, 1894. Terms cash on acceptance of bid by Circuit Court. Inventory and appraisement on file in Circuit Court-room No. 3. Special bid required on supplemental inventory. For particulars apply to DAVID BERG, Assignee,
516 Pine st., St. Louis.
Or to RUFUS J. DELANO, Attorney. Lucien Minor.
1030

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC
Last performance of the
DUFF OPERA CO.
—IN—
THE MIKADO
To-night. Admission 25c. Reserved seats 50 and 75c. Theater for rent after Monday, May 21. Apply to F. Shorb.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Lepore and Robyn's Original Comic Opera,
JACINTA.
Interpreted by a strong Cast, Grand Chorus, Augmented Orchestra! Complete Appointments!
Saturday, May 26—Benefit Lepore and Robyn.

HAVLIN'S—TO-NIGHT.
CHIP O' THE OLD BLOCK.
Last Two Performances.
SUNDAY MATINEE AND NIGHT.

ST. LOUIS
FAIR ASSOCIATION
THIRTY DAYS MORE
OF
HIGH-CLASS RACING.
Racing every afternoon, beginning at 2:30 o'clock.
Admission, including grand stand, $1.
RACING BY ELECTRIC LIGHT AT SOUTH SIDE PARK
Every Night at 8:30.
Admission 50c, all privileges.
"The only night track in the world."
Take the 4th st., 18th st., Union Depot or Jefferson av. cars.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS
STEAMER SPREAD EAGLE
Will commence her Popular Sunday Excursions, May 20, 1894, for Alton, Portage, Nash, Pleasant Bluffs, Grafton and Deer Plain, leaving St. Louis at 9 a. m., returning at 7 p. m. Good music and meals on board.

THIRTEENTH GRAND EXCURSION
Given under the auspices of the
DRILL CORPS OF LAFAYETTE COUNCIL, NO. 392, AMERICAN LEGION OF HONOR,
—TO—
SILVER ISLAND, SUNDAY, MAY 20, 1894,
ON STEAMER CITY OF VICKSBURG.
Tickets, 25 cents; children under 10 years, when accompanied by their parents, free. Boat leaves wharf, foot of Olive street, 8:30 a. m. prompt. North Market street at 9; returning at 7 p. m. Good fishing and other amusements.

RAMONA PARK.
SUNDAY, MAY 20.
BAFUNNO'S MILITARY BAND.
Dancing in Evening. Refreshments.
Take Suburban Electric cars from 6th and Locust sts. Trains from Wells Station every ten minutes.

UNION TRUST OBSERVATORY
Open... Daily 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.
Telescope and Field Glasses Free.
Seventh and Olive.

STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE.
WEEKLY SERVICE from New York per TWIN SCREW EXPRESS Steamers to SOUTHAMPTON (LONDON and PARIS) and HAMBURG. Southampton is only two hours by special train from LONDON. Daily service from Southampton by new fast Twin Screw Channel Steamers for HAVRE and PARIS.

Columbia	May 24	Fuerst Bismarck	July 12
Augusta Victoria	May 31	Columbia	July 19
Normannia	June 7	Normannia	Aug. 2
Fuerst Bismarck	June 14	Fuerst Bismarck	Aug. 2
Columbia	June 21	Columbia	Aug. 16
Augusta Victoria	June 28	Augusta Victoria	Aug 23
Normannia	July 5	Normannia	Aug. 30

REGULAR SERVICE TO HAMBURG DIRECT.
Moravia, May 26, 2 p.

Notice to Advertisers.

The publishers of the Post-Dispatch reserve the right and privilege of revising or rejecting any advertisement left in their counting-room. In case of rejection money will be refunded.

Seven Words Make One Line.

Religious Notices.

25 cents each insertion.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, (English Evangelical Lutheran), McMillan av., west of Taylor. Rev. C. T. Melhaniel, pastor; divine service Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; prayer and lecture services Wednesday at 8 p. m. All welcome.

PILGRIM CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, corner Washington av. and 20th st.—Preaching at 10:30 and 8 p. m. by pastor-elect Rev. M. Barham, D.D.; Sunday-schools at 12 noon and 3 p. m.; Meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 p. m. Public cordiality invited to all the services.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH, Locust and Beaumont streets.—Sunday-school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching by the pastor, Rev. W. W. Boyd, D. D., at morning service, 11 a. m.; subject: "Christ's Question of Pity and Hope," and at evening service, 8 p. m., subject: "Three Golden Rules of Life." Society Christian Endeavor, 7 p. m.; midweek service Wednesday, 8 p. m. Welcome.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, n. w. cor. 17th st. and Lucas pl., Rev. S. J. Nicolls, D. D., pastor. Divine service Sunday, May 20, at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., conducted by Rev. Wm. S. Knight, D. D., President of Lindenwood Female College, St. Charles, Mo. Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meeting at 7 p. m. in the lecture room. A cordial invitation and welcome extended to all services.

ST. MARK'S ENGLISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Bell and Cardinal ave.—M. Rhodes, D. D., pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sabbath-school at 9:15 a. m. Prayer-meeting and lecture by the pastor every Wednesday evening at 7:45 o'clock. The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor meets every Sunday evening in the church parlors at 6:30. Welcome.

Lodge Notices.

Regular Meetings, 25 cents each insertion; Funeral Notices, 50 cents each insertion.

MT. MORIAH LODGE No. 40, A. F. and A. M. will confer the degree of Master Mason in due form, Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Those who come early get a front seat, ice water and a fan. W. A. HALL, W. M. E. V. KYTE, Secretary.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

ARCHITECT—First-class, wants position with reliable architect or contracting firm; best refs. can be furnished. Address S 235, this office.

CLERK—Wanted position as receiving, discharging, warehouse, wharfboat or elevator clerk, by young man; experienced. Add. C 256, this office.

DRUGGIST—Situation wanted by a graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. Add R. G. H., 1806 Olive st.

FIREMAN—Situation wanted by an experienced fireman: best of reference if required. Address Y 235, this office.

HOUSEMAN—Wanted situation to attend to horse, cow, garden, lawn; careful driver for family; strictly temperate. C. Gardner, 4519 Easton av.

MAN—Sit. wanted by a man to do work of any kind; first-class teamster, or first-class man in second hand store; best of ref. Add. Y 336, this office.

Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT, corner of Broadway and Market st. Personal instruction given in all departments. Book-keeping and banking taught by actual practice. Graduates are successful in getting employment. Send for circular. 96

Help Wanted—Males.

5 cents per line each insertion.

DRIVER WANTED—Young man to drive a delivery wagon, colored, and must care for horses. 2758 Clark av.

PANTSMAKER WANTED—At 1304 S. Broadway.

SALESMAN WANTED—A cigar salesman for city; one with established trade can get very best terms. Add. D 237, this office.

SALESMEN WANTED to sell our goods by sample to the wholesale and retail trade; sell on sight to every business man or firm; liberal salary and expenses paid; position permanent. For terms address with stamp Centennial Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

WAITER WANTED—A first-class, white waiter. Apply this evening at Graham's Hotel, corner 18th and Olive sts.

WANTED—For the United States army, able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 30 years, of good moral character and temperate habits. For full information apply in person or by letter to the Recruiting Office, 1126 Pine st., St. Louis Mo.

You can have your picture put on a silk handkerchief for your beau; you can wash the silk and the picture will not fade. Call and see samples. PARSONS, Photographer, 1407 Market st.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

SHORTHAND. JONES

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Broadway, between Olive and Locust. Shorthand and typewriting; the complete business course including actual business practice and practical bookkeeping with banking, telegraphy, the English course and elocution thoroughly and practically taught. Call at the college office, or write for the catalogue of information. Open all summer.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-

hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; day and night sessions. Phone 478.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

COOK—Sit. wanted by experienced good German cook, good refs. Call 2725 N. 9th st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Situation wanted by housekeeper, city or country; private family. Add. T 236, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Situation by a competent colored lady to do general work by day or week. Call Saturday or Monday 3431 Olive st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted situation to do laundry work or sewing; will go out or do work at home. Amanda Cooper, 4108 Papin st.

NURSE WANTED—Situation as nurse by a neat girl; no objection to travel. Add. O 236, this office.

WANTED—Young woman wants a situation in hotel; refined and cultured; reference. Add. W 237, this office.

WANTED—By woman of practical experience, position as general assistant in literary work; best of recommendations given. Add. Miss L. Smith, 2760 Olive st.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

Help Wanted—Female.

5 cents per line each insertion.

COOK WANTED—At 4044 Delmar av.

COOK WANTED—A girl to do plain cooking; also a housegirl in a small family in the suburbs. Apply at 218 Chestnut st., bet. 10 and 2 o'clock.

CANVASSERS WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen to canvass for a good selling article used in every home and mercantile office. Address B. Hoxier, Seventh Avenue Hotel, Pittsburg, Pa.

DUCK COAT MAKERS WANTED—$5; duck coat and overall makers; steady work guaranteed. Jokerst St. Gem Mnfg. Co., 2205 Chestnut st.

GIRLS WANTED—50 pretty girls for Des Moines, for operas by Mme. Rinehart. Apply to J. C. Murphy, Parlor Theater, or to Des Moines, as above.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. 2200 N. 10th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for housework; no washing. 2808 Locust st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2430 S. Broadway.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to assist in general housework. 4139 Evans av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; good home. 1031 Park av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at 4101 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Competent girl for general housework. 1529 Hogan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at 1108 S. 7th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl in family of two for general housework. 3502 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A housegirl to do general housework; no washing or ironing. 3752 Olive st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Colored girl to do housework. Apply at once with reference at No. 4245 Lindell av.

Help Wanted—Female.

5 cents per line each insertion.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Tidy girl, German or Swede, for general housework, and girl to assist. 1212 Morrison av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A neat girl to do housework in suburban home; good pay for the right person. Apply to 220 Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—First-class girl for general housework; German preferred; call between 9 and 12. 4121 Delmar av.

LADIES for home work; good pay. Address Beatrice J. Mayer, St. Louis, Post-office.

LAUNDRESSES WANTED—Immediately, shirt finishers, collar and cuff ironers, ladies' clothes ironers and bosom ironer; take Mo. P. train to Tuxedo Park. Webster Laundry Co.

MACHINE HANDS WANTED—First-class hands on machine and hand finishing on coats. 2001 Angelrodt st.

MACHINE GIRLS WANTED—Machine girls, hand-sewers and basters on shop coats. 1518 Biddle st.; rear.

NURSE WANTED—Small, neat colored girl for nurse. 1642 California av., near Lafayette.

NURSE WANTED—Healthy wet nurse can get best kind of place. Apply immediately No. 1236 N. 10th st.

NURSE WANTED—Girl 15 or 16 years; one who is fond of children and willing to assist in general housework. Apply at 3000 Wisconsin av., rear, upstairs.

WANTED—A good girl at once; no washing and ironing. Apply at 5531 Chamberlain av.

THE LATEST FAD.

Photos on handkerchiefs; a new invention; will wash and not fade. See samples. PARSONS, 1407 Market st.

Agents Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AGENTS WANTED—Good men at once; ref. req.; free outfit; visit stores, etc.; steady work; inclose stamp. United Co., Racine, Wis.

Board and Lodging Wanted.

5 cents per line each insertion.

IF parties wishing rooms and board or rooms for light housekeeping will send their address or call on M. R. Baker, 2651 Pine st., office hours 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 5 to 7 p. m., a list of desirable places will be furnished free of charge; no room agency.

Houses, Rooms, Etc., Wanted

5 cents per line each insertion.

WANTED—Mechanic working at night and sleeping during forenoon wants a quiet, cool, furnished room in private family, where there are no noisy children. Add. X 236, this office.

Money Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

Do Not Let Your Money Lie Idle.

We constantly have for sale first deeds of trust on city real estate in large and small amounts. If you have idle money see

NICHOLLS-RITTER,
713 Chestnut st.,

And get it earning something.

Dancing.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

GRAHAME'S Select School, 1306 Olive; waltzing and stage dancing a specialty; call for terms.

Typewriters.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

THE Densmore is "good for that tired feeling." Try it and see. 313 Olive st.

Business Chances.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AGENCY—One of the leading sewing-machine companies desires a representative in this city, who has capital, business ability and experience. Address W 228, this office.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—A man with a capital of $10,000 to $25,000 can find a most excellent opportunity for a business investment, including personal service, with extraordinarily large returns and very small risk, by addressing T 228, this office.

Lost and Found.

5 cents per line each insertion.

LOST—A light colored pug dog; answers to name of Gypsie. Owner will reward if returned to 3126 Clark av.

LOST—Fox terrier bitch, all white; black spot on left eye; ears black. Reward, if returned to 822 Chouteau av.

LOST—$25 reward—Certificate No. 10 for 20 shares of the Anchor Hall Association of St. Louis. F. Bold, 6828 Scanlan av.

LOST—Since May 9, pug dog; black face and ears, with heavy collar and one bell; answers to name of Maggie. Reward if returned to 508 S. 7th st.

LOST—Lady's diamond scarf pin at Jockey Club grounds Saturday, May 12. Liberal reward if left at office of Mercantile Club, 7th and Locust.

LOST—Ladies' double case gold watch with chatelaine, monogram B. J. N. on one side and 1881 on other. Suitable reward if returned to 3801A Laclede av.

FOUND—A pair of shoes that will wear 8 months for $4. Harris-Bruner Shoe Co., 520 Pine st.

Educational.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

PRIVATE or class lessons, city or country; French, German, Italian, Spanish by experienced native teachers. Dr. A. Leteve, 1427 Market st.

WANTED—Young lady in South End wishes scholars in art; no objection to class in suburban town; terms reasonable. Add. R 235, this office.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—Full-bred water spaniel. Inquire 818 N. 10th st.

FOR SALE—Axminster carpet, nearly new, 47 yards, 15x17. Add. F 235, this office.

FOR SALE—Latest style domestic sewing machine, all attachments, $12. 1944 Sidney st.

Business for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—Fine saloon, good location. Address F 237, this office.

FOR SALE—Restaurant feeding 1,500 people per day; death in family; must leave city at once; an opportunity for business man; any price; call at once. STOBIE & CO., 104 N. 9th st.

GROCERS, ATTENTION!

We offer at a bargain for cash the beautiful stock of groceries, No. 1101 N. Channing av., corner of School st.; also at No. 3012 Montgomery st. These stocks being taken by us under chattel mortgage we are obliged to dispose of them at once. Goods are all fresh, and the locations splendid. These goods will be sold in bulk and at a bargain. Stores open for inspection after May 9. For particulars call on J. S. Smith, Scudder-Gale Grocer Co.

Horses and Vehicles.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

Wanted.

TO BOARD—A few more horses; first-class care taken; $15 per month. Address F. Behrns, 1442 N. 19th st.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Phaeton, used but little, at Keene Bros., 3900 Washington av.; city make.

FOR SALE—New and 2d-hand open and top wagons; harness of all kinds; also surreys, phaetons, storm buggies, carts; for cash or time payments. Northwestern Battery Co., 1110 N. Broadway.

MCCABE, YOUNG & CO., 1723 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's prices on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump seat buggies of all kinds.

Household Goods for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—Furnishings of 12-room house in West End full of well-paying roomers; owner leavin city. Add. F 232, this office.

Personals.

15 cents per line; Business Cards, 30 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket.

PERSONAL—K: It's a long time since I saw you, can you be at the park Tuesday afternoon. K.

PERSONAL—Will lady in white jacket getting on cars at Grand and Olive, 7:45 p. m. yesterday, and bowing to gent getting off at Vandeventer, please make appointment. Add. O 237, this office.

Personal Sundries.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ALL kinds of baths and massage treatment. Mrs. Brooks, 2204 Chestnut st.

ANDRUS' electric belt, 107 N. 9th st., cures the sick, weak, nervous, pains, aches, etc.; write.

ARRIVED—Mme. Lucy; massage mag. treatments; alcoholic baths. 2835 Olive st.; open evenings.

DR. MARY ARTHUR treats female irregularities successfully; receives and boards ladies in confinement; terms; bus. confidential. Call 2612 Wash st.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges, receives ladies dur. con.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 295 S. 14th.

MOVED—Mrs. N. Van Dyke, masseuse, moved to 2321 Walnut st.

MRS. AMES gives massage treatment and baths; new attendant. 26 S. 16th st.

MRS. GUSSIE SANFORD, 2107A Market st., scientific massage and magnetic treatment.

MISS CROWLEY, fortune-teller, 1318 N. 8th st. Ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. Call and see her.

MRS. M. EDWARDS gives massage, magnetic treatment; ladies a specialty. 2217 Market st.

MRS. PARKER gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment; 1st-class patronage. 108 N. 22d.

MRS. A. BURGER, M.D., receives ladies pending and during confinement. 2300 S. 12th st.; take yellow car at Union Depot going south.

MRS. DR. MARGARET DOSEN, the great female specialist, 20 years' practical exp.; ladies in trouble will do well to call or write. 1006 Chouteau av.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement; treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealings; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1804 Washington av.

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1081 Park av.; take U. D. cars south.

2 CENTS per yard, steam carpet cleaning. Eagle Works, largest and best, 1915 Locust st.

1000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1; 1,000 billheads, $1.50. H. B. Crole & Co., 816 Locust. 74

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $5 to $13; 400 fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $13; at Dunn's Loan Office. 76

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST?

Photographs on silk handkerchiefs, to be had only at PARSONS, 1407 Market st.

PRIVATE LYING-IN INSTITUTE

AND COLLEGE OF MIDWIFERY.
Incorporated.

The only regular institute of the kind in the West.

Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated and find perfect seclusion. Female diseases a specialty.

DR. H. NEWLAND,
2201 and 2203 Olive St.

Musical.

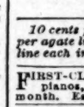
10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FIRST-CLASS new and excellent second-hand pianos, at rare bargains during balance of this month. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st.

PIANOS—Elegant assortment; $50 to $75 saved at Whitaker's, 1518 Olive st. and 2512 N. 14th st.

Money to Loan on Per. Property

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.



MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest. S. VAN RAALTE, 12 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 61

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc.; terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and Storage Co., 717 Market st., successors to J. W. Staley.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and other good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st. 21

LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association stock and other good securities. Collateral Loan Co., 108 N. 8th, room 1. R. W. Staley, Secretary.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office. 6117 Franklin av.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS Without removal at low rates; loans made on installment plan; business private; call on us before borrowing. German-American Loan Co., 515 Pine st., 2d floor.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO.

$25 to $500 loaned to responsible parties on furniture and pianos without removal, at low rates; loans made on easy monthly payments, from two to eighteen months, as desired. We give it to you in writing that we will give you a rebate in proportion for each month that you pay it in full before all the payments are due. Our plan is the easiest in the city. Business confidential. Call for particulars. 712 Pine st., second floor. Rooms 11 and 12.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1303 WASHINGTON AV., 2D FLOOR.

Will loan you any sum you desire from $10 up on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to pay the same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; or when you borrow the money you can sign notes payable monthly; the notes will include the money you borrow and expenses; each time you pay you take up a note, and when you pay all the notes you have signed you will be through; you won't owe us a cent; we also give you a written agreement that if you pay the loan off in full before the notes expire that we will give you a rebate on all notes that are not due. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payments. Call on us and we will give you any information you wish. Our office is open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Notary in office. FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 1303 WASHINGTON AV., 2D FLOOR.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

THE CENTRAL LOAN COMPANY

No. 204 NORTH FOURTH ST.,

Will loan money at the lowest rate of interest on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Musical Instruments, etc. Large stock of the above goods on sale at the lowest prices.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 615 Chestnut st., second floor.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

All Sorts.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOME BUILDING CO., Office No. 313 Walnut st. Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Kege Kramer, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses to option of applicant, on monthly payment plan. In St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

At Auction, Monday, May 21, At 2 P. M.

30 Choice Lots ON King's Highway, Page Boulevard, Euclid, Aubert and Maple Avenues.

Terms, one-fourth cash. 1894 taxes paid. For plats, etc., see

J. T. DONOVAN REAL ESTATE CO., 700 Chestnut St.

For Rent—Rooms.

5 cents per line each insertion.

RENT lists of 90 agents at the St. Louis Real Estate Exchange, 7th and Chestnut sts., for the convenience of the public.

221 S. 5TH ST.—Nice rooms for gentlemen.

513 S. BROADWAY—Nice, clean, furnished front or back room for 1 or 2 gents; $1.25 and $1.50 per week.

802 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms.

814 MARKET ST.—Furnished rooms for gent and wife, light housekeeping; hall rooms.

817 CHOUTEAU AV.—2d story furnished room for light housekeeping; $2 per week.

1021 GRATTAN (S. 16th)—2 mansard rooms furnished for light housekeeping in private family; reasonable.

1109 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished front rooms; $1.50 and $2.50 per week.

1118 S. 18TH ST.—near Lafayette Park—Nicely furnished front rooms in private family.

1121 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly furnished 2d-story front suit; 2 or 3 gents or man and wife; hot and cold bath.

1302 OLIVE ST.—Large back room, $2.50 per week; suitable for two gents; also front room.

1420 PAPIN ST.—Furnished rooms for gents or light housekeeping; $1.75 per week.

1430 PAPIN ST.—Nicely fur. front rooms for light housekeeping.

1516 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegantly furnished room; private family; breakfast and tea if desired.

1605 N. 19TH ST.—3 rooms, $12.50.

1635 MORGAN ST.—One nicely furnished room completed for housekeeping.

1740 O'FALLON ST.—2 nicely fur. rooms, or for light housekeeping.

1909 CARR ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; $5 to $10 per month.

2636 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; northern and southern exposure.

2813 SHERIDAN AV.—To colored; large unfurnished room with bath; in private family.

2908 N. 22D ST.—Furnished parlor; use of dining-room, kitchen; light housekeeping.

2920 OLIVE ST.—2d floor front, fur. for housekeeping or 2 gents; $10; bath, gas.

3224 WASHINGTON AV.—One very handsomely fur. room, 3 windows, southern ex., private family; terms low for summer months.

3958 COTTAGE AV.—Three large rooms, first floor; $13. Inquire upstairs.

4132 CLAYTON RD.—Nicely furnished front room for gentlemen.

4440 KENNERLY AV.—2 or 5 rooms, hall, bath; Cass av. and Lindell Railway; reduced rent.

5344 EASTON AV.—3 rooms, 2d floor, to a refined family.

FOR RENT—4 nice rooms with hall and bath; 17th and Lucas av., over drug store.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for couples; private place. Address E 237, this office.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, by the day or week. Northwest corner 13th and St. Charles sts.

FOR RENT—Newly furnished front or back 2d-story room in private family; reasonable price; references. Address H 2724, Morgan st.

The Ericsson, 2608 Locust st. Apartments for gentlemen; office for phys. and dents. W. C. McCreery. 506 Security Bldg.

Photos Put on Handkerchiefs,

Silk or fine linen; wash and not fade. Parsons, Market st.

Boarding.

5 cents per line each insertion.

306 N. COMPTON AV.—Handsomely fur. rooms with board; all conveniences; new and elean.

925 LA SALLE ST.—Neatly fur. house with family board for one gent; refs. must be good.

1013 GARRISON AV.—One 2d-story front and one other room; terms reasonable.

1519 WASHINGTON AV.—Fur. front parlor, cheap, with board.

2709 DICKSON ST.—Nicely furnished room with board; private family; ref. exch.

2801 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; with or with or without board; all conveniences.

2804 STODDARD ST.—2d-story front, with board.

2808 LOCUST ST.—Very desirable 2d-story front room, with best board.

3002 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely fur. 2d-story front room with dressing-room attached with hot and cold water; first-class table.

3420 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegant rooms in nicely furnished house, with board.

3853 OLIVE ST.—One elegant front room, nicely furnished, with or without board.

BOARD—A West End family can accommodate two gentlemen with or without front room and board. Address T 235, this office.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, with board and hot bath, for lady, with privileges; $30 per month. Add. G 237, this office.

SUMMER BOARD at Forest Park University after June 1; parties wishing to see rooms take wagonette Olive st. cable 3 p. m.

WANTED—Room-mate, young man, with or without board; low rent; good neighborhood; best convenience. Call 107 N. Channing av. (34th st.).

YOU R NOT IN IT

If you don't give your beau a silk handkerchief with your photo on it. I make them so they will wash and not fade. Parsons, Photographer, 1407 Market st.

Furnished Houses for Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED.

3516 Page av., 10 rooms, nicely furnished, $50; possession June 1.

FISHER & CO.,
714 Chestnut St.

Flats for Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

PARTIES looking for flats can find a complete list of the same at the St. Louis Real Estate Exchange, 7th and Chestnut sts.

Suburban Property for Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR RENT—At Jennings Heights, an 8-room house, 10 minutes walk from Wabash R. R.; $20 per month. Inquire of Philip Roeder, 307 N. 4th st.

FOR RENT—Summer home—12-room furnished dwellings in Kirkwood, with 4 acres of ground and only a few minutes' walk from depot. J. T. DONOVAN REAL ESTATE CO., 700 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Residence of 8 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, in Kirkwood, with 5 acres ground, four squares from depot; abundance fruit, flowers, shade, etc.; cheap to a careful tenant. ARTHUR MITTELBERG, 6 N. 7th st.

Farms for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

$15 DOWN—Balance monthly, will buy 15-acre farm near railroad village; neat 4-room house; rent of growing crop; immediate possession; also for vegetables, fruit and poultry; healthy location, school, store, post-office near; warrantee deed given; a bargain; inclose 2c stamp to "Owner," box 29, Mosher, Mo.

For Rent—Dwellings.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

HOUSE hunters should call at the St. Louis Real Estate Exchange, 7th and Chestnut sts., and inspect the rent lists of 90 agents.

RENTS collected closely and monthly returns made promptly. PAUL JONES & CO., Agents, 815 Chestnut st.

218 N. GRAND AV.—5 rooms, modern, furnace, etc. MOFFITT & FRANCISCUS, 703 Chestnut st.

218 N. GRAND AV., near Lindell av.—Furnace, etc., $55. MOFFITT & FRANCISCUS, 703 Chestnut st.

3129 BELL AV.—Modern 9-room house, furnace, etc., in 1st-class order, open all day.

3556 LINDELL AV.—3-story stone front, 12 rooms, modern. MOFFITT & FRANCISCUS, 703 Chestnut st.

$370 WINDSOR PL.—New 8-room brick, all conveniences, $40. PAUL JONES & CO., 815 Chestnut st.

4240 W. BELL PL.—7-room house, well furnished, from June 1 to Sept. 15.

MOVING VANS.

The largest equipment, handsomest padded vans in the city; two-horse vans, three-horse vans, four-horse vans and ordinary furniture cars for hire by load or contract; experienced, sober and careful hands; satisfaction guaranteed; estimates cheerfully given.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co., 1723 and 1725 Morgan St., Phone 2890. Down-Town Office 1003 Pine, Phone 4101.

Improv'd City Property for Sale

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

NICHOLLS-RITTER

SATURDAY LIST.

RESIDENCES.

Washington Boulevard.

4217—Elegant, new, 11 rooms; lot 25x150 ..... $10.500

4219—Lovely, new, 11 rooms; lot 31x150 ..... $12.000

4243—Beautiful 12-room house; lot 50x150 ..... $19.000

4280—New 13-room house, built for owner's own use, at a cut price ....

4347—Choice, new, 10 rooms; lot 35x150 ..... $12.500

Westminster Place.

3918—10 rooms, beautiful home; 35 x142.4 ..... $13.500

3968—Lovely 12-room house; lot 65x142.6 ..... $16,000

4066—12 rooms, lot 63x142 feet, s. e. corner $22.000

4134—7 rooms; lot 25x142.4 ..... $5.500

McPherson Avenue.

4056—Two new 10-room detached elegant houses $11.500

4060—Built by Mrs. H. D. Pittman. $11.500

Delmar Boulevard.

3836—Very desirable 10-room house; owner will not refuse any reasonable offer; must be sold. $10.000

3918—12 rooms, lot 36x143. $12.000

4431—Lovely 7-room house, detached $8.500

3892—Two elegant new 9-room detached houses; no nicer location in the city ..... $10.500 Each.

3894

4047—9 rooms; all conveniences; lot 25x150 ..... $8.000

4221—10 room, lot 35x150 ..... $14.500

West Belle Place.

4179—Lovely new 12-room house; lot 50x147. ..... $16.000

4420—Beautiful 9-room house; lot 30x135. ..... $9.000

Page Boulevard.

4468—Lovely detached house; price cut to $5.500

Laclede Avenue.

4311—9 rooms, detached; will sell on monthly payments; price cut to $7.000

Raymond Place.

5019 Cook av., 8 rooms; lot 50x127. ..... $10.000

Cabanne Avenue.

5124—10 rooms, lot 37.6x155. ..... $7.750

We do not make any charge for advertising Property for sale.

NICHOLLS-RITTER

Realty and Financial Company,

713 Chestnut Street.

FOR SALE.

4308 McPherson av.

This elegant 12-room dwelling, reception hall, furnace; all conveniences; gas and electric fixtures go with the house; lot 35x165; a bargain. GIRALDIN BROS. & CATES, 1107 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE.

3625 FLAD AV., NEAR GRAND AV.

This elegant new 12-room dwelling, built and occupied by owners; hardwood finish, reception hall, heated by steam; lot 65x125; will take $2,500 less than house cost to build. GIRALDIN BROS. & CATES, 1107 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

No. 2928 Dickson st., a residence, newly painted, papered, and everything put in first-class condition, 8 rooms, hall, finished laundry, bath, hot and cold water, with all modern improvements; convenient to three lines of cars. Any one wishing a desirable home can obtain a bargain and on reasonable terms. I will be pleased to show any one through the house and convince him of a bargain; lot 25 feet front. EMILE A BECKER, Real Estate Agent, 621 Chestnut st.

To Let for Business Purposes.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR RENT—516 Franklin av. Apply to TIFFANY REAL ESTATE CO., 415 Locust st.

Suburban Property for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—At a bargain; delightful home in the suburbs, convenient to railroad depot; will be offered for a short time at a low figure and on easy terms. For full particulars, add. D 262, this office.

Money to Loan on Real Estate

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

SHORT TIME LOANS on second deeds of trust. JOHN A. WATKINS, 105 N. 8th st.

$25,000 TO LOAN on business real estate; 6 per cent; no commissions. Add. W 236, this office.

Building Association Members

Who wish to pay off loan in building association, and make a straight loan at 6 per cent interest, can be accommodated (if security offered is satisfactory) by calling on CHAS. F. VOGEL, 716 Chestnut st.

Building and Other Loans.

$800, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1000, $1100, $1200, $1300, $1400, $1500, $1600, $1700, $1800, $1900, $2000, $2100, $2200, $2300, $2400, $2500, $2600, $2700, $2800, $2900, $3000, $3100, $3200, $3300, $3400, $3500, $3600, $3700, $3800, $3900, $4000, $4100, $4200, $4300, $4500, $5000 on St. Louis city real estate security. If you wish money to build with, sell and see me. CHAS. F. VOGEL, 716 Chestnut st.

$50,000 TO LOAN

On improved St. Louis City real estate security. Will divide in sums to suit at lowest market rates. Will also make GOOD building loans. CHAS. F. VOGEL, 716 Chestnut st.

Thousands of Dollars

To loan on city real estate in sums to suit; no delay; we are now making building loans. NICHOLLS-RITTER, 713 Chestnut st.

Financial.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FOR SALE—At a Bargain—Five shares of stock of Lachmund School Co. Apply at Room 307, Bank of Commerce Building.

Storage.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable clean rooms, low rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc., estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our cars. Telephone 4129. E. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1310-1312 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.

1723 and 1725 Morgan St.

Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos. 2890 and 4101.

City Real Estate for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

CLEAR lots and cash for equities in improved. ST. CLAIR, 4184 Olive st.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—1,000 front feet of good ground adjoining a factory and within one block of electric car line in East St. Louis, Ill. Will trade this property free and clear for equities in improved properties. E. S. GUIGNON & BRO., 304 N. 8th.

WE WANT TO STOP PAYING RENT AND INTEREST.

And can offer you 3-acre tracts well located, as well as vacant lots in exchange for a residence in the West End at a cost of not over $25,000. The properties

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

Proceedings of Interest at the Saratoga Convention.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 19.—The subject of the proposed closer relations between the General Assembly and the various Presbyterian theological seminaries, with a power of absolute control over them on the part of the General Assembly, which was sprung upon the commissioners near the close of yesterday afternoon's session, has been the subject of conversation and conferences ever since. When it was proposed to make the discussion a special order for this afternoon a member of the Board of Directors of McCormick Seminary, Chicago, objected very vigorously, saying that such an arrangement would cut off many from taking part in the debate, since they had been appointed to preach in out-of-town pulpits. The final arrangement provided for deferring to-day's regular order for 10 o'clock, substituting the two reports of the committee which has been considering these important subjects for two years.

The adoption of the minority report simply would leave things where they are, while the outcome of the majority report would be a renewed battle between the seminaries and the Assembly. Some of these institutions are already upon the proposed basis, while others are not. The success of the matter in the long run must depend upon the grit of the trustees and their readiness to fight for their independent corporate existence.

When the assembly met to-day it was with the prospect of a hot, and perhaps acrimonious debate. After the devotional services, led by the Moderator, miscellaneous business was considered for half an hour. A report came from the Committee on Bills and Overtures on reunion with the Southern Presbyterian Church. Without discussion a resolution was adopted by a rising vote and with applause, providing for the appointment of a committee of nine to take into consideration the whole question of organization with that church on the basis of the common standards of doctrines held by both bodies.

The clerks were authorized to send fraternal greetings to other churches now in session—the Southern Presbyterian Church at Nashville, the Cumberland Church at Eugene, Ore., and the United Presbyterian Church at Albany, Ore. Elder John J. McCook of New York was appointed Vice-Moderator, a new departure in the practice of the assembly.

The subject of theological seminaries was opened by Dr. Wm. U. Young, chairman of the committee. He began by speaking of the wide import of the question, suggesting that the agitation of the past two or three years had been providential and was intended to lead to a careful examination of the methods heretofore in vogue and the substitution of a better system. The speaker then went on to review the work of the committee and to explain the provisions of the majority report, claiming to have given the widest liberty to the seminaries, and to have still secured the right to the assembly to direct and control them, with full power to enforce any right that may be obtained. The principles of the report were declared to be reasonable and moderate.

The legal questions involved in the new proposals of the committee were discussed by Lawyer Thos. MacDougall of Cincinnati. He took for his text the first recommendation of the committee: "That which and all of the seminaries of this church be required to secure, at the earliest moment practicable, such changes in their charters or amendments thereto as will provide for the Assembly's control that is desired to be secured."

Seminaries, Mr. MacDougall said, are civil corporations which come to the Presbyterian Church, saying that they wish the patronage, approval and business of the church in educating ministers. There is, therefore, no reason why the church may not prescribe the terms upon which they may be received.

Dr. William E. Moore, permanent clerk of the Assembly, followed explaining the report of the minority. The original appointment of the committee had nothing to do with the property of the seminaries, but only with the resolution of the teaching forces.

Previous decisions of the assembly have been from the beginning in a line quite the opposite of that now proposed. Synods and Presbyteries have the power to establish seminaries and the Presbyteries have the right of original jurisdiction over its members and professors. In the assembly there is power of visitation and the right to remove causes of complaint. The assembly has also power of "review and control" upon sufficient information and may thus also remove abuses. The minority does not wish to bring in the civil power when its own power is sufficient to meet the requirements of the case.

Further consideration of the subject was postponed until Monday at 10 a. m.

Legion of Honor.

All members at Armory Hall to-night.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 19.—Wheat opened excitedly to-day, 1c higher, the cold weather and accompanying frosts having scared the shorts. Pardridge dealt out wheat in large quantities, but the cold weather scare was backed up by higher cables and largely in the majority. July started 1c higher at 54¾c, lost ⅛c, advanced ⅛c, and reacted to the opening price. Corn was higher on the cold weather and aided by the advance in wheat. July opened ⅛c higher at 37¼c, lost ⅛c and reacted to the opening figure. Oats firm; July, 30½c. Provisions were firm on light hog receipts and big orders from the grain markets. July pork opened 5c higher at $11.93, lost 7½c, advanced 10c and reacted to $11.85. July lard 6.85c. Wheat closed strong at an advance of ⅛c over yesterday. The buying was chiefly to cover shorts, although there was some buying for long account by Armour and Allerton. There was some realizing by Lyon and Thallheimer, much to the market's advance. The strong cables were one of the bull features.

PEORIA, Ill., May 19.—Corn quiet, steady; No 2, 36¼c; No 3, 36c. Oats active, higher; No 2 white 35¾@36c; No 3 white, 35@35½c. Rye dull, nominal. Whisky firm; high wine basis, $1.15. Receipts—Wheat, 600 bu; corn, 48,400 bu; oats, 59,000 bu; rye, 600 bu; barley, 1,400. Shipments—Wheat, none; corn, 36,000; oats, 72,600; rye, none; barley, none.

Foreign Markets by Cable.

LIVERPOOL, May 19, 12:30 p. m.—Wheat steady; No 2 red winter, 4s 5d@4s 7d; No 1 California, 4s 8½d@4s 9½d; demand poor; offered moderately. Corn steady; demand moderate; mixed Western, 3s 6½d.

LIVERPOOL, May 19, 1 p. m.—Wheat and maize—Spot at opening, better tone.

LIVERPOOL, May 19.—Closing—Wheat steady; holders offer moderately; No 2 red winter, 4s 6d. Corn steady; holders offer moderately; new mixed spot, 3s 6¼d; futures firm; supply poor; May, 3s 6¼d; June, 3s 6¼d; July, 3s 6½d. Flour dull; holders offer moderately; St. Louis fancy winter, 9s 9d. Pork dull; holders offer moderately; prime mess Western, 71s 3d; do medium, 60s.

Holiday in cotton to-day.

LONDON, May 19, 1 p. m.—Cargoes off coast—Wheat, more inquiry; corn, nothing offering. Cargoes on passage and for shipment—Wheat and corn steadier.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes:

Reserve, decrease	$1,685,450
Loans, increase	475,100
Specie, increase	196,700
Legal tender, decrease	2,027,000
Deposits, decrease	989,400
Circulation, decrease	44,200

The banks now holds $78,999,125 in excess of the requirements of the 25c rule.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Jacinta."

OLYMPIC—Duff Opera Company.

HAVLIN'S—"Chip o' the Old Block."

DEATHS.

DARBY—On May 17, at 12 o'clock p. m., SAMUEL W. DARBY, aged 39 years.

Funeral will take place from late residence, Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock, from Hermanite, Mo. Funeral private.

MATTHEWS—On Thursday, May 17, 1894, at 8 a. m., B. F. MATTHEWS, beloved husband of Margaret M. Matthews.

Funeral from family residence, 1103 North Vandeventer avenue, Sunday, May 20, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

MOFFITT—Friday, May 18, at 6:55 a. m., JOHN S. MOFFITT, aged 39 years, beloved husband of Julia Ayton Moffitt.

Funeral Sunday, May 20, at 2:30 p. m., from Union M. E. Church, Garrison and Lucas avenues.

Marriage, Birth and Death Notices.

When inserted in the POST-DISPATCH, will be telegraphed to the NEW YORK WORLD for insertion in that journal, without extra charge, when so requested.

A RAPID RISE.

A Scare of the Wheat Shorts Over Frost Reports.

ALL THE MARKETS ADVANCE SMARTLY, EXCEPT OATS.

A Stronger and Better Feeling—Large Sales of July Wheat—Crop and Weather Conditions—Items of Interest.

The frost of last night did more harm to the crop of bears in the grain pits of this country than it apparently did to the grain crops in the fields. That the wheat market was fearfully oversold at the lowest prices ever known was evidenced by its action this morning, the price climbing up the scale of value very rapidly under the stimulating influence of eager shorts who were climbing after the rather meager offerings in the pit. The buying for long account was not in it at all with the buying by anxious if not frightened shorts. Pardridge in Chicago started in to stem the auvancing tide the first thing this morning, but the buying went over him without a stagger, that market going up rapidly from the very opening. Pardridge was not as successful in that respect as was a St. Louis plunger. Frank Ryan came into the pit when July was strong at 53⅛c bid and filled up all corners, and on the call sold nearly a half million July. Ryan's sales are supposed to have been about three-quarters of a million bu. They were large enough to check the advance and turn prices down, though the close was at as material advance over yesterday. The course of wheat, it is believed, will now depend largely upon reports from the country of the effect of frost upon the crop. If there was serious damage a orge advance is probable, as the market is undoubtedly heavily undersold.

Is it possible the "blarsted" European has been "monkeying" with the smooth American trader? The late cables have had a very suspicious appearance. Yesterday they were all dullness and depression and declines, the very last cables received from Liverpool quoting extreme depression and 1½d decline. To-day Liverpool came up smiling, after what was believed to be a complete knock-out, the public cables reporting a better tone, and private advices were of 1c advance and a better demand. Such a sudden and radical change could be expected in an American market, but English markets do not make such lightning changes over night.

Winnipeg *Commercial:* The opening of navigation at Fort William has allowed of the beginning of the spring movement of Manitoba wheat eastward. The first boats cleared this week, the steamer Brazil and two or three others started East with wheat. The next will show a considerable reduction in stocks. Vessiemen are complaining bitterly over the coal strike in the states, which has doubled the price of steam coal, an advance from $2 to $4 per ton having taken place.

Cotton in New York scored a substantial advance, caused by the covering of shorts, who fear that the Liverpool market will open better than generally expected next Monday. The foreign market is still closed on account of the Whitsuntide holidays.

Dornbusch says that Russian and Argentine wheat exporters are quick to fall into line with a downward movement in prices and seem willing to accept prices hitherto undreamt of.

The clearances of wheat and flour from both coasts this week were equivalent to 2,420,000 bu, against 2,816,000 bu last week and 3,882,000 bu for the corresponding week last year.

It was in 1881 that a frost struck the wheat plant late in May, and the result was more "cheat" than wheat was raised that year.

The output of St. Louis mills this week was 59,000 bbls flour, against 48,000 last week and 47,000 for corresponding week last year.

A decrease of about 100,000 bu is probable in the local stock of wheat this week.

English farmers' deliveries of home-grown wheat this week were 35,500 qrs at an average price of 24s 6d, against 24s 9d last week and 27s 8d one year ago.

The Sessinghaus flour mill will close down to-night on account of scarcity of coal.

Crop Conditions.

Frosts last night and fears of frost damage, but few outright reports of damage, save to fruit and vegetables.

Blanchard (Io.) wires: Killing frost last night. Essex, Io.: Hard freeze last night. All garden vegetation and fruit killed. Corn in low land cut to ground.

A telegram from Springfield, Ill., says the frost undoubtedly damaged garden stuff and fruit, but it is not yet known whether wheat, oats or corn were harmed.

The weather map shows frost in Iowa and Central Illinois, and Exchange members, who live in the suburbs of this city, say there was considerable of a frost in their vicinity. The prediction is made that to-night will see a worse frost than that of last night.

The Market Record says of Northwestern crop prospects: The heavy winds of the past few days did much damage to grain on sandy land. A few fields in exposed places and in localities where the wind storms were especially heavy. The great bulk of the crop grew rapidly and through all localities, where not materially affected by the winds, the progress of the crop was satisfactory. It is seldom that the prospects at this time in May, for small grain, or in truth for any other spring crop, look so promising as now. People who are careful in their estimates say the growth of wheat is too rapid for safety, as the straw will be too soft to stand up against the violence of later heat and tendency to rust and blight. Crop correspondents in nearly all cases speak of the rapid and vigorous growth, with the general advancement, as compared with last season, or of most previous seasons.

The London Millers' Gazette says, in reference to the condition of wheat, that seldom have prospects been more promising at this season in the United Kingdom. In France prospects are very favorable. In Germany much of the new foreign wheat sown was severely injured, and in some cases 60 to 90 per cent will have to be plowed up. In Hungary the official reports say that the autumn as well as the spring crops have suffered in many districts from cold nights and dry weather. In Roumania the condition is thought has had a very prejudicial effect upon spring grain. From Russia the reports are quite favorable.

A dispatch from Salina, Kan., says the frost cut corn to the ground and where wheat was in bloom damaged it.

The Modern Miller of this date says: "The signs now indicate a very early wheat harvest. In the southern portion of the winter wheat belt wheat is heading out rapidly, and in many localities not entirely satisfactorily. Some reports of plowing up fields are heard. Chinch bugs are reported from Kansas, Missouri and Illinois, and seventeen-year locusts in Missouri and Illinois, but up to date no serious damage has been done. There was a frost that is light throughout a large portion of the winter wheat region, but was not severe enough, it is thought, this morning to injure wheat much. Corn, fruit and vegetables suffered considerable injury throughout Nebraska, Iowa and Illinois, but the extent of the injury can only be guessed at. In those States oats injury is also reported. Our wire advices of this date come from several points in each State named, nearly all reporting more or less damage, but admitting that the extent of the damage cannot be measured so soon.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price To-Day.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	52a	50@50¼	68
No 3 red	49	47¾	65 b
No 4 winter	45¼	46 a	56 b
No 2 hard w'tr			
CORN.			
No 2	37¼	37@37⅜	38@38⅛
No 2 white	38⅜	38½ b	39¼@39½
No 3			36 b
OATS.			
No 2	36	36½	32
No 2 white	36½	37½	34
No 3			29

Future Prices.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	51 b	52	51⅞	51⅞ a
July	52 a	53½@53⅝	52⅝	52⅝ a
Aug	52¼ b	..	..	53¼ b
CORN.				
May	38 a	....	....	36¾ a
June	35 b	35⅝	35⅜	35¾
July	35@35⅛ b	36	35@35⅛	35⅜
Sept.	36 b	36⅛	36⅛	36⅜
OATS.				
May	35½ b	....	....	75½ b
July	28@28⅜	....	....	28⅜ a
Aug.	24½ a	....	....	23½ b

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT				
July	55⅜ a	57⅛	55⅛	56⅛ b
CORN.				
July	37½@37⅝	38	37⅛	37⅜

July	30@30⅛ b	30⅜	30⅜	30@30⅛
LARD.				
July	6.87½	6.90	6.82½@6.85	6.87½
SHORT RIBS.				
July	6.15	6.17½	6.12½	6.12½

CHICAGO—Wheat—May, 54¼c; July, 53⅝c b; Sept, 53⅛c b. Corn—May, 36⅝c; July, 37¾c. Oats—July, 30@30½c.

Pork—May, $11.75; July, $11.82½. Lard—May, 7.15c; July, 6.87½c. Short ribs—May, 6.15c; July, 6.12½c.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow—Wheat, 130 cars; corn, 560 cars; oats, 250 cars.

NEW YORK—Wheat—July, 59⅜c b. Corn—July, 43⅜c b. Oats—July, 37⅜c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May, 54¼c; July, 56½c; Aug, 57¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS — Wheat — July, 58½c; Sept, 56½c.

Grain Inspections.

WHEAT.	In Sacks.	In Cars.	Out Cars.	Out Bu.
No 2 red winter	.....	1	28	.....
No 3 red winter	.....	2	5	.....
No 4 winter	.....	2	1	.....
Total wheat	.....	5	34	.....
CORN.				
No 2	.....	10	9	.....
No 3	.....	3	.....	.....
No 2 yellow	.....	2	.....	.....
No 3 yellow	.....	.....	3	.....
No 2 white	.....	26	1	.....
No grade	.....	1	.....	.....
Total corn	.....	42	13	.....
OATS.				
No 2	.....	9	.....	.....
No 3	.....	1	.....	.....
No 2 white	.....	6	.....	.....
No 3 white	.....	23	3	.....
Total oats	.....	39	3	.....
Grand total	.....	86	51	.....

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yesterday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	2,728,149	2,748,351	3,904,124
Corn, bu	85,615	91,567	360,345
Oats, bu	9,496	13,107	112,262
Rye, bu	.....	.....	4,998
Barley, bu	.....	.....	2,261
No 2 red w'n wheat	2,426,696	2,446,041	3,251,152
No 2 corn	56,189	61,941	253,011
No 2 white corn	18,179	18,179	83,825
No 2 oats	2,811	2,811	69,238
No 2 rye	.....	.....	3,856

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	6,248	88,320	3,010	83,059
Chicago	19,028	191,530	78,426	151,105
Toledo	12,217	600	.....	2,900
Detroit	5,940	3,568	3,000	.....
Kansas City	18,200	98,700	.....	.....
Milwaukee	10,400	3,250	.....	.....
Minn'polis	169,620	12,160	18,000	630
Duluth	6,949	.....	30,000	.....
New York	128,625	80,425	50,599	62,336
Baltimore	23,883	6,335	71,485	7,812
Philadel'a	2,320	.....	3,292	58,599
Boston	31,500	8,200	.....	.....

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 6,215 bbls; Chicago, 10,964 bbls; Milwaukee, 300 bbls; Minneapolis, 37,940 bbls; New York, 9,602 bbls and 38,380 sks; Baltimore, 348 bbls; Boston, 3,403 bbls.

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—May—5 at 51⅞c, 5 at 52c. July—10 at 52⅜c, 75 at 52½c, 20 at 52½@52⅝c, 90 at 52⅝c, 40 at 52⅝@52⅞c, 215 at 52⅝c, 110 at 52⅝@52⅞c, 370 at 52⅞c, 606 at 52⅞@53c, 340 at 53c, 60 at 53⅛c, 20 at 53⅛c, 50 at 53⅛@53⅜c, 40 at 52¼c, 70 at 53⅛@53⅝c.

Corn—June—10 at 35⅜c, 5 at 35¾c. July—10 at 35⅜@35⅝c, 25 at 35¼c, 10 at 35⅛@35⅜c, 95 at 35⅜c, 5 at 36c. Sept—5 at 36½c and 5 at 36⅜c.

ON 'CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—The contrast between the market of this morning and that yesterday morning was as marked as is that between night and day. Where there was decline, depression, dullness and gloom yesterday, the conditions of this morning were advances, buoyancy and activity. There was no much buying for long account as there was to cover shorts, and this demand was urgent enough to advance the price 1¼@2c. The offerings were rather small during the rush, but a prominent plunger came in and sold July heavily, checking the upward tendency, but not breaking the price more than 1c and the close was 1c above yesterday. The decided change in the market this morning was due more to the frosts of last night and the wintry weather conditions than to any other influence, though the better tone to the cables were strengthening factors, also. But with frosts last night in Kansas, Iowa, this State and Illinois and more predicted for to-night, snow at Indianapolis and hard freezes north, the minds of men, especially where they were short, become uneasy over crop conditions. No damage to wheat was reported but as the plant is in the milk and in a tender stage, damage it was feared might have been done. Hence there was considerable covering and the market was advanced materially. Receipts were 435,000 bu at the twelve markets and the clearances from four ports 46,500 pkgs flour and 132,000 bu wheat. The appearance in the pit of a trader who sold heavily and did not cover on the call put the market a check and weakened prices. Late cables were all higher — Liverpool 1@1½d, Paris about ⅛c and Berlin a small fraction—but these domestic markets had evidently shot their bolt on the bull side for they failed to respond to this encouraging news. There was enough uneasiness shall felt, however, over the frost and what its effect might be to prevent much of a decline, and the close was fairly steady.

FUTURES—May sold at 51⅞c and 52c, but at close offered at 51⅞c. July opened at 53⅛c, sold at 52⅝c, back to 52⅜c, to 52⅝c, to 52⅞c, to 53⅛c, to 52⅝c, rallied to 52⅞c, to 53⅛c, to 53⅜c, to 52⅝c, declined off to 52⅜@52⅝c, to 52¼@52⅜c, to 52⅞c, closing with sellers at latter. Aug had 53⅛c bid.

SPOT GRADES—Higher, but very little demand, the advance holding most millers off, who do not usually buy freely on a Saturday anyway. No 2 red was offered at 52c and on call 51⅞c was bid regular and 52c for No 3 afterward, but sales were not even salable at 51⅞c. No 3 red sold regular at 49c, and No 4 winter this side at 45¼c.

Sales: No 2 red—5,000 bu in United at 52c. No 3 red—1 car regular at 49c. No 4 winter—1 car in C at 45¼c.

SAMPLES—Received, 466 sks and 8 cars local. There was a fair demand for the moderate offerings at an advance of about 2c a bushel. Sales: Red winter—509 sks thin and musty at 47c, 275 he 3 at 39c, 192 prime at 51c, 110 choice at 52c. On East track—1 car No 4 at 46c, 1 car No 2 at 53c.

Corn—Though there were reports of corn having been cut to the ground in different sections by last night's frost, no lasting damage was feared, and the advance in the price was largely in sympathy with the upward turn taken by wheat. Foreign markets steadied and receipts showed no increase in the markets of this country, while clearances were 120,000 bu from four ports. The closing Liverpool was strong at ¼@½d advance. And domestic markets in front of their worst at the close of July here being within ½c of the top and ⅝@⅞c above yesterday.

FUTURES—Sold at 35¾c and 35⅝c, closing at latter. July opened at 35½c, sold at 35⅝@35¾c, went to 36c, to 35⅝c, to 35¾c, closing at latter. Sept sold at 36½c and 36⅜c, closing at latter. Dec sold at 36½c and at 36⅜c, no bid. Year offered at 32c, bid 31½c. No 2 white—July had 37⅜c bid.

SPOT GRADES—Higher and firm, but a tame market, there was little demand from any source. No corn could be sold to arrive, as no buyers could be found who would bid anywhere near a satisfactory price. No 2 was salable regular at 37⅜ and in F and St L at 37¼c, but offered East Side at 37½c. No 2 white sold in F at 38¾c and for East Side 39c bid. All other grades neglected.

Sales: No 2—1 car in F and 1 in St L at 37¼c. 1 in C at 37½c. No 2 white—1 car in F at 38¾c.

SAMPLES—Very small offerings, and the brisk competition for the few lots of fancy white on sale gave the market a strong appearance. Sales: 1 car No 3 light colored on track at 37½c, 338 sks fancy white on p t. Sacked lots on orders, 44@45c.

Oats—The tone of the market was stronger and as high as 29½c was bid for July, but later it was offered at that. May offered at 36½c and afterwards 35½c bid. Aug offered at 24½c, bid 23½c.

SPOT GRADES—None offered. On call 35½c bid for No 2 regular, 35¾c for I.

SAMPLES—Received, 144 sacks and 35 cars. Dull, weak and lower for the white grades, and quiet and little doing in mixed. There was more offering, and local dealers, who were the only buyers, were holding off, taking only enough to meet their immediate wants. Order buyers were out and trading was light. No. 2 white sold on track at 37c and was offered at the same in elevator but did not sell. No 3 white sold down to 35½c in elevator, and 36½@36¾c early on track, later went to 36c, and at the close several lots were unsold. Only sales of No 2 were at 36½c East track. No No 3 offered or sold. Sales were as follows:

By sample in special bin—2 cars No 3 white at 35½c.

By sample on track this side—1 car No 2 white at 37c, 2 choice No 3 white at 37c, 1 do at 36¾c, 2 do at 36½c, 8 No 3 white at 36c, 1 No 3 at 35¾c. East track—2 cars No 2 at 36½c. Sacks—30 sks mixed at 36½c, sks returned. Sks lots on orders, 40@41c.

Rye—No offerings and no bids heard. Grade No 2 salable at about 50c.

Hay.

Received, 650 tons; shipped, 107 tons. There was a decidedly easier feeling on all offerings below fancy and the market was lower to sell. For the fancy, there was a fair local inquiry and the offerings being small prices were well maintained. Choice and the grades below were in excessive offerings and buyers, when looking for those grades found little difficulty in supplying their wants at declines of 25@50c per ton. Considerable loose pressed medium grades hay has been coming for several days past, and for some reason buyers could not be induced to take hold of it even at sharp declines.

Sales this side—½ car grass mixed at $8, 1 at $8.25, 1 at $9. Timothy—3 car prime at $9.50 1 strictly do at $10, 3 strictly choice at $11, 3 fancy at $11.50, 1 extra do at $12. Prairie—1 car (storage at $11.50, 1 extra do at $12. Sacks—25 at $5.50 (paid) at $7.50, 1 at $7, 1 at $6.25, 1 at $5.50 at 39. East Side—2 cars timothy late yesterday at $13.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—Trading was very small, though the feeling was steadier and holders asking a small advance over yesterday's prices. Some inquiry for export account, but bids generally too low.

Patent	$2 75@2 85
Extra Fancy	2 45@2 55
Fancy	2 10@2 25
Choice	$1 85@2 00
Rye flour	3 00@3 15

Cornmeal—On orders, $2.05@2.10 ₱ bbl. Pearl meal, grits and hominy, $2.50@2.60.

Bran—Steady and ready sale for all offerings, which were small. Sales: Country spirits—3 cars bulk at 54c, 2 sks at 55c, 4 do at 61c, 3 do at 63c. East trk—5 cars sks (1 in 100-lb sks to arrive) at 64c. F o b barges—200 sks at 65c.

Provisions.

The feeling was easier and pork and lard declined. Only a small business was transacted.

Pork—Standard mess at $12.87½ to $12.30; on orders $12.60.

Lard—Prime steam quotable at 6.90 and choice at 7.05c

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 6¾c; longs, 7c; c'ribs, 7¼c; shorts, 7½c. On orders—Longs, 7¾c; c'ribs, 7½c; shorts, 7½c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping agr. f o b on cash orders—Shoulders, 5¾c; longs and c'ribs, 6.20c; shorts, 6.35c; boxed, 15c higher.

Country Meats—Dry salted shoulders quotable at 5¾c; sides 5¾c for light, 6c for heavy; hams at 7@8c. Bacon shoulders at 5¾c, sides at 6¾c, hams at 8@9c.

Country Lard—Quotable at 5@6c, according to quality and style of pkgs.

Green Meats—Hams from the block, 8½c; shoulders, 5¾c, bellies, 8@9c; boxed, 15c higher.

Highwines—Steady at $1.08.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Late yesterday, 10 cars chemical hard and soft Missouri sold at 3.15c, and the market firm at that price to-day, but no sales reported.

Spelter—Continues to be very dull. Offered at 3.20c, but no sales made.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—The little offering was generally selected stock and sold in a peddling way at $5.50@6 per bbl.

Strawberries—Deliveries of home-grown steadily increasing and the condition was generally good and as shippers were taking hold with more freedom and for the selections the market was firm and the movement free. Of consigned the receipts were larger than on yesterday and there was a decided improvement in the condition of the offerings. Prices were no higher, but there was a good local demand and the offerings were cleaned up early. The range was homegrown on orders in shipping condition Michaels $3, Bowaing's $3.50, burbach and other fancy varieties $4 per 24-gal case. Consigned Southern Illinois and Missouri $1.25@1.75, Kentucky $1@1.50, mainly at $1.25, Arkansas and Tennessee $1@1.25 per 6-gal case.

Blackberries—Light receipts, fair demand, at $1.50@2.50 per 6 gal. case, according to quality.

Gooseberries—Some home-grown offering, and find ready sale at $2.50@2.75 per case.

Oranges—Supply of California large and demand limited, and prices rule weak. We quote California Seedlings, $2.25@2.50; Mediterranean sweets, $2.25@2.75; Australian navels, $2.75@3.50; Washington do, $3@4 per box. Messina, $2.00@3.50 per box.

Lemons—In consequence of the warm weather, there was a better movement noticeable, but no material change has occurred. The different grades are quotable as follows: Extra fancy, $3.50@4; fancy, $3@3.50; choice, $2.50@3 per box.

California Cherries—Receipts light and demand slow at $1@1.50 per 10-lb case.

Pineapples—Supply and demand fair at $1.25@2.50 per doz.

Bananas—We quote: Selections on orders—Small, $1@1.25; medium, $1.25@1.35; large, $1.50@1.75; Jumbo, $2 per bunch.

Dates—New Persian Halloween, 60-lb boxes, 5c per lb; 12-lb boxes, 7c; 60-lb boxes, 5½c.

Figs—We quote: New crop layers, 14c; fancy, 16c; bags, 7c per lb.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts, 8,325 bu; shipments, 4,140 bu. Not much demand and not much doing, either local or in the shipping line. Prices were unchanged, but weak. We quote: Burbanks 70@72c; early rose and peerless, 65@70c; Western, 60@65c per bu track and delivered. Sales: 2 cars Burbanks at 72c, 1 Western at 65c.

New Potatoes—Receipts fair, but some of the arrivals show damage. Demand was well up to supply and excepting for damaged the market ruled steady. We quote: Sks $1.40@1.50, bbls $2.50@3. Sales: 100 sks damaged at $1.30, 300 at $1.40, 100 at $1.45, 300 at $1@1.40, 1 car at $1.50.

Sweet Potatoes—Limited offerings, good demand and steady. We quote: Red at $3.75@4 per bbl, and other varieties $2.75@3.25.

Onions—Receipts, 840 bu; shipped, 933 bu. Offerings were smaller and the feeling was somewhat better. We quote: Sacks, $1.10@1.20; barrels, $2.00@2.50. Sales: 7 bbls at $2.50, 48 at $2.47½, 22 at $2.40, 33 at $2.30, 116 sks at $1.20, 63 at $1.23.

Asparagus—Fair supply and demand at 30@40c per doz; hand bunches, 50@75c.

New Beets—Home-grown sell at 35@45c per doz; consigned not wanted.

Spring Greens—Choice round in tight supply and wanted. Flat, slow sale. We quote: Florida and Mississippi round, $2@2.40; flat, $1@1.15; Texas flat, 75c per ½-bu basket.

Green Peas—Fair supply and demand. We quote Tennessee 35@40c and Arkansas 40@45c per 1-3 bu box; bu boxes sell at 90@1.20, according to condition.

Cauliflower—Home-grown in good supply and fair demand at $1.50@1.75 per doz.

Cabbage—Scarce and very little of the offerings choice. Demand good and price firm at $1.00@2.00 per crate for good stock; poor lots, according to condition. Selections on orders, $4.25@2.50 per crate.

Egg Plant—Scarce at $1.50@2 per doz.

Cucumbers—Southern, 30@50c per doz and $7@8 per bbl, and home-grown 50@75c per doz.

Rhubarb—Choice new sells at 100@15c per doz.

Beans—Wax, 75c per doz; green, $2 per bbl.

Carrots—New, 25c per doz; on orders more.

Spinach—Home-grown, 40c per bbl.

Squash—Scarce, 50c per doz.

Kale—Selling at 60c per bbl.

Turnips—New, $1.50 per crate.

Tomatoes—Offerings and demand fair at $1.50@2.75 per 6-bskt crate, under according to quality, and $1.25@2.25 per bu box.

ON ORDERS IN SHIPPING CONDITION.

Asparagus,	small, 40c;	hand, 75c;	
beets,	home-grown, 50c;	cauliflower, $1.50@2;	
cucumbers,	75c@1.00;	egg plant, $1.50 per doz;	
lettuce,	75c per bbl;	onions, 41 per bbl; radish, red, 5c; white, 8c per doz; spinach, 50c per bbl; spring onions, 8c; soup bunches, 40c per doz; sweet potatoes, $3.50@4 per bbl; new potatoes, $3@3.50 per bbl.	

Eggs.

Received, 1,144 cases; shipped, 878 cases. The market was quiet; demand moderate and supplies ample. The best of the current arrivals sold at 8c per dozen and the average run of stock at 7½c. Southern and inferior stock ranged from 7c to 1c lower.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—Chickens ruled very firm under a light supply. The demand was only fair, but there was not enough stock on hand to supply it. Large spring chickens also sold to very good advantage, but small and scrubby stock was not wanted. Ducks sold at 5c. Turkeys very quiet.

Chickens.		Turkeys.	
Hens, per lb	7	Average stock	4@5
Old roosters	4	Ducks	
Spr'g chickens	22 @23	Av'ge receipts	6 @6½

Live Veals—Receipts large for Saturday, a large number of the receipts this morning were due to arrive but were delayed by washouts, demand slow and prices easier. We quote: Fancy at 4c, choice 3½c, medium 3c, heretics, rough and thin, 1½@2c per lb.

Sheep—Slow; fair supply. Sale at 2@3c per lb.

Spring Lambs—Large offerings, little demand and slow sale. Sales range 6@8c per lb for selections, while poor and thin less, according to condition.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—The market has shown evidence of weakness, as supplies have accumulated to some extent, and dealers have shown some anxiety to sell. Lower prices have been named by holders, but without effecting any material increase in the demand, and a further decline is looked for. Supplies are large and trade very slow, not only here but in all the principal markets of the country, and with conditions favorable for a large make the situation is anything but encouraging.

Creamery.		Dairy.	
Strictly fancy	18	Choice	13@14
Separator	14@15	Common to fair	10@12
Gathered cream	13@14	Country butter	5@7

Cheese—Weak. New Wisconsin full cream selling at 10c for twins, 10½c for singles and 9½c for young America; Southern Wisconsin, twins, 8c; singles, 84c; brick, 10@10½c; limburger, 9½@10c; Swiss, choice, 14@14½c; No 2, 9@12c.

Wool.

The same conditions as noted during all the week prevailed to-day. There was a good, healthy market for the class of wool now coming to market on the basis of 15c for choice scouring. The demand has kept pace with the receipts, and all offerings have met with prompt sale. The receipts of Kansas wool have been very light so far, but some good sized clips of Texas have been disposed of lately.

The reported sales were not so large, aggregating 400 sks, ranging all the way from 8c to 15c for unwashed and 21c for tubwashed: 16 sks Colorado at 7½c.

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ETC.		TEXAS (6 to 12 months).	
Med. combing	15	Medium	12 @13
Med. clothing	13½@14	Fine medium	8 @11
Coarse & braid	12 @14	Coarse and low	7 @10
Low and cotted	10 @11	Light fine	8 @10
Fine medium	12 @12½	Heavy fine	6 @ 7
Light fine	10 @11	Short and sandy	5 @ 7
Heavy fine	9 @10	WESTERN AND NORTHERN	
Slightly burry	10 @11	Medium	11 @12
Hard burry	8½@ 9	Fine medium	9 @10
Southern burry	7½@ 8	Coarse and low	6 @ 9
TUBWASHED.		Light fine	9 @10
Choice	21	Heavy fine	5 @ 7
Fair	19 @20	Sks, long, 15c; Texas, 10c;	
Cotted & coarse	13 @17	Tare, 8 to 8½c pounds.	

Hides, Feathers, Pelts, Etc.

Hides—Wool. Receipts light and demand quiet.

On Selection.		Round.	
Green salted, No 1	8½	Green salted, West	2½
Green salted, No 2	7½	Southern	2½

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE
718 OLIVE STREET.
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

CITY NEWS.

"CRAWFORD'S is the spot," and the particular bright and shining spot for the sale of door and window screens!! in both fancy and hardwood, and in every size!! Crawford's door screens are 1¼ inches thick, don't warp, not ⅞, as is the thickness of the screens kept by all other stores in the city keeping screens!! Crawford's do the screen business of this city, because Crawford's are the only people who understand the screen business; the others are the Jack-of-all-trade men, and master of nothing in particular, and especially the latter!! Crawford's screens are adjustable and run in sizes from 22 to 44 inches in width!! Prices are very low, notwithstanding the fact that Crawford's have no competition!!

Save trouble by bringing correct measurements.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

DR. E. C. Chase,
804 Olive street. Crown and bridge work.

MARSHALL MATTERS.

Kansas City Regiment Invited—A Very Cold Day.

MARSHALL, Mo., May 19.—The citizens of this place have made arrangements with the 3d Regiment of Kansas City to be here July 3 and 4 fully armed. They will perform sham battles, drills, etc. Arrangements for extensive fireworks will also be made and there will be two days races at the Fair Grounds. Nothing will be left undone to make this the grandest Fourth of July celebration yet held in Central Missouri.

Marshall secured the 3d Regiment over bids from Clinton, Mo., Higginsville, Mo., and Lawrence, Kan.

Yesterday was a very cold day for the season. Winter wraps and furs were freely used. On Wednesday at noon the thermometor marked 90 degs. and yesterday at noon 50 degs. It was still colder last night.

Attractions at Montesano.

Prof. Philion will give an exhibition of his marvelous feats at Montesano, May 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20. The IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE, in order to better accommodate the people, will run special trains on those dates, leaving Fourth and Chouteau Avenue depot at 2 p. m., and returning, leave Montesano 10 p. m. This in addition to the regular service, which leaves Fourth and Chouteau at 4:30 p. m. and 5:50 (the latter except Sunday) and Union Depot 8:02 a. m. and 10 a. m. All trains on the above dates as well as Nos. 52 and 58 will stop at Montesano to take on or let off passengers.

Allegation Against Grocer Walters.

Mrs. Emma Lewis, formerly Emma Rouse of Rockford, Ill., sought Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estep yesterday to obtain a warrant for larceny for George W. Walters, a grocer at 4553 Easton avenue. Mr. Estep was not in and the woman promised to return. She claimed that Walters ruined her under a promise of marriage a year ago, and then brought her to St. Louis, where she took up her abode at 111 South Fourteenth street. Mrs. Lewis alleges that she inherited $500 by her father's death, and that Walters disappeared at the time that she missed $300 of the money. Mrs. Lewis says that she found Walters, and that he promised to pay her a specified sum per month if she would remain quiet, as he wanted the money to start a grocery. Meanwhile she married John Lewis, a laborer, who she said was not a model husband while she lived with him. She states that last Friday she called with a friend at Walters' store to get some of her money and was told that he was not in. When she attempted to go up stairs, she alleges, she was ordered out.

Of the
POST-DISPATCH,
The issued regularly at 6 Price,
Sporting p. m., is THE only 2c.
Edition sporting extra to be had in the city.

Wants $50,000 Damages.

The Producer Coal Mining Co. filed suit yesterday afternoon for $50,000 damages against John M. Whitehead, George W. Paisly, Amon Miller and A. Farney. The petition alleges that John M. Whitehead was the General Manager of the Producer Mining Co. and the other defendants stockholders, and that Whitehead, without the knowledge or consent of all the stockholders of the Producer Co., sold out its entire interests to the Hillsboro Mining Co.

Home-Seekers' Excursion.

On May 29, the Burlington Route will sell, to all points on its lines in Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, Wyoming and Colorado, tickets at one fare for the round trip, limited to thirty days. Stop overs allowed west of the Missouri River. Ticket office, No. 218 North Broadway.

Ice in Illinois.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., May 19.—Ice formed last night and insalculable loss to crops is feared. Wind and clouds prevented killing frosts.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

WERE NOT DEFEATED.

At Least the Francis Men Don't Think They Were.

The friends of the Francis-Mamitt wing of Missouri Democracy do not appear to take the action of the recent convention as a defeat. The feelings of the ex-Governor's admirers are reflected in the following letter, written by John L. Peak of the Kansas City law firm of Peak & Ball:

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 17, 1894.

Gov. D. R. Francis, St. Louis, Mo.:

MY DEAR FRIEND—I congratulate you most sincerely upon the able, brilliant and successful fight which you made against such overwhelming odds in the State Convention. I did not realize the completeness of your victory until I read the platform adopted by the convention in the paper this morning. It may be truly said that while you did not get just what you wanted you plucked most of the poison if not quite all out of the resolutions offered by Mr. Bland. You succeeded in compelling the convention to indorse most heartily the Administration of Mr. Cleveland and made them declare in opposition both to silver monomentallism and gold monometallism, and in favor of free coinage of both in such ratio as will make them both equally valuable for circulation among the people. When carefully scrutinized this is almost the exact position of Mr. Cleveland and all other thoughtful Democrats upon the question. We are perfectly willing to coin as much silver, as I understand it, as we can float on a parity with gold, and this is exactly the position of the President to-day. If we could coin all the silver produced by all the mines of the United States and still make the value of every silver dollar equal to a gold dollar, I apprehend no one would seriously object to such coinage.

You have most richly earned the praise and gratitude of every Democrat in the State and in the Union for preventing the convention from adopting a series of resolutions which would have seriously reflected upon the intelligence of our Democracy and would have imperiled the success of the party in the State. Your generalship was bold, brilliant and successful, and you have won a stronger hold than ever upon the hearts of your friends. Yours truly,
JOHN L. PEAK.

Mr. Peak is a prominent member of the Kansas City bar.

SHE WAS TAGGED.

A Little Girl Traveler Taken in Charge by the Depot Matron.

A little girl about 6 years old who had been shipped by express arrived at the Union Depot this morning. The name of the girl, according to a letter which was attached to the shipping card, is Gertie Keith. She came from Fort Smith, Ark., in care of the Pacific Express Co. and was consigned to the depot matron at St. Louis to be sent to the Christian Orphans' Home. The letter gave no information regarding the child other than requesting those through whose hands she would pass to be kind to her and directing as to where she was to go. The letter was signed Mrs. Keith, but the letter did not state whether the writer was a relative of the child or not. The girl arrived at the Union Depot on an Iron Mountain train. Mrs. Fraser, the depot matron, sent the girl to 1529 Webster avenue, where the Christian Orphans' Home was formerly located, when it was learned that the asylum had been removed. The girl was then sent to the Woman's Training School until the new location of the orphans' home can be looked up.

DESOLATED BY FIRE.

A Pitiful Condition of Things at Tower Hill.

TOWER HILL, Ill., May 19.—This is one of the most desolate looking towns this morning in this section. Fire broke out in the business portion of the city, completely wiping out one block. The following business houses were consumed: Millers & Son, harness manufacturers; Dr. Brant's office, Jones & Sons' restaurant, Dutton's hardware store, Higginbotham's drug store, Dr. Shelton's office, Zearemstein's clothing store. Dean's nice, large brick building is the only business house standing in the block. The damage to this is considerable. The back door of the building is occupied by Deans & Richardson's dry goods store, the post-office and meat market; the upper floor is occupied by the Tower Hill Breeze Printing Co. and the Odd Fellows and Modern Woodmen Lodges, which stock and fixtures were more or less destroyed. The buildings were partly covered by insurance.

The origin of the fire is supposed to be of an incendiary nature, as no account can be given this morning of its starting, only it was first seen at the back part of Dr. Brant's office at 11 o'clock last night.

Threw Beer Kegs.

This morning Henry Island and Joseph Walsmeyer, two young men who live in the vicinity of Twelfth and Geyer avenue, were arraigned before Judge Morris charged with defacing property. On the evidence each was fined $5. Last night there was a wedding reception in progress at the residence of Mathew Kosargue, 1860 South Twelfth, street and during the jollication it is said that Island and Walsmeyer picked up beer kegs and hurled them against the window shutters, breaking some of the slats.

Officer Bornfeld of the Second District arrested the two men. Neither Island nor Walsmeyer recalled the occurrence last night, giving as an excuse that they were intoxicated. The Court decided this was no excuse and fined both of them.

Fr. Leydon's Case.

AURORA, Ill., May 19.—Sussia Cummings was cross-examined in her suit against Fr. Leydon, her direct testimony being left practically unshaken. Her younger sister testified that the priest had said in her presence, before the birth of the child, that he would insist on having a criminal operation performed, even if he knew it would be murder. Joseph English, the young man who when the suit was first discussed tried to relieve Fr. Leydon of all blame, and who offered to marry Sussia, testified that he had done so at the instigation of the priest, who promised to reward him with a cottage home. He denied that he had ever been intimate with Sussia. The latter received a telegram from Chicago announcing the death of the child.

The Sedalia Bank Case.

SEDALIA, Mo., May 19.—The Ripley National BANK of Ripley, O., yesterday brought an equity suit in the Pettis County Circuit Court against Cashier J. C. Thompson and President Newkirk of the suspended First National and County Recorder Pilkington. The suit is the result of Thompson's crooked methods.

According to the petition H. M. Seibert and his wife borrowed $3,365.55 from the bank some time ago, giving their note and a mortgage as security. It was made payable to Thompson and Newkirk. They indorsed it and the Ripley Bank discounted it.

Before it was due Seibert paid it, leaving Thompson to cancel the note and mortgag recorded. As the Ripley bank had the paper Thompson took a cancelled note supposed to be signed by the Seiberts to Recorder Pilkington, who placed it on record and cancelled the mortgage.

The note having never been paid is now sued on.

Order of Railway Telegraphers.

DENVER, Colo., May 19.—Over 100 delegates to the ninth annual convention of the Order of Railway Telegraphers, which will open in this city Monday, have already arrived. Tomorrow they take an excursion around the Loup, by invitation of the Union Pacific, Denver & Gulf Railroad Co. A special train for an excursion to Manitou has also been tendered by the Denver and Rio Grande. There will be a warm fight over the election of officers, there being many candidates for the position of Grand Chief.

It is proposed to remove the headquarters of the order from Vinton, Io., to a more desirable location, and there is lively competition among the cities to be represented at the convention for this honor.

"The Cottage" to the Public.

We will be ready to serve you Sunday next.

The Cottage will be rebuilt at once.

SCHWEICKARDT & HALLE.

Death of Col. Brainard.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 19.—Col. W. N. Brainard died last night after a long illness, aged 71. He was a California pioneer, and well known politician.

St. Louis' Summer Retreat.

Meramec Highlands affords a rare opportunity for St. Louisans as a retired summer resort.

STILL COMING IN.

Letters Containing Drafts and Money for "Trand, Smith & Foster."

The Post-office is daily receiving dozens of letters, many of them registered, for the firm of Trand, Smith & Foster, the fictitious firm of lawyers who flooded the country with forged Wells-Fargo Express Co. money orders. The swindler, who concealed his identity behind the firm name given, sent the money orders broadcast over the East and South. Lawyers, collection agents and banks received them and promptly cashed them, caught by the tempting bate of a 10 per cent discount. They forwarded currency and drafts for the proceeds to "Trand, Smith & Foster, St. Louis, Mo.," and one of them, a bank in Massachusetts, sent the money order to the Boston office of the Wells-Fargo Co., for payment. The paper was pronounced a forgery and the fraudulent enterprise was unmasked. There are over 400 letters held at the St. Louis Post-office, addressed to Trand, Smith & Foster, and the trained touch of the mail handlers has revealed the presence of currency and drafts in almost all of them. So far as discovered, the amounts which the collectors forwarded were $40 in almost every instance. Taking this as an average there are $16,000 at the post-office which the swindler or swindlers will never get. The postal authorities have been receiving letters and telegrams from banks and collectors asking that the remittances be not delivered. They have read the papers and discovered that they were victimized. Detective Samuel Allender returned from Jefferson City yesterday with requsition papers for Dr. James B. Breeding, who was arrested at San Antonio, Tex., on charges of being a fugitive from justice, of forgery and of using the mails to defraud, and is supposed to be "Traed Smith and Foster." He was released under $2,600 bond. Detective Allender started for Texas last night. The St. Louis police have taken possession of all the effects found at a house on North Ninth street, where "Trand, Smith & Foster" had their office. Breeding is well-connected in San Antonio.

PLEASANT PLAINS HIGH SCHOOL.

Marshall Commencement Exercises—At Laddonia.

VIRGINIA, Ill., May 19.—An unusually large and fashionable assemblage witnessed the second annual commencement exercises of the Pleasant Plains, Ill., High School which was held last evening at the Methodist Episcopal Church. The essays and graduates were "We've Reached the Bay, the Ocean Lies in View," Miss Beulah Furines, salutatorian; "Like Light and Shade," Miss Carrie Roby; "The Dream City," Miss Nellie Sutton; "Utilization of Knowledge," Miss Carrie Wilson; "Stepping Stones," Miss Hallie Harnett; "Does the Road Wind Up Hill All the Way?" James Daniels; "Young Americans' Opportunities," George Furlance; "Thumbs Up," Jessie Irwin; "The Hawaiian Question," Harry Hays, valedictorian. This is the largest graduating class for several years past.

Marshall's High School.

MARSHALL, Ill., May 19.—The fourteenth annual commencement of the Marshall High School was held at the M. E. Church last evening. The members of the graduating class were Misses Mollie Smith, Grace Neal, Nellie Casteel, Lulu Deaner, Cora Michael, Jessie Smith, Jessie McBriscoe, Nannie Nusbaum and Mr. John Patten.

At Laddonia.

LADDONIA, Mo., May 19.—Collins Academy closed its first year's work with an entertainment at the opera-house here last night. The elocution and musical programme was the finest ever given in this city. The Academy has a bright future before it.

The Evans-Casselberry Estate.

Messrs. Papin & Tontrup have issued a catalogue, a neat pamphlet, containing the plats, terms, etc., of the Casselberry sale of business property to be made by the executor, Mr. Theophile Papin, conformably to the order of Hon. Judge Withrow, in court room No. 8, who has designated the 29th inst. for the time and the east peristyle of the Courthouse for the place of said sale.

These pamphlets are being distributed from the agents' office, 626 Chestnut, corner of Seventh street.

Council and House Proceedings.

Both houses of the Municipal Assembly were in session last night.

Vice-President Ferriss presided in the Council. Mr. Kotany introduced a skeleton of the general appropriation bill, the amounts being left blank.

Mr. Wehner introduced a bill to vacate a part of Bernard street west of Vandeventer avenue in the interest of the Hemrich Coal Co.

An announcement was made that the Committee on Legislation would meet Tuesday at 8 o'clock to take up the Bethesda Home foundling bill and the Committee on Sanitary affairs Friday next at 8 o'clock p. m. to consider the milk bills.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Another unsuccessful attempt was made to seat Caspar Kraleman. Mr. Alsmeyer made the motion, which Speaker Townsend declared to be out of order. A discussion followed, but no action was taken.

Resolutions of condolence were passed to Clerk Thomas Barrett on the death of his sister.

Several minor bills were made and routine business disposed of when the House adjourned for one week.

Half-Rate Excursion.

On May 29th the MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY AND IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE will sell tickets at ONE FARE for the ROUND TRIP to points in the West and Southwest.

Fear He Took His Life.

Henry Kiskadden, a laborer, 42 years of age, left his home, at No. 4828 Bulwer avenue, last Thursday morning at 10 o'clock and has not been heard of or seen since. Kiskadden has been out of work for ten weeks past, and was quite despondent of late, because of his inability to get work, while his family, consisting of a wife and three small children, were depending upon him for the means of existence.

Highlands Inn and Cottages Completed.

Go out and inspect the "inn and cottages" at Meramec Highlands. Many of the cottages are already engaged.

Tried to End Her Life.

Minnie Davis, 24 years old, an inmate of Mattie Watson's immoral resort, at 2113 Chestnut street, tried to end her existence at 2 o'clock this morning by taking a large dose of morphine. Dr. O. H. Boisliniere of 2301 Chestnut street and Dr. Benjamin Perkins of 2201 Market street were called and attended her. She was then removed to the City Hospital in an ambulance, and the doctor in charge at the institution stated that she would recover. Despondency was the cause of her act.

THE steamer Spread Eagle has postponed her first Sunday excursion to May 27.

Dozier School Entertainment.

The Dozier School at Goodfellow and Maple avenues gave an entertainment last night at Rose Hall, Hamilton and Maple avenues. A programme, in which the pupils of the school were the participants, was very well rendered and reflected much credit on Miss S. W. Griffith, the principal of the school, and her corps of able assistants. Supt. E. H. Long and several members of the School Board attended and were much pleased at the manner in which the pupils acquited themselves. The hall was packed with the parents and friends of the pupils.

GRAND View Place, at Meramec Highlands, has magnificent picnic grove and dancing pavilion, and can be engaged by church, school and private picnic parties.

No Red Flag.

PARIS, May 19.—The Socialists have undertaken not to display the red flag at the celebrations which will take place on May 27, the anniversary of the execution of the communists.

Ginger Ale.

The Crystal Water Co.
Of St. Louis

Produces the finest, purest and most aromatic **Ginger Ale** in the world. Expert judges pronounce it superior to all others, foreign or domestic. Put up in quart, pint and club-style bottles. Try it and you will never use any other.

Office, Cor. Franklin and Channing Avs.

ESTABLISHED 1811.
CHOICE OLD
WHISKEY,
MILD, MELLOW AND DELICIOUS.

The peculiar medical qualities of Whiskey, distilled from the finest growth of rye, in the renowned Valley of the Monongahela, have attracted the attention of the Medical Faculty in the United States to such a degree as to place it in a very high position among the Materia Medica.

We most respectfully invite the attention of connoisseurs to our celebrated brand of

THREE FEATHERS OLD RYE 1866,
which we offer at $21.00 per Case containing One Dozen Bottles.

If you cannot obtain it from your Grocer, we will, on receipt of Bank Draft, Registered Letter or Post-office Money Order, deliver it to your address, by Express, carriage prepaid, to all points east of the Mississippi River, and by Freight to any part of the United States, prepaid.

For excellence, purity and evenness of quality, the above is unsurpassed by any Whiskey in the market. It is entirely free from adulteration and possesses a natural flavor and fine tonic properties.

This Whiskey is sold under guarantee to give perfect satisfaction; other wise to be returned at our expense. Correspondence solicited.

H. & H. W. CATHERWOOD,
114 South Front St., Philadelphia.

AMUSEMENTS.

BASE BALL,
New Sportsman's Park
Championship Series.
TO-MORROW - - -
GRAND DOUBLE ATTRACTION,
TWO GAMES FOR ONE ADMISSION.
Comiskey's Cincinnatis
Vs.
St. Louis Browns.
First Game.....1:45 o'clock.
Second Game.....Right after it.
Admission, 25c.
Tickets at cigar stand, Union Trust Building.

ORDER OF TONTI.

The Hearing on Application for a Receiver Postponed.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 19.—The application for the appointment of a receiver for the Order of Tonti, which was to have been heard to-day in Common Pleas Court, has been postponed until the end of the regular list next Saturday. Attorneys, who filed the first bill in equity against the order, state that some amendments to the bill would have to be made before it would be in proper shape for argument.

HE WAS GREEN

And Came to Grief as a Doorkeeper at a Concert.

There was a concert Thursday night at the Pilgram (colored) Baptist Church, on Harper street near Grand avenue, and the pastor, Dr. Alexander, had stationed at the door his wife's brother, O'Neil Rabley, a very mild-mannered young colored man who recently came to St. Louis from a sugar plantation at Red River, La. This door formerly opened on a porch, but some contractor hitched a team to this porch one day about a month ago, and when the mules took a notion to run away they tore the whole porch from the house, and for this the owner, Richard J. O'Reilly of 917 Benton street, sued the contractor for $25. Rabley was guarding this porchless portal Thursday night, admitting all who had tickets, and all went serenely until about 11 o'clock. Then Jim Adams came along and said he "didn't have no ticket, but wasn't goin' to stay out nohow." Rabley knew nothing about the ways of the hard st. Louis blacks, and when he attempted to talk back was stumped. The mouth by Adams and had his teeth loosened before he knew what was up. He had Adams summoned into the Second District Police Court this morning, where Judge Paxson fined him $5. Adams is said to live in the Chicago Flats on Grand avenue and Thompson street.

His Ribs Were Broken.

While Conrad Schwarz of 1218 Monroe street was driving a one-horse wagon belonging to Kupriet Bros. of Second street and Washington avenue, along North Seventh street at 7:30 o'clock this morning, the horse took fright while passing the corner of Biddle street and threw Schwarz to the street. Both wheels passed over his prostrate form, breaking two ribs on each side. Officer Ford had the wounded man conveyed to his home, where Dr. Sutter of 2214 North Fourteenth street attended him.

A Burated Flywheel.

PARIS, Tex., May 19.—The governor belt slipped off at Whylark's mill yesterday, and before the machinery could be stopped the flywheel, weighing 5,000 pounds, burst in hundreds of pieces, tearing great holes in the roof and walls. Fortunately, nobody was hurt.

U. S. Press Club March.

Mr. Robert Buechel, the composer, has just published a new march, which he has styled the "U. S. Press Club March," and which is dedicated to Dr. Emil Prestorius, editor of the *Westliche Post*. The music is bright, stirring and catchy and written in Mr. Buechel's happiest vein. Dr. Preetorious is proud of it, and it bids fair to become very popular.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Service,
Looks, Cost—

THESE are the essentials in Clothing. You don't have much use for last year's cuts and styles. There isn't the best of service in imitations. Out-of-style garments and ancient patterns are not much sought after. Clothing cost more to make last year than this. **The new is the cheapest. Our Clothing is new.** Cut for the season in which we sell it. Prices this season within the reach of all—and handsomer, more stylish, better tailored goods were never offered to the trade.

REMEMBER, we are the makers of it, and our guarantee is on every garment. This means very much.

BROWNING, KING & CO.
Broadway and Pine.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, by a certain conveyance in trust, dated February 12, 1894, and recorded in the Recorder's office in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in Book 1,201, page 334, made by Adolph R. Schollmeyer and wife, there was conveyed to the undersigned trustee, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot sixty-six (66) of suburb Cote Brilliante, situated in block 4506 of said city, having a front of three hundred and fifty-one feet one and one-half inches on the south line of Spaulding avenue, by a depth of five hundred and twenty-eight feet more or less, bounded north by Spaulding avenue, east by lot sixty-seven of suburb Cote Brilliante, south by lot seventy-one of said subdivision and west by lot sixty-five of said subdivision, which said conveyance was made to the undersigned trustee, in trust to hold the said real estate for the respective persons and in the respective proportions in said conveyance set forth; and whereas, by the terms of said conveyance P. J. Niederlander has and owns an undivided one-eighth interest in said real estate; and whereas it is provided in said conveyance, among other things, that each of said parties named in said conveyance should pay his respective proportion of the taxes, liens, charges or encumbrances on said property within ten days after the same become due, and that upon his or their failure so to do the trustee, or any of the other parties interested in said property, should have the right to pay the proportion in default, and that upon the payment of the amount in default, said trustee should, at the request of any other party who has advanced any amount for any person in default, proceed to sell the interest in the said described property belonging to the person or parties in default in the manner as in said conveyance set forth. And, whereas P. J. Niederlander has made default in the payment of his proportion of the amount due for the taxes, general and sprinkling, due on said property for the year 1893, and also in the payment of his proportion of a certain interest note secured by deed of trust upon said property, which said amounts so due were advanced and paid by other of the parties interested in said property, who have now requested the undersigned to sell the interest of the said defaulting party in said real estate as in said conveyance provided. Now, therefore, at the request of such parties and in pursuance of the terms of said conveyance in trust, I will on

SATURDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF JUNE, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell all the right, title and interest of said P. J. Niederlander, being and undivided one-eighth of the said real estate aforesaid, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash. EUGENE C. TITTMANN,
1037 Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, Frank O. Nohl and Lillie Nohl, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated the 18th day of October, 1893, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds, in and for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in Book No. 1182, at page 283, conveyed to William F. Woerner in trust, the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit—Lot number twenty-five (25) of Reber's sub-division in block 4069 of the city, fronting fifty (50) feet on the south line of South Reber place, by a depth southwardly of two hundred (200) feet, one (1) inch to the dividing line in said block, to-wit, to the northern line of lot fourteen (14), which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of all of said notes in said deed described, and the same are still unpaid, now, therefore, at the demand of the legal holders of said notes, and in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will sell the above described property at public sale to the highest bidder for cash at the east front door of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, on

MONDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1894, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, for the purposes of said trust. The said property is subject to a prior deed of trust for $500, now due. WM. F. WOERNER, Trustee.
St. Louis, Mo., May 17, 1894. 1039

ASSIGNMENT of Sartore & Dungey—Assignee's Sale—The undersigned Chester A. Sartore and Dungey hereby gives public notice that in pursuance of an order of the Saint Louis Circuit Court, he will on

TUESDAY, THE 22D DAY OF MAY, 1894, at the hour of 12 noon, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of Saint Louis, Mo., sell to the highest bidder for cash all the accounts and bills receivable of said estate. A list of same full particulars in regard thereto can be had at my office 1118 North Broadway.

CHARLES W. CHILTON,
1038 Assignee Sartore & Dungey.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE—Default having been made in the payment of certain notes described in a certain chattel mortgage, dated March 7, 1893, executed and given by Hermann Knechts to the undersigned, A. Lammers, mortgagee, duly recorded in Book P. P. 186, page 383, of the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri; now, therefore, notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the terms and provisions of said mortgage, the undersigned mortgagee will, on

TUESDAY, THE 22D DAY OF MAY, 1894, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, at the premises known as No. 400 South Main street, in the City of St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described personal property situated at the premises known as Nos. 400, 402, 404 and 406 South Main street, in said city of St. Louis, to-wit: The saloon fixtures consisting of all chairs, tables, water coolers, ice boxes, stoves, beer faucets, glassware, counters, cash register, cup heaters, pictures on and off the walls, horns and ornaments on walls now contained in said saloon, on first floor No. 400, viz.: all tables, chairs, gas stoves, wash-boilers and looking-glasses. On first floor 404, dining-room complete, viz.: 52 chairs, 5 tables, about 500 cups, saucers, plates, soup plates, knives and forks, glassware, all kitchen utensils, such as pots, kettles, ice-box, large range complete. In house 406, first floor, wash-room complete, such as tubs, irons, washing machines, signs, etc.; 400 and 402, second floor and third floor, 24 beds, 4 tables, 11 chairs, 2 washstands, lamps in rooms and halls, and stoves in said rooms. On second floor of house 404: Three double beds, and self-feeding stove, 2 bureaus and washstand, 2 wardrobes, one sofa and ice box, 8 chairs, 3 tables, carpets and pictures, clocks, gasoline stove, hanging lamp, 1 safe, 2 mattresses, 1 dresser, washstand and stove. In rear 406, first floor, 20 beds, 15 chairs, stove and 2 tables; second floor, 406: 7 beds, 2 tables, 2 washstands, 3 looking-glasses, 5 chairs; and all other personal property now contained at said premises.

A. LAMMERS, Mortgagee.
St. Louis, Mo., May 14, 1894. 1031

TRUSTEE'S SALE of Real Estate—Whereas, James T. Watson and Sophia Watson, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated fourteenth of April, A. D. 1891, and recorded in book 1008 at page 311 of the City of St. Louis, Recorder's office, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to wit: The most western nineteen (19) feet and nine (9) inches of lot number eighteen (18) of block number four (4) of George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis and in city block numbered nineteen hundred and thirty-nine (1939) of the city of St. Louis; said lot is bounded north by Kossuth avenue, west by Grove street, south by alley and east by a line through the center of partition wall of houses numbers 2914 and 2916 Kossuth avenue and improved with a two-story brick house with basement and known as number 2916 Kossuth avenue, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and whereas the principal note and last interest note have become due and remain unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF JUNE, 1894, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

MARTROM D. LEWIS, Trustee.
St. Louis, May 10, 1894. 1004

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an Alias execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1894, of said court and to me directed, in favor of Charles Boudder, Public Administrator, in charge of the estate of Charles Schlueter, deceased, and against Frank Muessenfechter and William Schlueter, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, William Schlueter, of in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: Four lots of ground in Schaumburg's addition to said city, a plat of which addition is on file in the Recorder's office of said city, viz: Lots 46, 47, 48 and 49, on the plat of said addition, containing together a front of 100 feet on the west side of Ninth street, alias North Fourteenth street, by 140 feet in depth westwardly to an alley, being the same property acquired by Chas. Schlueter, now deceased, by deed recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis City, in book 197, page 528, and an interest in which was acquired by William Schlueter under the will of said Charles Schlueter, now deceased. Also a lot of ground beginning at a point in the northwest intersection of Spring and Fourteenth streets; thence westwardly on the north line of Spring street 140 feet to an alley 20 feet wide; thence northwardly on said alley 50 feet; thence eastwardly and parallel to Spring street 140 feet to a point on the west line of Fourteenth street; thence southwardly on the west line of Fourteenth street 50 feet to the beginning; it being the same property an interest in which was acquired by William Schlueter under the will of Charles Schlueter, deceased, who acquired title by deeds recorded in Recorder's office, book 314, page 369, and book 309, page 464, and I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF MAY, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant, William Schlueter, of, in and to the above described property, by virtue of said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., May 7, 1894. 985

ADMINISTRATOR DE BONIS NON—Sale of real estate. Notice is hereby given that the administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of the estate of Catherine Donohue, deceased, and in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, made at its March term, A. D. 1894, I will, on

MONDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF MAY, 1894, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, expose to sale at public vendue or outcry to the highest bidder at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, all of the right, title and interest of deceased in and to the following described real estate, lying and being situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

A lot of ground in block number nine hundred and thirty-seven (937) of the city of St. Louis, having a front of twenty-one feet and six inches (21.6) on the south line of Franklin avenue by a depth southwardly of one hundred and forty-four feet seven and one-half inches (144.7½) to an alley 20 feet wide and bounded on the east by a line sixty-five feet (65) west and parallel with Twenty-first street, with the two-story brick building No. 2106 Franklin avenue.

Terms of sale cash. Sale made subject to the approval of Probate Court. For further particulars inquire at my office. GARRARD STRODE,
Administrator d. b. n. of Catherine Donohue, Deceased. (892) Office 804½ Chestnut st.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas, by his deed of trust, dated March 11, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 1013, page 19, John K. McDonald did convey to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described real estate in said city of St. Louis, to-wit: Commencing at a point on the west line of Florence (Bell) avenue, sixteen feet and one inch (16 ft. 1 in.) north of the northeast corner of lot six (6), running southwardly along the west line of Florence avenue thirty-three feet six inches (33 ft. 6 in.), to a point five inches south of the south line of lot eight (8) thereof, and parallel with said line one hundred and ninety (190) feet to an alley 20 feet wide; thence north along the east line of said alley 33 feet 6 inches; thence east and parallel with the north line of said lot one hundred and ninety feet to the point of beginning, being in lot six (6) of said Florida's subdivision of the north part of block 4534 of said city of St. Louis, which conveyance was made in trust to secure two principal notes and certain interest notes in said deed specified; and, whereas, the last of said principal notes in said deed described has become due and unpaid, and said George did refuse to execute the powers of sale in him vested by said deed, and the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis did likewise refuse to act as trustee therein, whereupon the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis did on the 29th day of April, 1894, duly appoint the undersigned as trustee in lieu and stead of said original trustee and of said Sheriff. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, the undersigned will, on

THURSDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF MAY, 1894, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, sell the property above described at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said trust and the expense of this sale.

LUBKE & MUENCH, Attorneys. OSCAR STIFEL, Trustee.
May 8, 1894. 988

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION—George M. Block, administrator of the estate of Rose M. Dennett, Jessie L. S. Dennett, a minor, and Charles M. P. Dennett, a minor, and the St. Louis Trust Co., curator of said minors, vs. Christine Dennett, April term, 1894, in the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, Cause No. 90,608.

By virtue and authority of a renewed order of sale made and entered by said Circuit Court in the above entitled cause, dated Thursday, April 5, 1894, I will, on Thursday, the 24th day of May, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot No. 8 of block No. 1986, of said city of St. Louis, containing a front of 25 feet on the east line of Leonard avenue by a depth of 115 feet to an alley, bounded north by lot No. 7, south by lot No. 9